

Features

- Wide 4 : 1 Input Voltage Range(9~36V,18~75V)
- High Efficiency up to 89%
- Remote On/Off
- Input / Output Isolation Voltage: 1.5K VDC
- Extended Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to+85°C
- Output Short Circuit Protection:
Hiccup, continuous & Auto Recovery
- Over Voltage Protection: Clamp Mode
- Shielded Metal Case with Insulated Baseplate
- Lead Free Design, RoHS Compliant
- 6 pin DIP Package with Industry-Standard Footprint
- Standard 1"X1" Package
- Customer Design Available
- Safety Standard / Approval : IEC / EN 60950-1



Description

The BRA15W Series are isolated 15W DC/DC converters. Designed with highly efficiency, allow the operating temperature range of these units to be -40°C to +85°C (with derating) in a 6 pin DIP package with industry-standard footprint. Further features include wide 4 : 1 input voltage range, remote on/off control, trimmable output, short-circuit protection and over voltage protection.

Applications

These converters are well suitable for battery operated equipment, measurement equipment, telecom, wireless network, Industry control system, everywhere where isolated, tightly regulated voltages and compact size are required.

Technical Specification

All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25°C unless otherwise stated.

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA)		Input Current (mA)		Eff. (2) (%)	Capacitive Load, max. (3) (uF)
			Min. Load (1)	Full. Load	No Load	Full Load		
BRA15-24S0W	9~36V Nominal:24V	3.3	0	4000	59	671	86	12000
BRA15-24S1W		5.0	0	3000	53	744	88	6000
BRA15-24S2W		12	44	1300	56	783	87	2000
BRA15-24S3W		15	0	1000	59	753	87	1200
BRA15-24D1W		±5	33	±1500	49	772	85	±3000
BRA15-24D2W		±12	0	±625	58	753	87	±1000
BRA15-24D3W		±15	20	±500	60	753	87	±600
BRA15-48S0W	18~75V Nominal:48V	3.3	0	4000	27	335	86	12000
BRA15-48S1W		5.0	0	3000	24	368	89	6000
BRA15-48S2W		12	0	1300	28	382	89	2000
BRA15-48S3W		15	0	1000	29	368	89	1200
BRA15-48D1W		±5	0	±1500	23	386	85	±3000
BRA15-48D2W		±12	0	±625	28	372	88	±1000
BRA15-48D3W		±15	0	±500	30	368	89	±600

Input Specifications		
Input Voltage	24V nominal input	9-36V
	48V nominal input	18-75V
Input filter		Pi Type
Input surge voltage (100ms max.)	24V nominal input	50V
	48V nominal input	100V
Input reflected ripple current	Nominal Vin and full load	60mA _{p-p} max.
Start up time	Nominal Vin and constant resistive load	72ms typ.
Remote ON/OFF	Converter: ON	Open or $3.5V < V_r < 12V$
	Converter: OFF	Short ⁽⁴⁾ or $0V < V_r < 0.7V$
Sourcing current of remote control pin	Nominal Vin	< 0.2 mA
Idle input current (at Remote OFF state)	Nominal Vin	< 12 mA
Environmental Specifications		
Operating ambient temperature		-40 °C to +85 °C (with derating)
Maximum case temperature		+105 °C max.
Storage temperature range		-55 °C to +125 °C
Relative humidity		95% RH max.
Temperature coefficient		±0.02% / °C max.
Output Specifications		
Output power		15 Watts max.
Voltage accuracy	Full load and nominal Vin	±1%
Minimum load		See table
Line regulation	LL to HL at full load	±1.0%
	25% load to full load	Single ±1.0%
Load Regulation	Balanced load	Dual ±0.5%
	Unbalanced load 25% to 100% full load	±5%
Ripple and Noise	20MHz bandwidth	80mV _{p-p} max.
Over voltage protection (Zener Diode Clamp)	3.3V _{out} models	3.9V
	5V _{out} models	6.2V
	12V _{out} models	15V
	15V _{out} models	18V
Capacitive load		See table
Over load protection	% of full load at nominal input	110% min.
Short circuit protection		Hiccup, continuous (Auto Recovery)
Transient response settling time	50% load step change	560µs max.
Transient response over shoot	di/dt=0.8A/µs	≤ ±5% of V _o (≤ ±6% for 3.3V _{out})

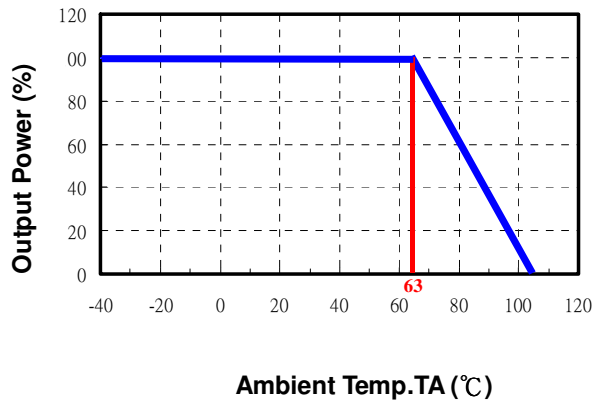
General Specifications

Efficiency	Nominal input	See table
Isolation voltage	Input to output	1500VDC
Isolation resistance	500VDC	10 ⁹ Ohms min.
Isolation capacitance		550pF typ.
Switching frequency		330kHz typ.
Reliability, calculated MTBF		1.58 × 10 ⁶ Hrs

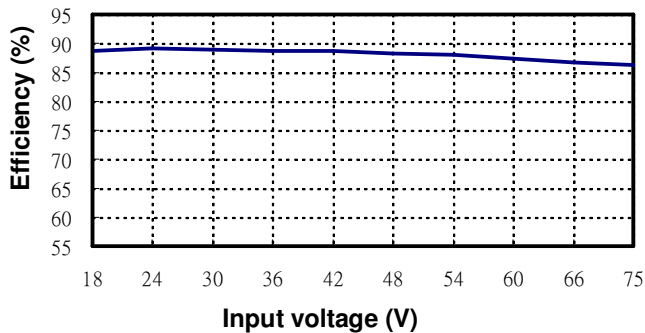
Physical Specifications

Case material	Nickel-coated copper
Base material	FR4 PCB
Potting material	Silicon rubber (UL94V-0)
Dimensions	1.0 × 1.0 × 0.4 Inch (25.4 × 25.4 × 10.2 mm)
Weight	19.2g (0.68oz) typ.

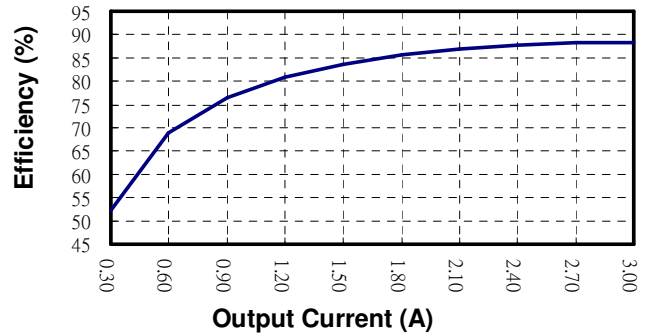
**BRA15W Series
Power Derating Curve(5)**



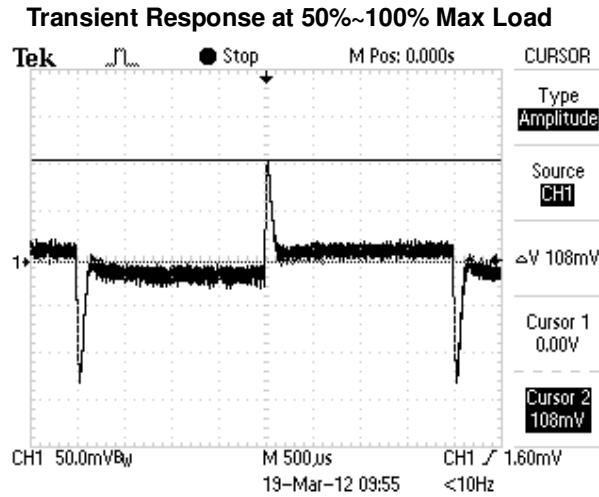
**BRA15-48S1W
Input voltage vs. Efficiency**



**BRA15-48S1W
Output Current vs. Efficiency**

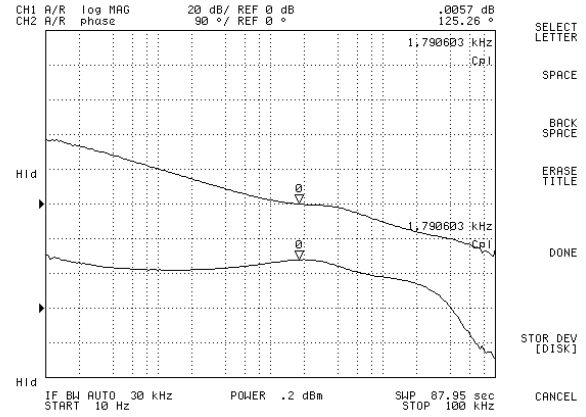


BRA15-48S1W



BRA15-48S1W

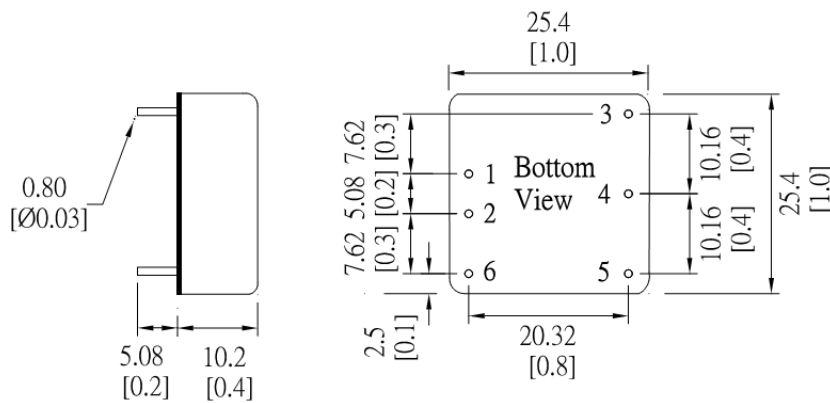
Loop Gain & Phase at Vi=48V, Full Load



Note

1. Io below this value will not damage these converters, however, they may not meet all listed specifications.
2. Typical value, tested at nominal input and full load.
3. For each output.
4. Short to -Vin (Pin 2).

Mechanical Dimensions



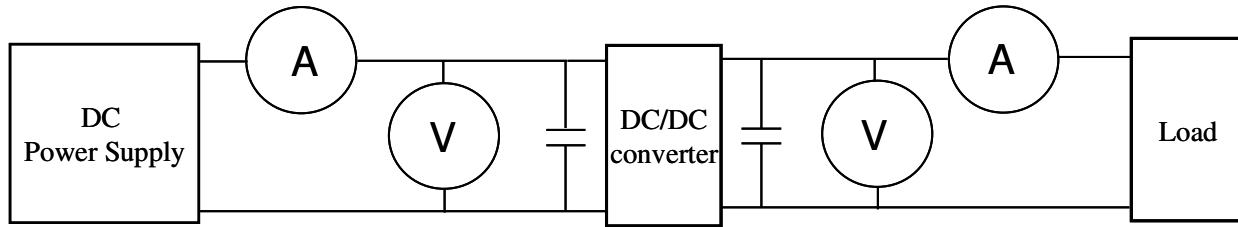
Pin Assignment		
Pin	Single	Dual
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
3	+Vout	+Vout
4	Trim	Common
5	-Vout	-Vout
6	Remote On/Off (optional)	

Unit: mm [inch]
Tolerance: ±0.5 [0.02]

Specifications subject to change without noticed.

Test Configurations

All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25°C unless otherwise stated.



- ⊙DC Power Supply: It offers a wide voltage and current range precisely.
- ⊙Current meter (A): Accuracy → 200μA ~ 200mA 4 ranges $\pm(0.2\% \text{ rdg} + 2 \text{ digits})$
2000mA ~ 20A 2 ranges $\pm(0.3\% \text{ rdg} + 2 \text{ digits})$.
- ⊙Voltage meter (V): Accuracy → $\pm(0.03\% \text{ rdg} + 4 \text{ digits})$.
- ⊙Load: At full load.
- ⊙Wires: The resistance of the wires must be small.

1. Input voltage range: Narrow input voltage range ($\pm 10\%$)、wide input voltage range (2:1 and 4:1)。

EX: Narrow input voltage range ($\pm 10\%$)

5V nominal input	→	4.5~5.5V
12V nominal input	→	10.8~13.2V
24V nominal input	→	21.6~26.4V

Wide input voltage range 2:1

5V nominal input	→	4.5~9V
12V nominal input	→	9~18V
24V nominal input	→	18~36V
48V nominal input	→	36~75V

Wide input voltage range 4:1 (W)

24V nominal input	→	9~36V
48V nominal input	→	18~75V

2. Input power :

$$P_{in} = V_{in} \times I_{in}$$

V_{in} : Input voltage
 I_{in} : Input current

3. Output power :

$$P_{out} = V_{out} \times I_{out}$$

V_{out} : Output voltage
 I_{out} : Output current

4. Efficiency :

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}} \times 100\%$$

P_{out} : Output power
 P_{in} : Input power

5. Voltage accuracy:

$$\frac{|V_{out} - V_{out(nominal)}|}{V_{out}} \times 100\%$$

V_{out} : Output voltage
 $V_{out(nominal)}$: Nominal output voltage

6. **Line regulation:** (1) Wide input voltage range and regulated output voltage series.

$$\frac{|V_{out(LL)} - V_{out(HL)}|}{V_{out(LL)}} \times 100\%$$

LL: Low Line input voltage
HL: High Line input voltage

(2) Narrow input voltage range ($\pm 10\%$) and unregulated output voltage series.

$$\text{Line regulation} = \left| \frac{\Delta V_{out}}{\Delta V_{in}} \right|$$

$$\Delta V_{out} = \frac{V_{out(+10\%)} - V_{out(-10\%)}}{V_{out}} \times 100\%$$

$V_{out(+10\%)}$: Output voltage at $V_{in} = 1.1 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$ & full load

$V_{out(-10\%)}$: Output voltage at $V_{in} = 0.9 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$ & full load

V_{out} : Output voltage at $V_{in} = V_{in}(\text{nominal})$ & full load

$$\Delta V_{in} = \frac{V_{in(+10\%)} - V_{in(-10\%)}}{V_{in}(\text{nominal})} \times 100\%$$

$V_{in(+10\%)}$: Input voltage = $1.1 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$

$V_{in(-10\%)}$: Input voltage = $0.9 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$

$V_{in}(\text{nominal})$: Nominal Input voltage

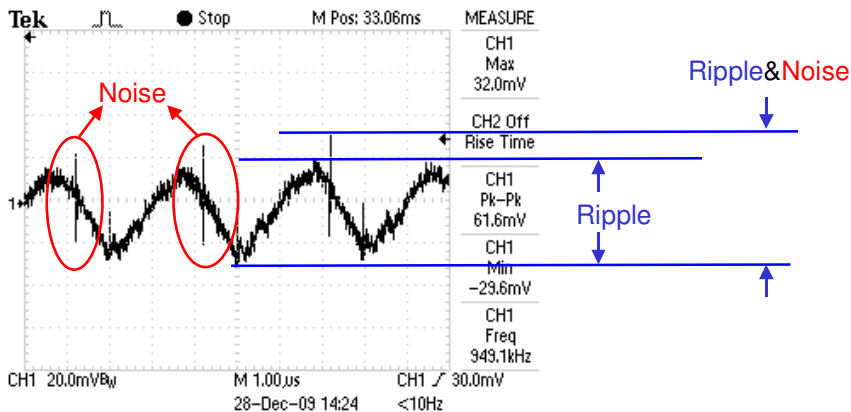
7. **Load regulation :**

$$\frac{|V_{out(FL)} - V_{out(NL)}|}{V_{out(FL)}} \times 100\%$$

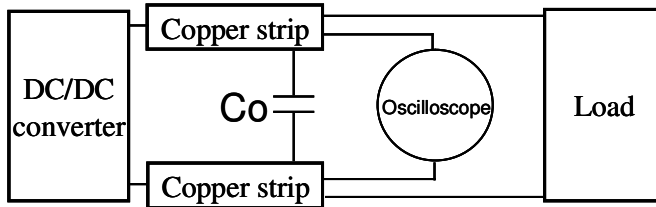
$V_{out(FL)}$: Output voltage at full load

$V_{out(NL)}$: Output voltage at 25% full load or 10% full load

8. **Ripple and Noise:** as shown below. The bandwidth is 0-20MHz.

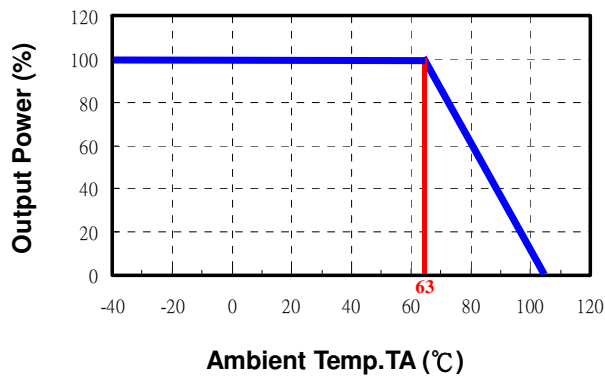


Output Ripple&Noise measurement test circuit: as shown below.



C_o : usually 0.47uF.

9. [Temperature derating curve](#): The DC-DC converter will operate over a wider temperature range if less power is drawn from the output and the device is already running. The temperature derating curve shows the operating power-temperature range. As shown below.



10. [Switching frequency](#): The nominal operating frequency of the DC-DC converters.
11. [Input to output isolation](#): The dielectric breakdown strength test between input and output circuits. This is the isolation voltage the device is capable of withstanding for a specified time, usually 1 second or 1 minute.