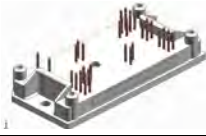
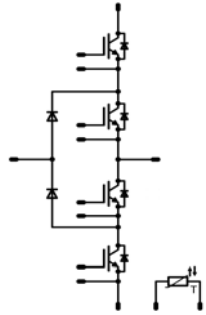


flowNPC 1	600V/150A
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #000080; color: white; margin: 0;">Features</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Neutral-point-Clamped inverter Compact flow1 housing Low Inductance Layout </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #000080; color: white; margin: 0;">Target Applications</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> UPS Motor Drive Solar inverters </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #000080; color: white; margin: 0;">Types</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10-F106NIA150SA-M136F </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-bottom: 10px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #000080; color: white; margin: 0;">flow1 housing</p>  </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p style="text-align: center; background-color: #000080; color: white; margin: 0;">Schematic</p>  </div>

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Buck IGBT				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	109 144	A
Pulsed collector current	$I_{C,pulse}$	t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$	450	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	166 251	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	6 360	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j,max}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	300	A
Buck Diode				
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	62 82	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by $T_{j,max}$ $T_c=100^\circ\text{C}$	450	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{j,max}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	74 112	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	$T_{j,max}$		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Maximum Ratings

$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value	Unit
Boost IGBT				
Collector-emitter break down voltage	V_{CE}		600	V
DC collector current	I_C	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	100 134	A
Pulsed collector current	I_{Cpuls}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	450	A
Power dissipation per IGBT	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	151 228	W
Gate-emitter peak voltage	V_{GE}		± 20	V
Short circuit ratings	t_{SC} V_{CC}	$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$	6 360	μs V
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Turn off safe operating area		$T_j \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CE} \leq V_{CES}$	300	A

Boost Inverse Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	91 121	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	300	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	123 187	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Boost Diode

Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	V_{RRM}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	600	V
DC forward current	I_F	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	98 129	A
Repetitive peak forward current	I_{FRM}	t_p limited by T_{jmax}	300	A
Power dissipation per Diode	P_{tot}	$T_j=T_{jmax}$ $T_h=80^\circ\text{C}$ $T_c=80^\circ\text{C}$	135 205	W
Maximum Junction Temperature	T_{jmax}		175	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Properties

Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-40...+125	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operation temperature under switching condition	T_{op}		-40...+($T_{jmax} - 25$)	$^\circ\text{C}$

Insulation Properties

Insulation voltage	V_{is}	$t=2\text{s}$ DC voltage	4000	V
Creepage distance			min 12,7	mm
Clearance			min 12,7	mm

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit	
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Buck IGBT										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	VCE=VGE			0,0024	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1,05	1,57 1,73	1,85	V
Collector-emitter cut-off current incl. Diode	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			60	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			1,4	μA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$ $R_{goff}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		161		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		162		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		24		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		28		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		221		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}	$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		249						
Input capacitance	C_{es}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		9240		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	f=1MHz	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		576		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							274		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}		15	480	150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		940		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 0,81 \text{ W/mK}$						0,574		K/W
Buck Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1,2	1,69 1,75	1,9	V
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		150		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		178		
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		119		
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)max/dt$					$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		148		
Reverse recovered energy	Erec					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		8,6		
		$T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		13,7						
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 0,81 \text{ W/mK}$						1,288		K/W

Note: All characteristic values are related to gates of parallel IGBTs connected together

Characteristic Values

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				Value			Unit	
		V_{GE} [V] or V_{GS} [V]	V_r [V] or V_{CE} [V] or V_{DS} [V]	I_c [A] or I_F [A] or I_D [A]	T_j	Min	Typ	Max		
Boost IGBT										
Gate emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$V_{CE}=V_{GE}$			0,0024	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	5	5,8	6,5	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_{CE(sat)}$		15		150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1,05	1,57 1,73	1,85	V
Collector-emitter cut-off incl diode	I_{CES}		0	600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			60	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}		20	0		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			1,4	μA
Integrated Gate resistor	R_{gint}							none		Ω
Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$R_{goff}=4 \Omega$ $R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		160 159		ns
Rise time	t_r					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		27 30		
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		224 248		
Fall time	t_f					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		75 99		
Turn-on energy loss per pulse	E_{on}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		1,08 1,68		
Turn-off energy loss per pulse	E_{off}	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		4,35 5,94						mWs
Input capacitance	C_{ies}							9240		pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}	$f=1\text{MHz}$	0	25		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		576		
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}							274		
Gate charge	Q_{Gate}		15	480	150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$		940		nC
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 0,81 \text{ W/mK}$						0,630		K/W
Boost Inverse Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$	1,2	1,68 1,68	1,9	V
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 0,81 \text{ W/mK}$						0,771		K/W
Boost Diode										
Diode forward voltage	V_F				150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	1,2	1,68 1,68	1,9	V
Reverse leakage current	I_r			600		$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$			60	μA
Peak reverse recovery current	I_{RRM}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		131 166		A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$R_{gon}=4 \Omega$	± 15	350	150	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		121 151		ns
Reverse recovered charge	Q_{rr}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		7,6 14,4		μC
Peak rate of fall of recovery current	$di(rec)_{max}/dt$					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		3810 1668		A/ μs
Reverse recovery energy	E_{rec}					$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$		2,20 4,14		mWs
Thermal resistance chip to heatsink per chip	$R_{th,JH}$	Thermal grease thickness $\leq 50\mu\text{m}$ $\lambda = 0,81 \text{ W/mK}$						0,701		K/W
Thermistor										
Rated resistance	R					$T=25^\circ\text{C}$		22000		Ω
Deviation of R100	$\Delta R/R$	$R_{100}=1486 \Omega$				$T=100^\circ\text{C}$	-5		5	%
Power dissipation	P					$T=25^\circ\text{C}$		200		mW
Power dissipation constant						$T=25^\circ\text{C}$		2		mW/K
B-value	B(25/50)	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T=25^\circ\text{C}$		3950		K
B-value	B(25/100)	Tol. $\pm 3\%$				$T=25^\circ\text{C}$		3996		K
Vincotech NTC Reference									B	

Buck

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

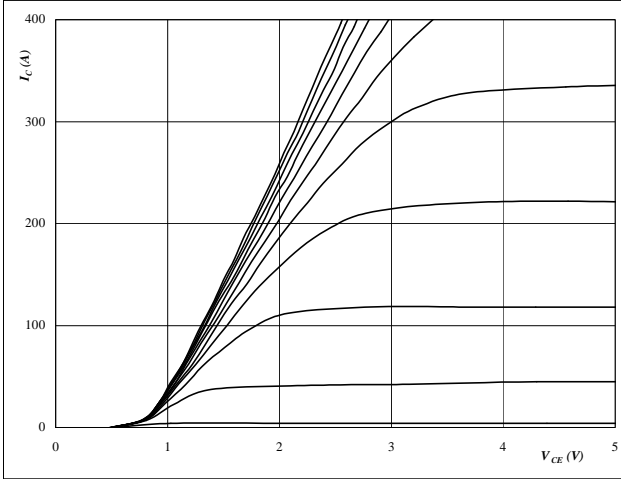

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

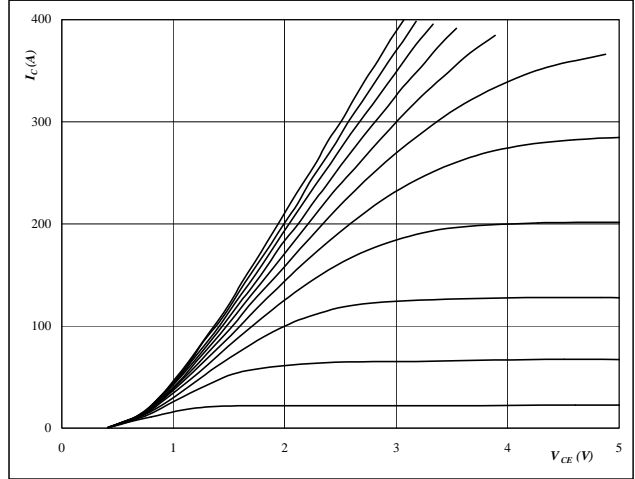
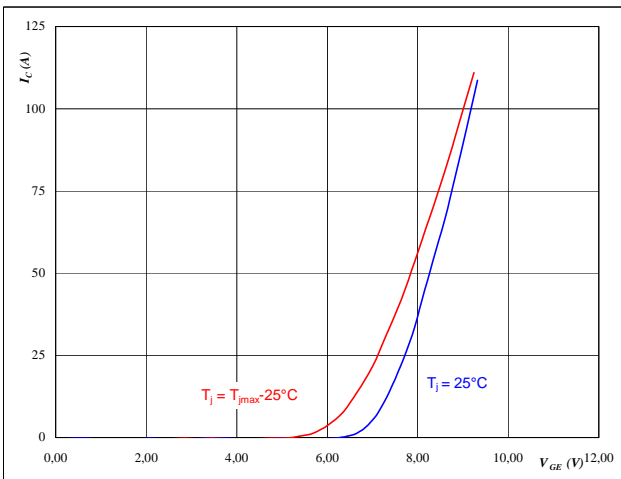

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

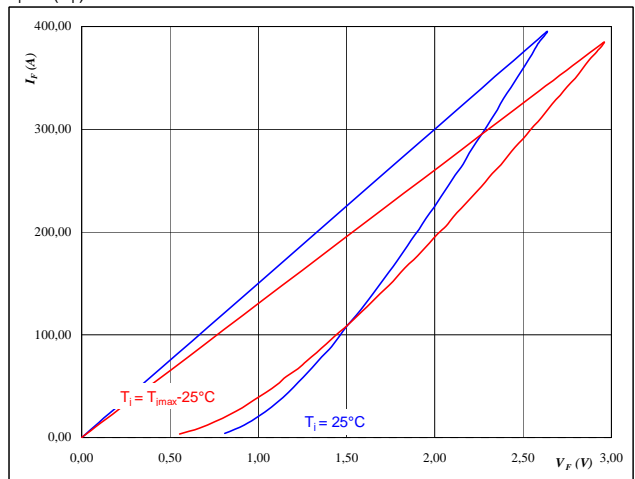
Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$
Figure 4 FRED

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

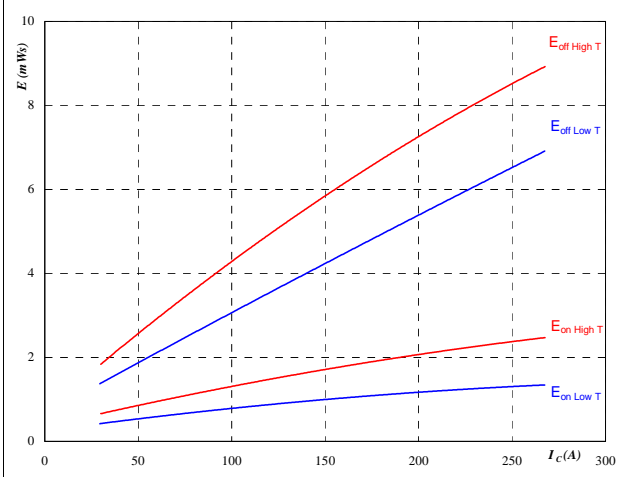
$I_F = f(V_F)$


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

Buck

Figure 5 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current
 $E = f(I_C)$

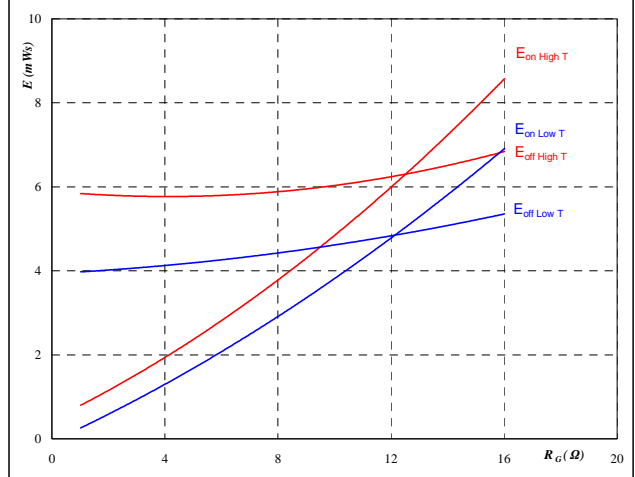


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	175	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω

Figure 6 IGBT

Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor
 $E = f(R_G)$

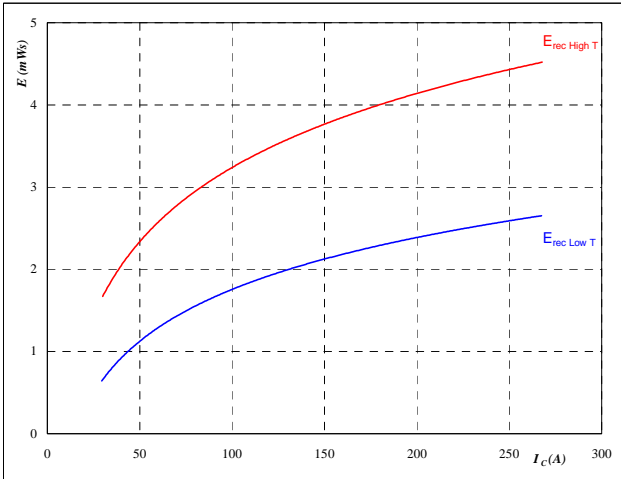


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	175	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	150	A

Figure 7 FRED

Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of collector current
 $E_{rec} = f(I_C)$

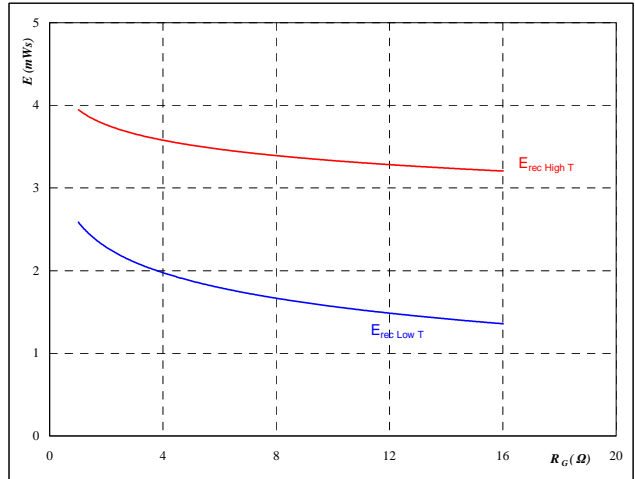


With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	175	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 8 FRED

Typical reverse recovery energy loss as a function of gate resistor
 $E_{rec} = f(R_G)$



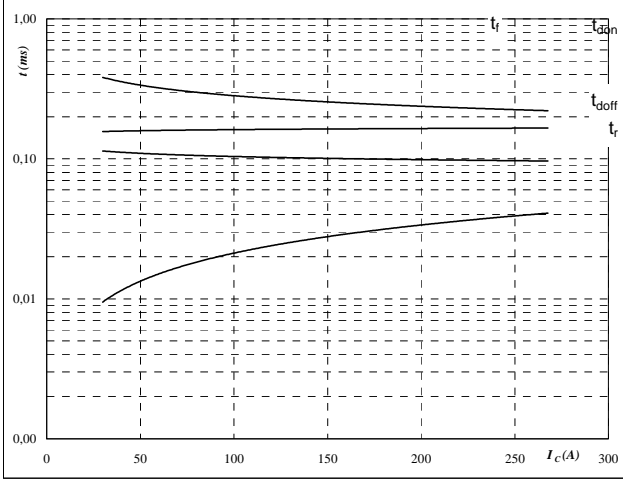
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	175	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	150	A

Buck

Figure 9 IGBT

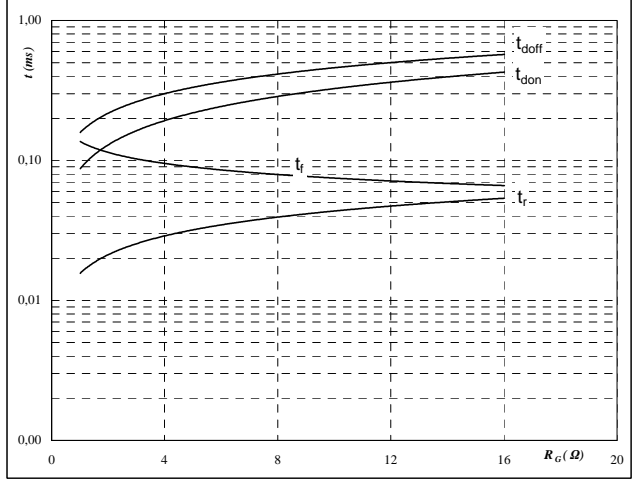
Typical switching times as a function of collector current
 $t = f(I_C)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 175 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$
 $R_{goff} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 10 IGBT

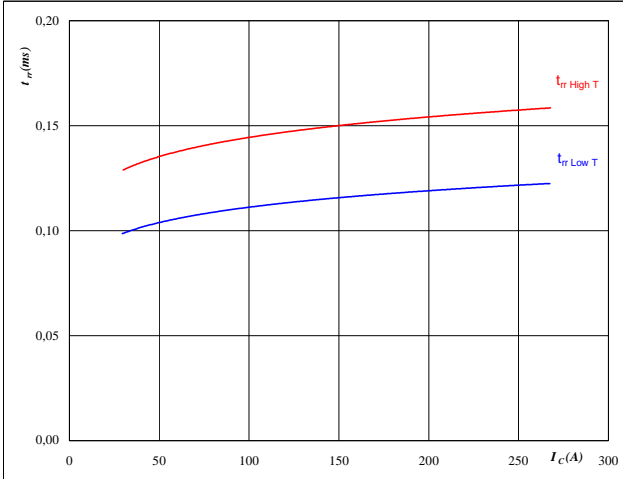
Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor
 $t = f(R_G)$



With an inductive load at
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 175 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $I_C = 150 \text{ A}$

Figure 11 FRED

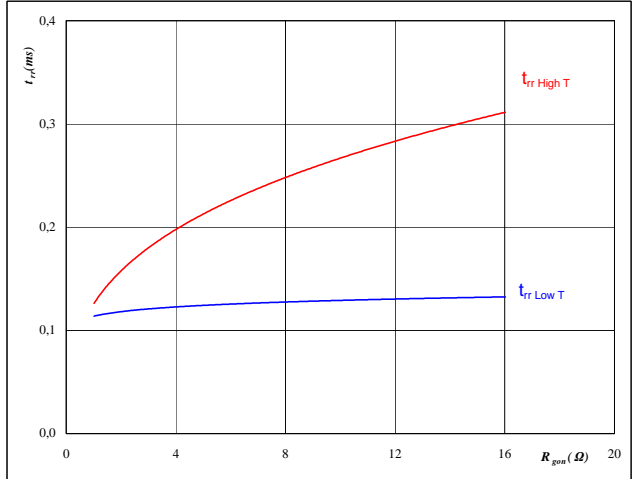
Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current
 $t_{rr} = f(I_C)$



At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 175 \text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$
 $R_{gon} = 4 \text{ } \Omega$

Figure 12 FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor
 $t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$



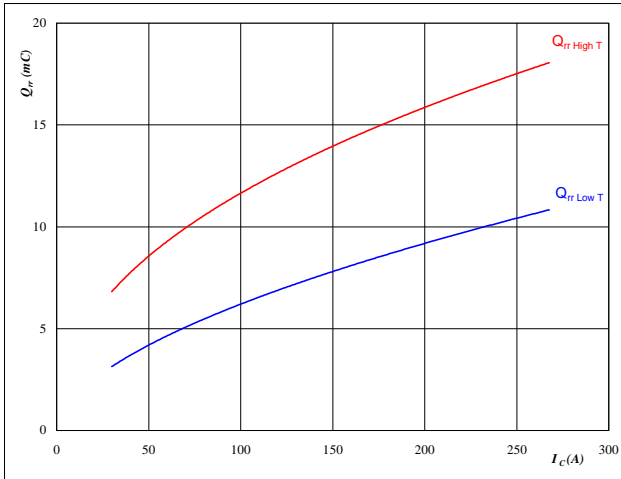
At
 $T_j = 25/150 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_R = 175 \text{ V}$
 $I_F = 150 \text{ A}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15 \text{ V}$

Buck

Figure 13 FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_C)$$

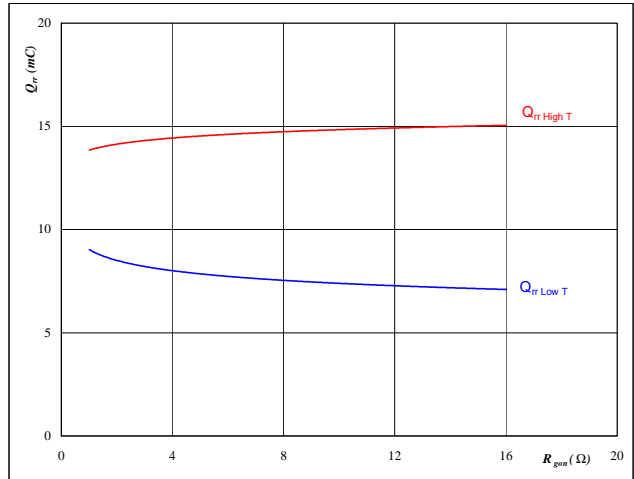


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 175$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 14 FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

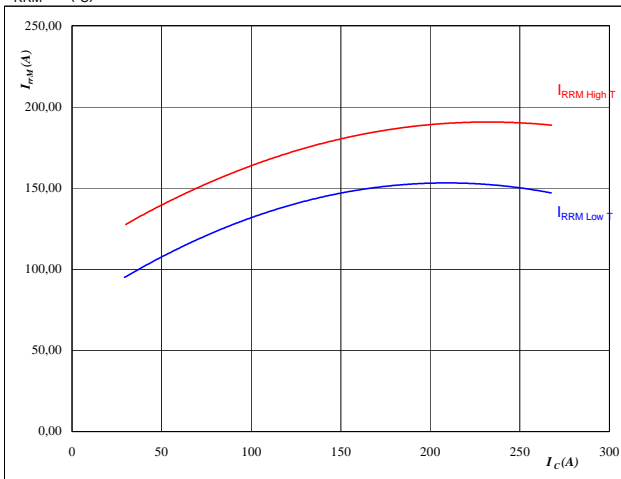


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 175$ V
 $I_F = 150$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 15 FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_C)$$

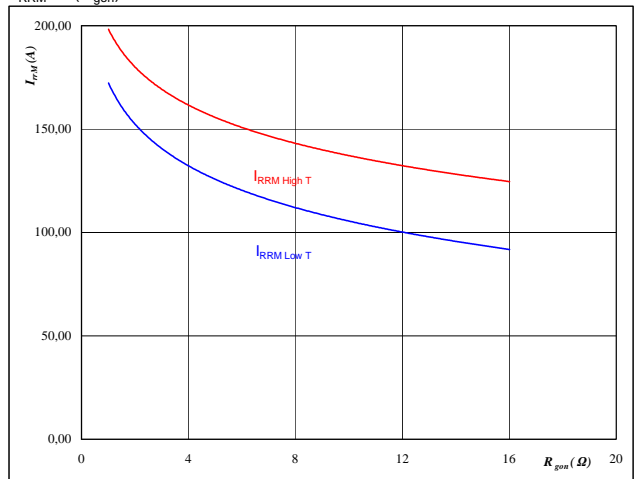


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 175$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 16 FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



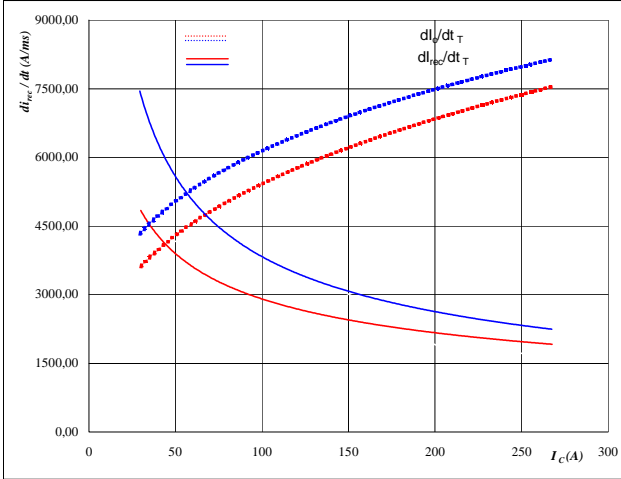
At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 175$ V
 $I_F = 150$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Buck

Figure 17 FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$

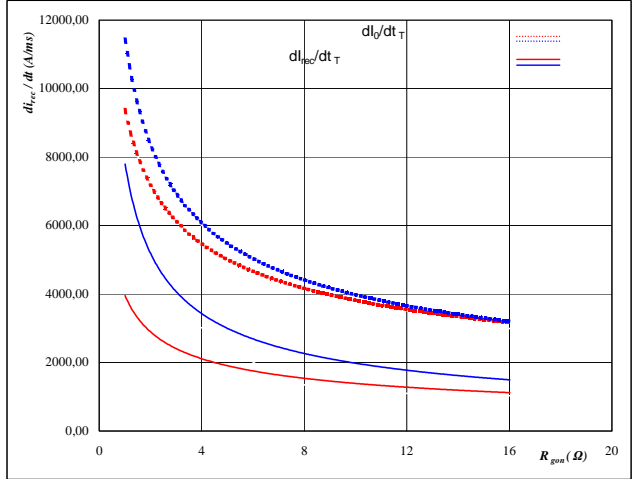


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 175$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 18 FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$

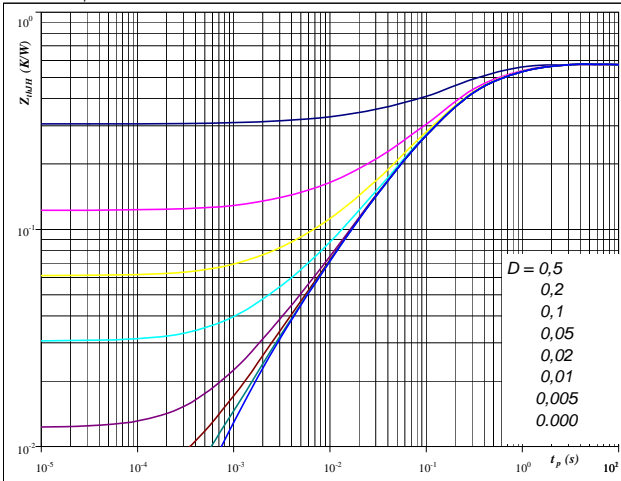


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 175$ V
 $I_F = 150$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,574$ K/W

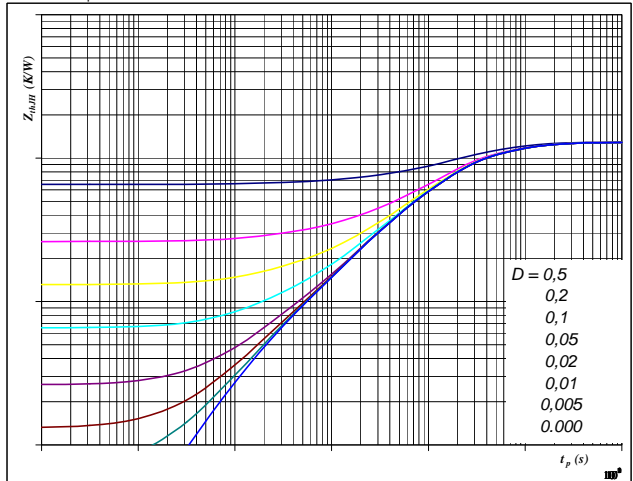
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,05	4,5E+00
0,10	1,0E+00
0,26	2,0E-01
0,10	6,1E-02
0,05	1,3E-02
0,01	1,8E-03

Figure 20 FRED

FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 1,288$ K/W

FRED thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,07	4,9E+00
0,20	1,0E+00
0,60	2,3E-01
0,28	8,0E-02
0,12	1,6E-02
0,03	1,8E-03

Buck

Figure 21 IGBT

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

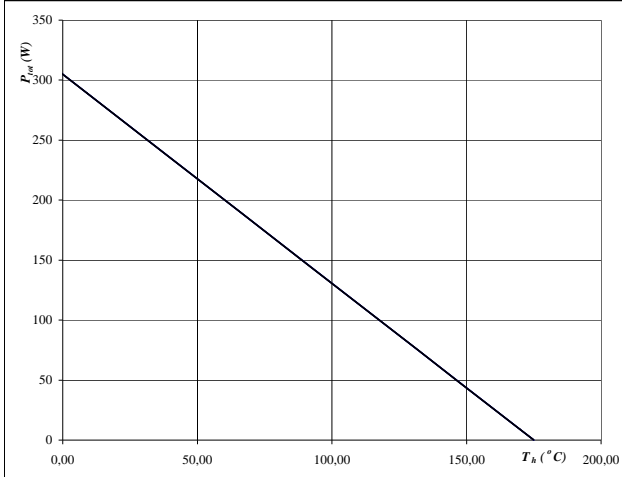

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 22 IGBT

Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$

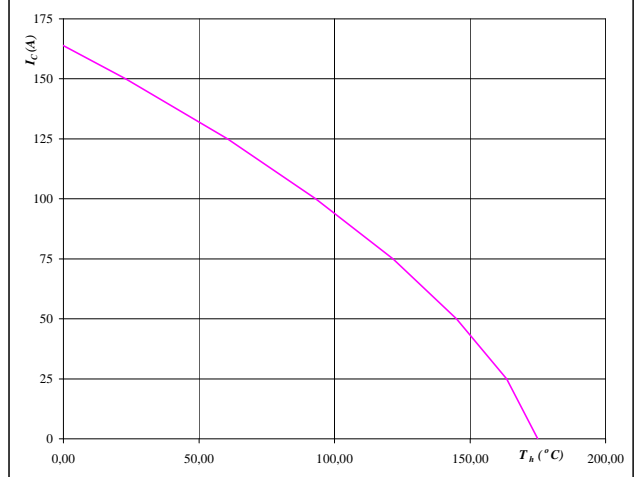

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C
 $V_{GE} = 15$ V

Figure 23 FRED

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

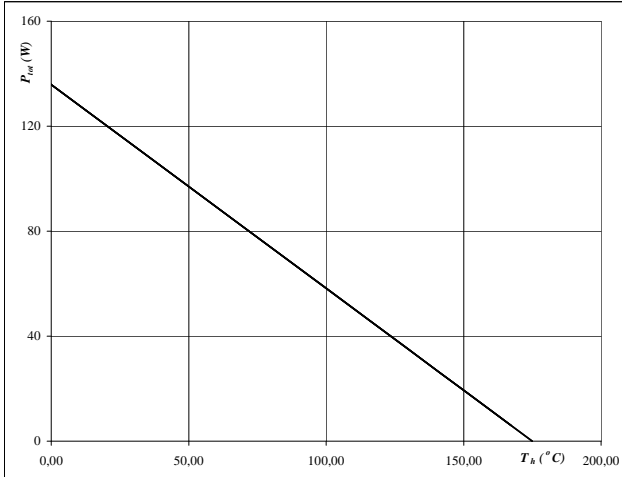
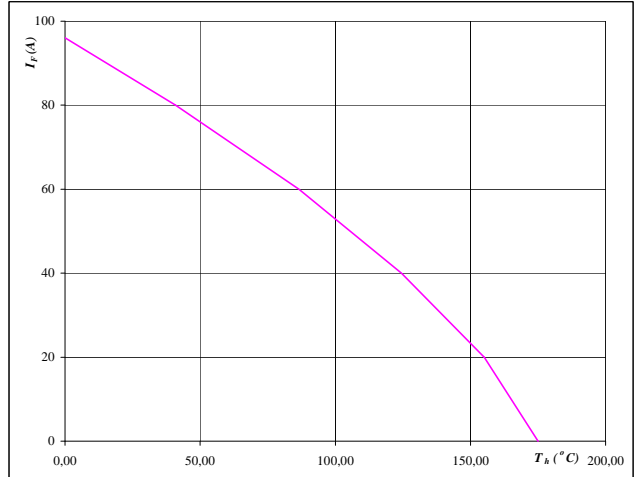

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C

Figure 24 FRED

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

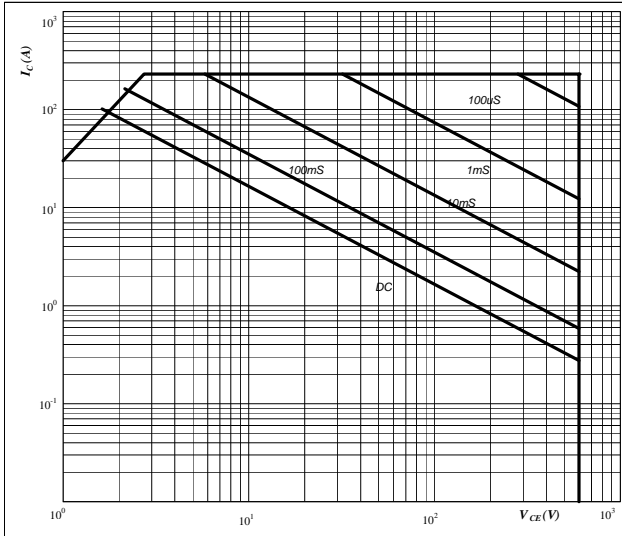

At
 $T_j = 175$ °C

Buck

Figure 25 IGBT

Safe operating area as a function of collector-emitter voltage

$$I_C = f(V_{CE})$$

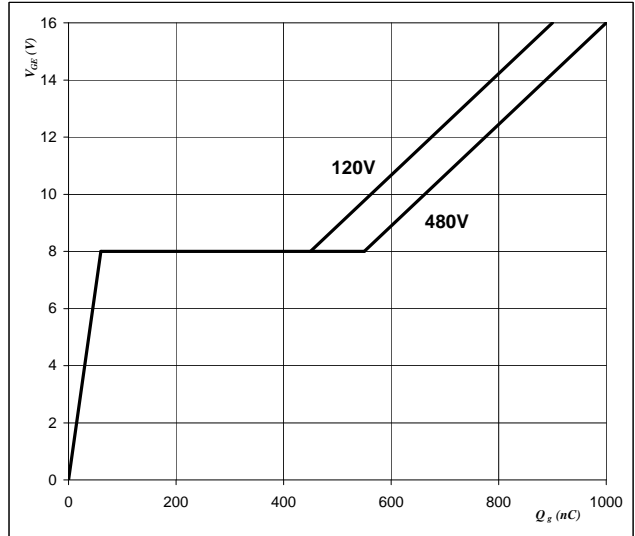

At

D = single pulse
 Th = 80 °C
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $T_J = T_{Jmax}$ °C

Figure 26 IGBT

Gate voltage vs Gate charge

$$V_{GE} = f(Q_g)$$


At

$I_C = 150$ A

Boost

Figure 1 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

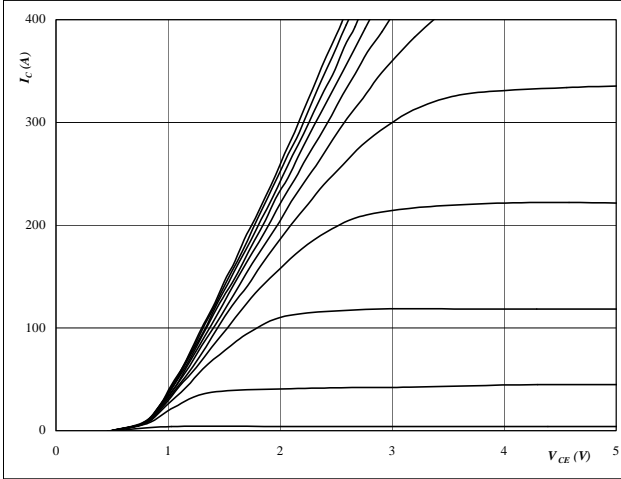

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 25 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 2 IGBT

Typical output characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{CE})$

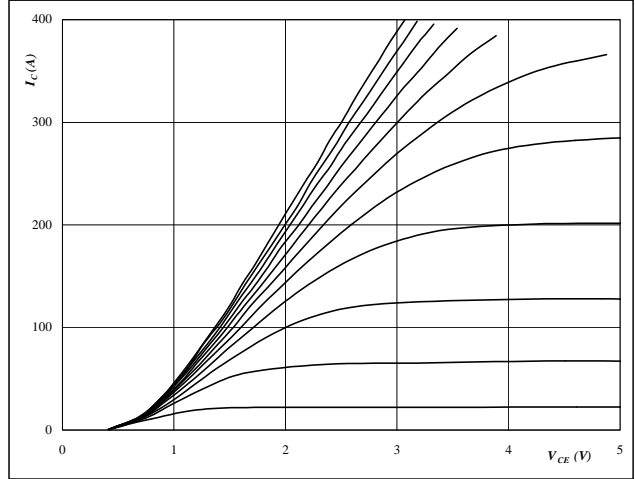
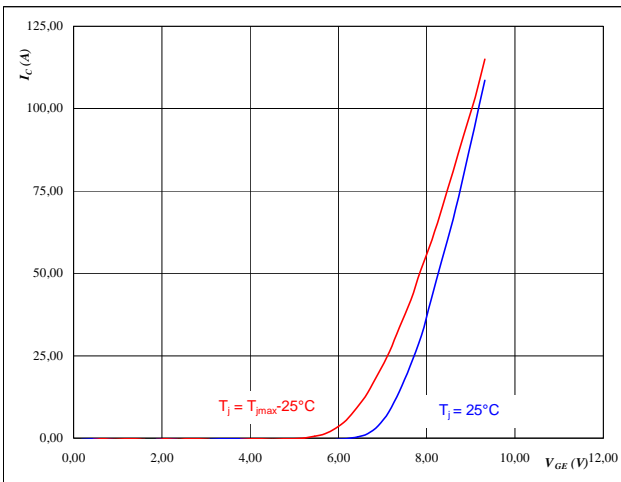

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $T_j = 150 \text{ } ^\circ C$
 V_{GE} from 7 V to 17 V in steps of 1 V

Figure 3 IGBT

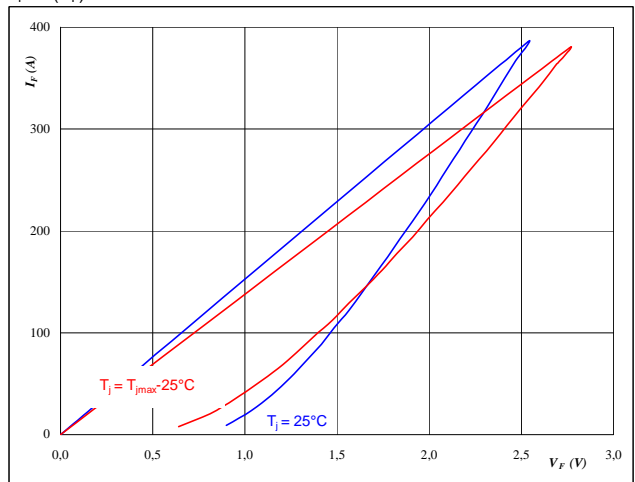
Typical transfer characteristics

$I_C = f(V_{GE})$


At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$
 $V_{CE} = 10 V$
Figure 4 FRED

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$I_F = f(V_F)$

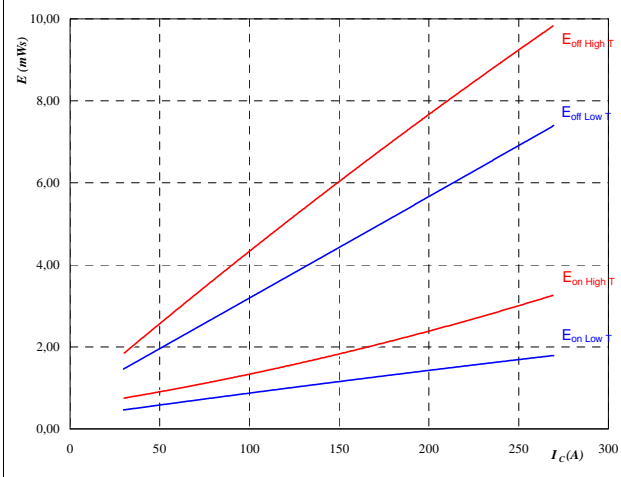

At
 $t_p = 250 \mu s$

Boost

Figure 5 IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of collector current**

$$E = f(I_C)$$



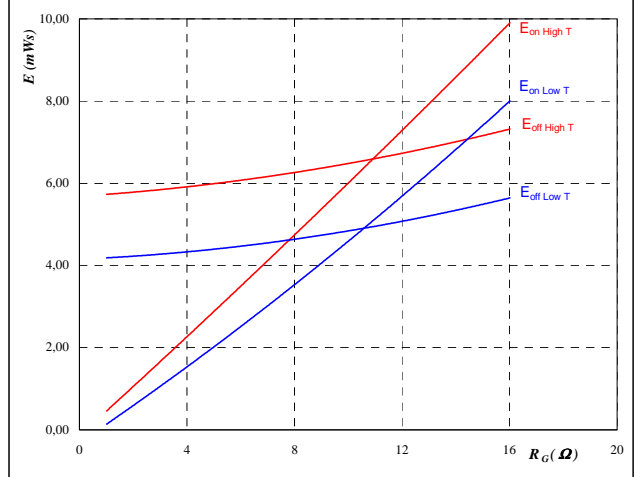
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω

Figure 6 IGBT

**Typical switching energy losses
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E = f(R_G)$$



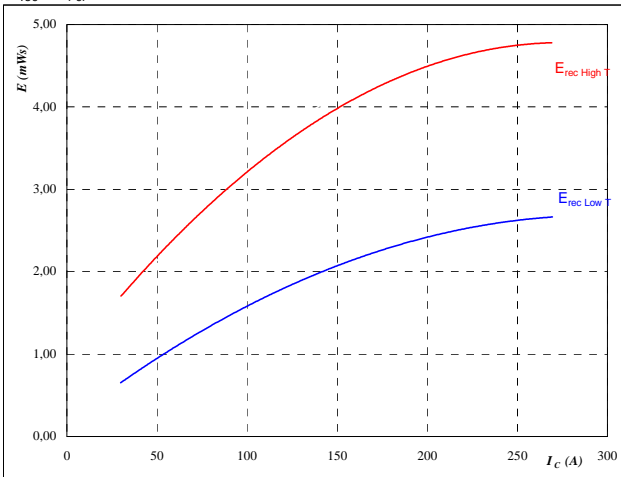
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	149	A

Figure 7 IGBT

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of collector current**

$$E_{rec} = f(I_C)$$



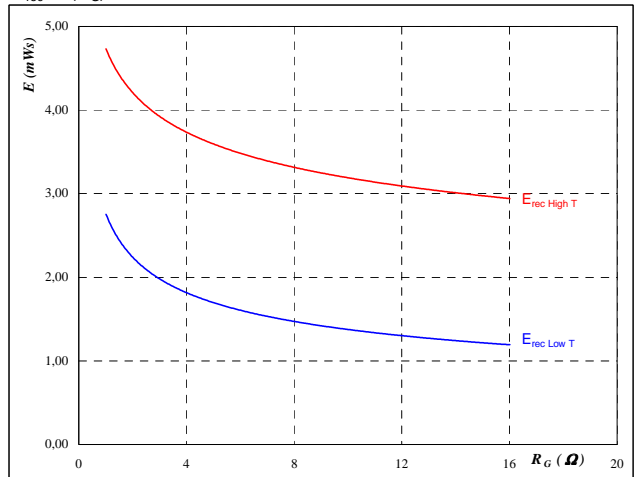
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 8 IGBT

**Typical reverse recovery energy loss
as a function of gate resistor**

$$E_{rec} = f(R_G)$$



With an inductive load at

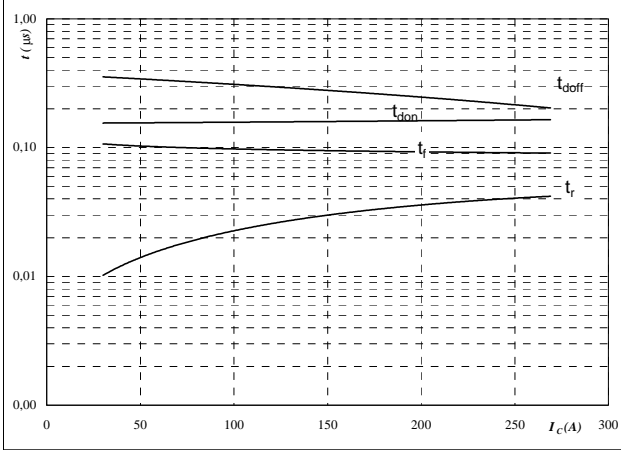
$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	149	A

Boost

Figure 9 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of collector current

$$t = f(I_C)$$



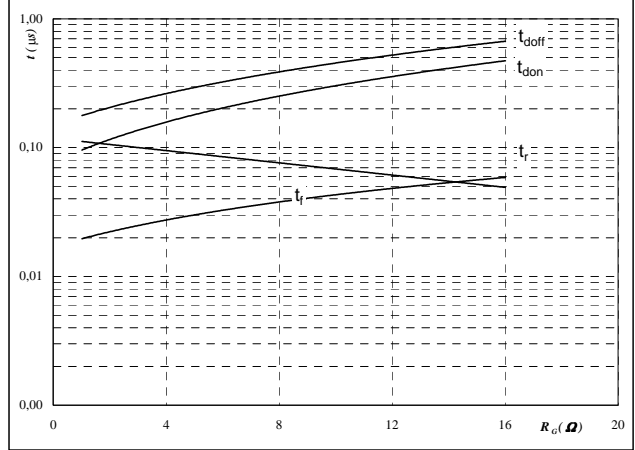
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω
$R_{goff} =$	4	Ω

Figure 10 IGBT

Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor

$$t = f(R_G)$$



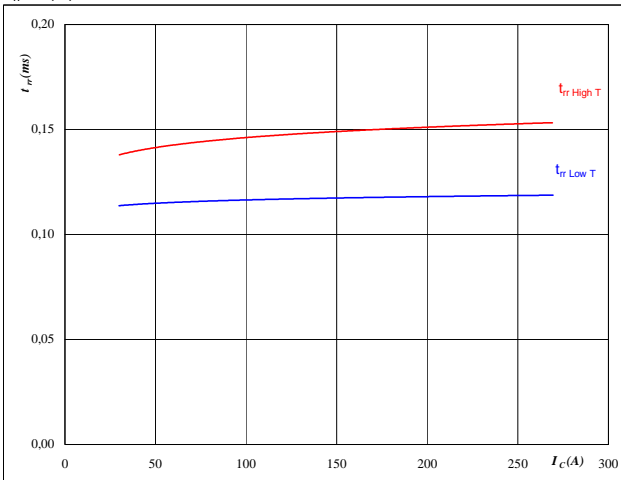
With an inductive load at

$T_j =$	150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$I_C =$	149	A

Figure 11 FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of collector current

$$t_{rr} = f(I_C)$$



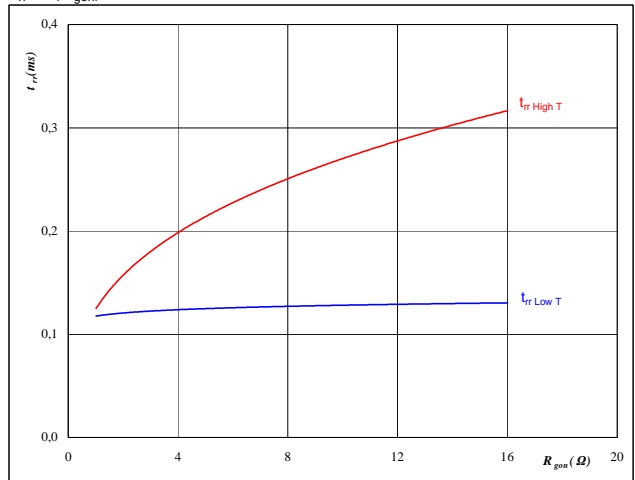
At

$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_{CE} =$	350	V
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V
$R_{gon} =$	4	Ω

Figure 12 FRED

Typical reverse recovery time as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$t_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$



At

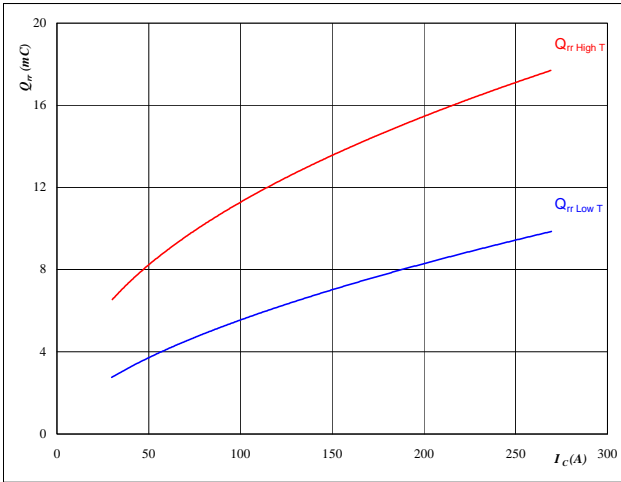
$T_j =$	25/150	°C
$V_R =$	350	V
$I_F =$	149	A
$V_{GE} =$	±15	V

Boost

Figure 13 FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of collector current

$$Q_{rr} = f(I_c)$$

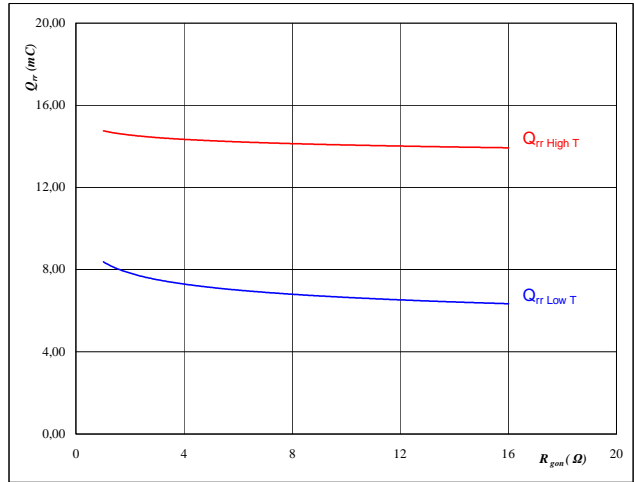


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 14 FRED

Typical reverse recovery charge as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$Q_{rr} = f(R_{gon})$$

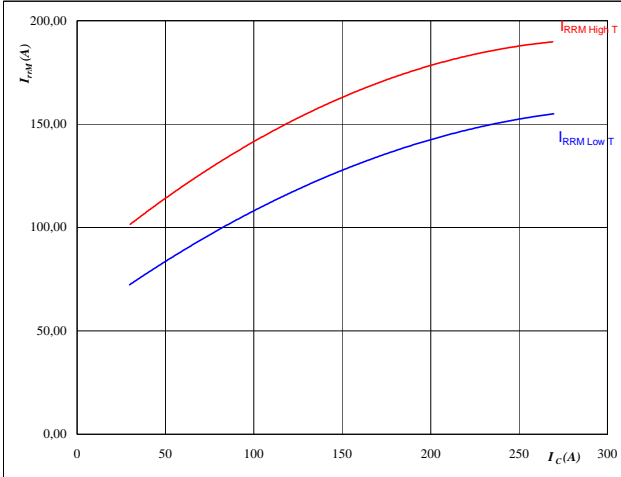


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 149$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 15 FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$I_{RRM} = f(I_c)$$

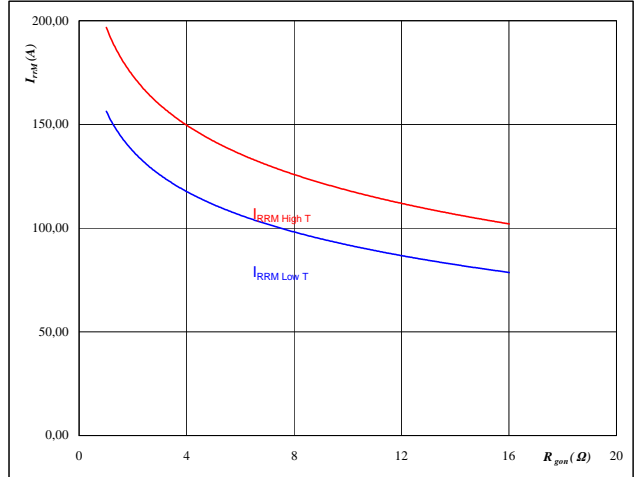


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 16 FRED

Typical reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$I_{RRM} = f(R_{gon})$$



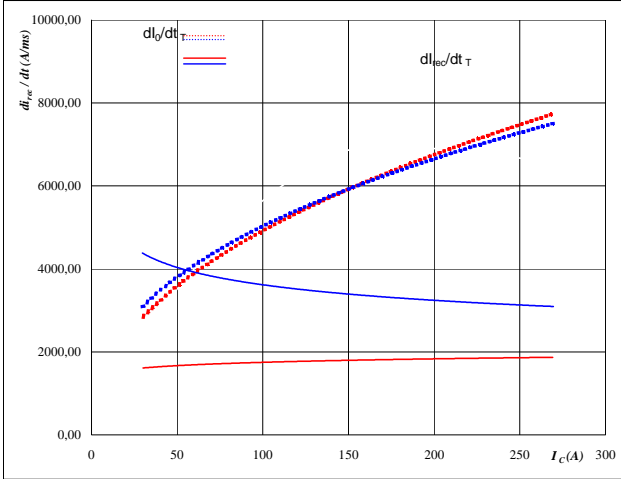
At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 149$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Boost

Figure 17 FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of collector current

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(I_c)$$

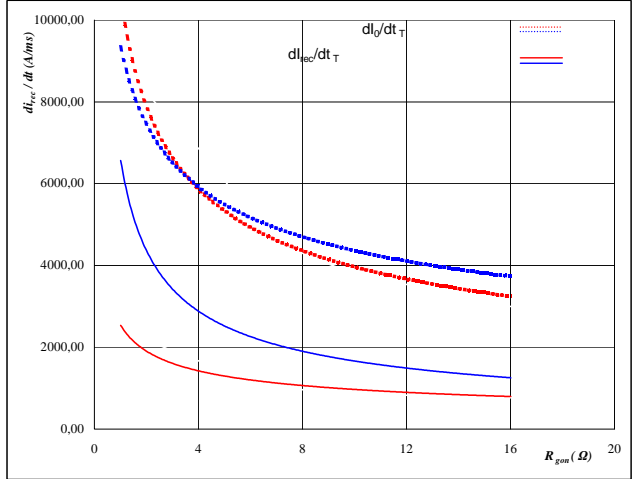


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_{CE} = 350$ V
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V
 $R_{gon} = 4$ Ω

Figure 18 FRED

Typical rate of fall of forward and reverse recovery current as a function of IGBT turn on gate resistor

$$di_o/dt, di_{rec}/dt = f(R_{gon})$$

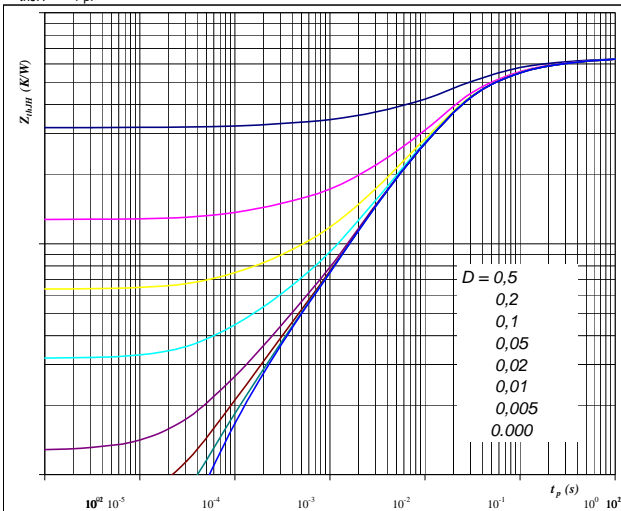


At
 $T_j = 25/150$ °C
 $V_R = 350$ V
 $I_F = 149$ A
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15$ V

Figure 19 IGBT

IGBT transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,630$ K/W

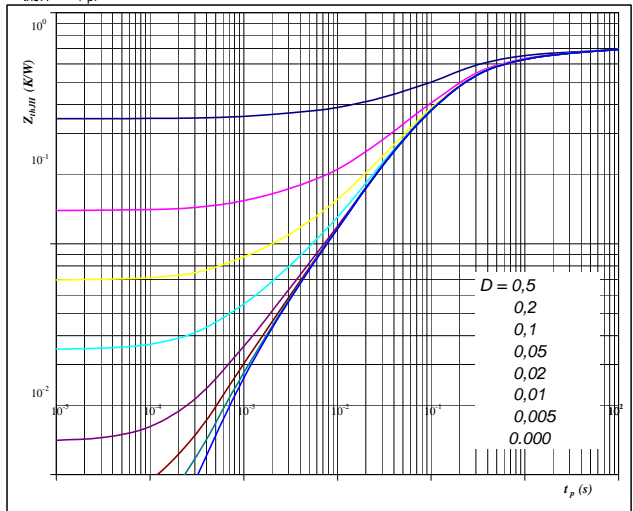
IGBT thermal model values

R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,06	4,3E+00
0,10	1,1E+00
0,31	2,2E-01
0,10	6,2E-02
0,05	1,2E-02
0,02	1,3E-03

Figure 20 FRED

FRED transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$



At
 $D = t_p / T$
 $R_{thJH} = 0,701$ K/W

FRED thermal model values

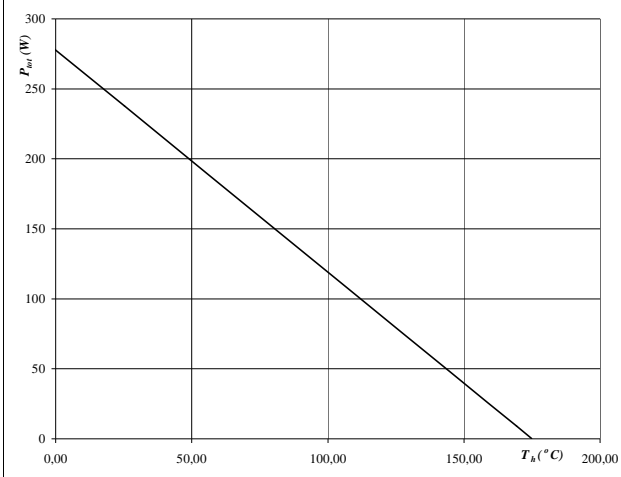
R (C/W)	Tau (s)
0,07	3,3E+00
0,17	4,3E-01
0,34	9,8E-02
0,10	1,4E-02
0,03	1,2E-03

Boost

Figure 21 IGBT

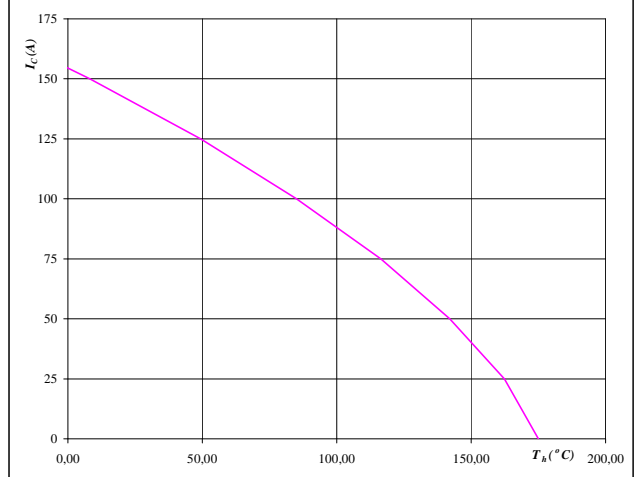
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
Figure 22 IGBT

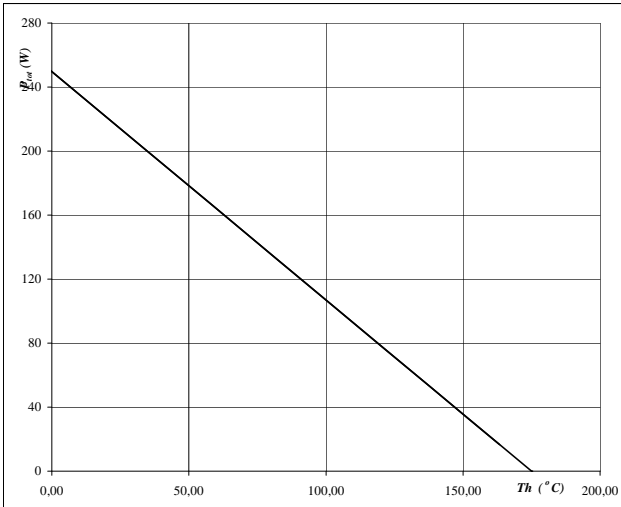
Collector current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_C = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{GE} = 15 \text{ V}$
Figure 23 FRED

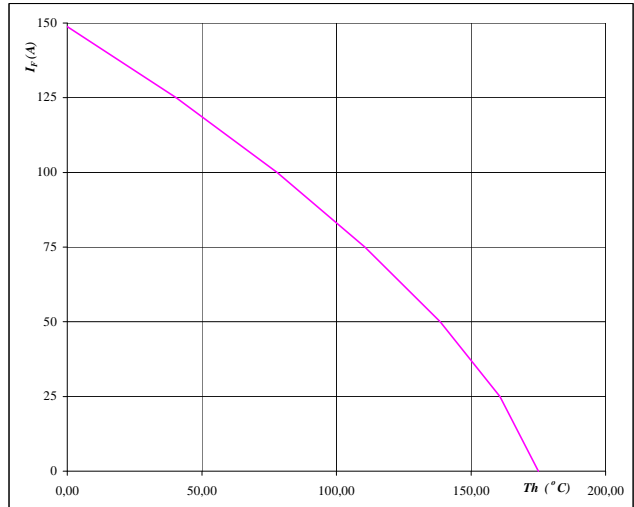
Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$


At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$
Figure 24 FRED

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

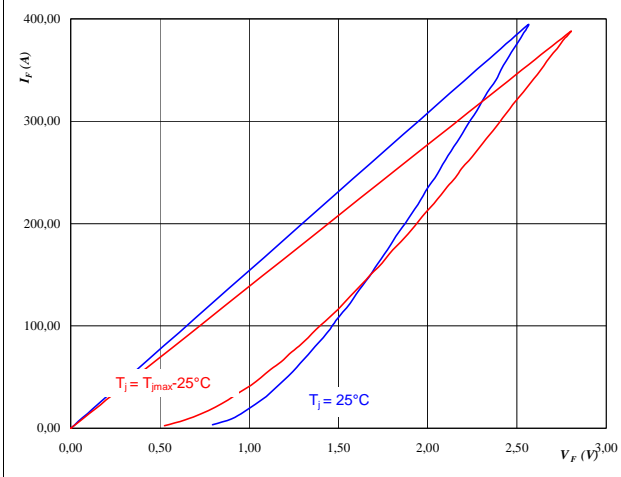

At
 $T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$

Boost

Figure 25 Boost Inverse Diode

Typical diode forward current as a function of forward voltage

$$I_F = f(V_F)$$

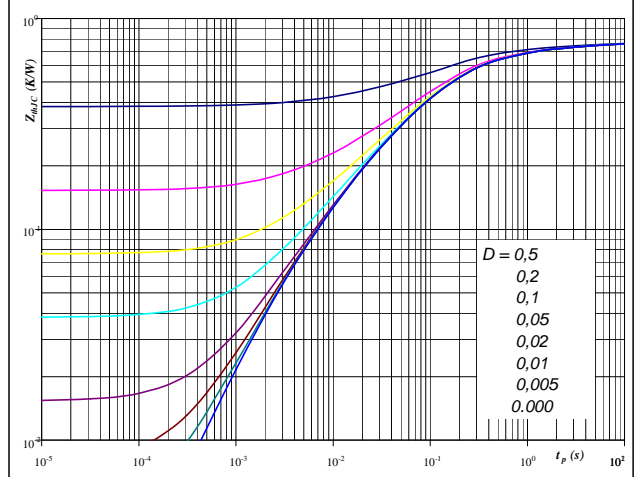

At

$$t_p = 250 \mu\text{s}$$

Figure 26 Boost Inverse Diode

Diode transient thermal impedance as a function of pulse width

$$Z_{thJH} = f(t_p)$$


At

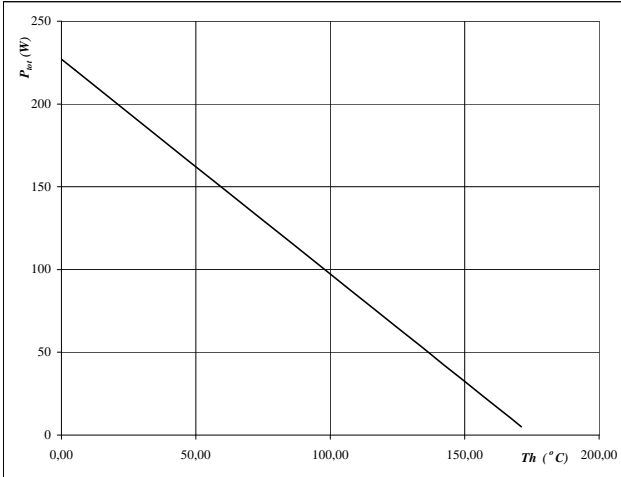
$$D = t_p / T$$

$$R_{thJH} = 0,771 \text{ K/W}$$

Figure 27 Boost Inverse Diode

Power dissipation as a function of heatsink temperature

$$P_{tot} = f(T_h)$$

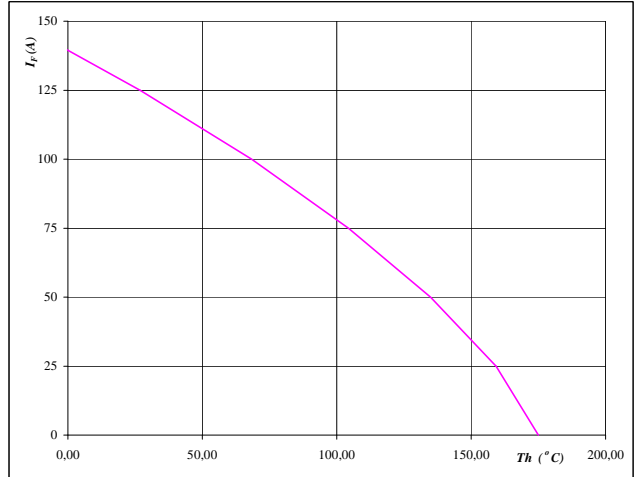

At

$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Figure 28 Boost Inverse Diode

Forward current as a function of heatsink temperature

$$I_F = f(T_h)$$

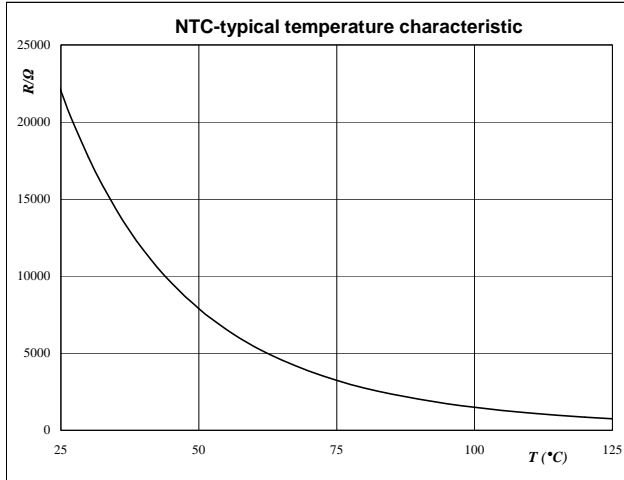

At

$$T_j = 175 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$$

Thermistor

Figure 1

Thermistor

**Typical NTC characteristic
as a function of temperature**
 $R_T = f(T)$

Figure 2

Thermistor

Typical NTC resistance values

$$R(T) = R_{25} \cdot e^{\left(B_{25/100} \left(\frac{1}{T} - \frac{1}{T_{25}} \right) \right)} \quad [\Omega]$$

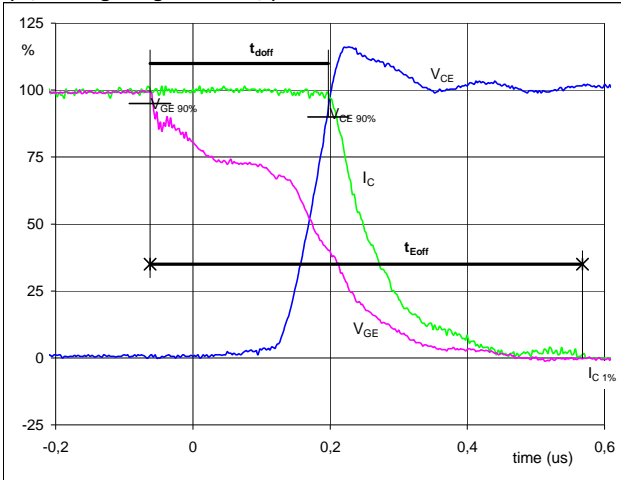
T [$^{\circ}\text{C}$]	R [Ω]	T [$^{\circ}\text{C}$]	R [Ω]
-55	3006477	30	17635
-50	1993973	40	11574
-45	1346473	50	7796
-40	924676	55	6457
-35	645112	60	5378
-30	456784	65	4503
-25	327965	70	3791
-20	238577	75	3207
-15	175705	80	2726
-10	130914	85	2327
-5	98618	90	1996
0	75063	95	1718
5	57698	100	1486
10	44764	105	1289
15	35037	110	1123
20	27654	115	982
25	22000	120	861
30	17635	125	758

Switching Definitions BUCK IGBT

General conditions

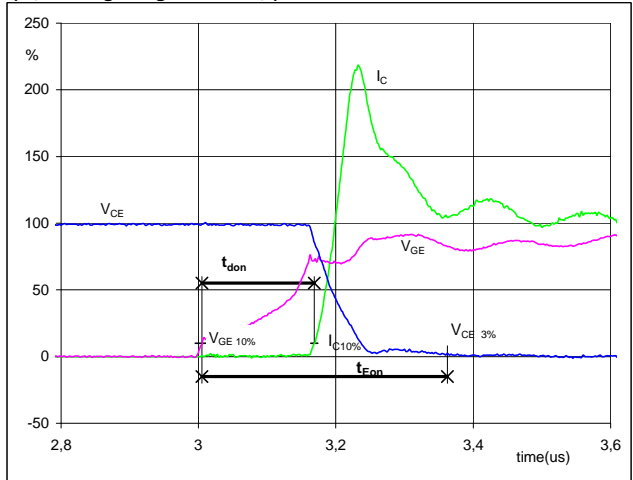
T_j	=	150 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

Figure 1 10-F106NIA150SA-M136F Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})


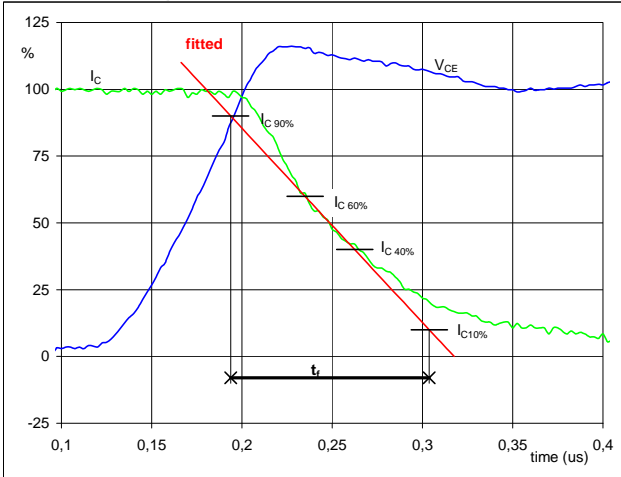
$V_{GE}(0\%)$	=	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%)$	=	15	V
$V_C(100\%)$	=	350	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	150	A
t_{doff}	=	0,25	μs
t_{Eoff}	=	0,63	μs

Figure 2 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})


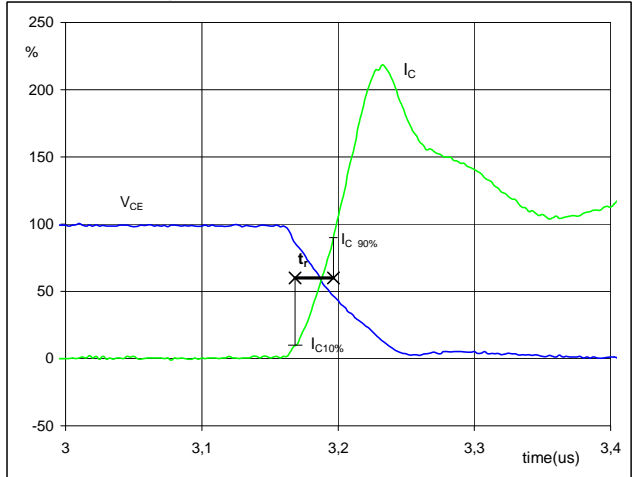
$V_{GE}(0\%)$	=	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%)$	=	15	V
$V_C(100\%)$	=	350	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	150	A
t_{don}	=	0,16	μs
t_{Eon}	=	0,36	μs

Figure 3 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f


$V_C(100\%)$	=	350	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	150	A
t_f	=	0,11	μs

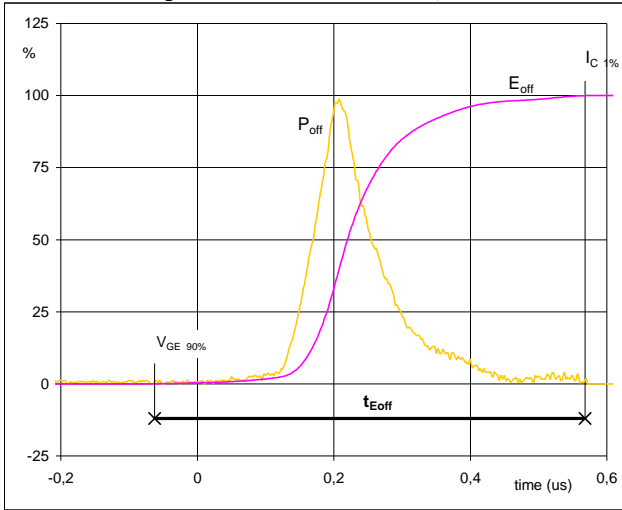
Figure 4 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f


$V_C(100\%)$	=	350	V
$I_C(100\%)$	=	150	A
t_f	=	0,03	μs

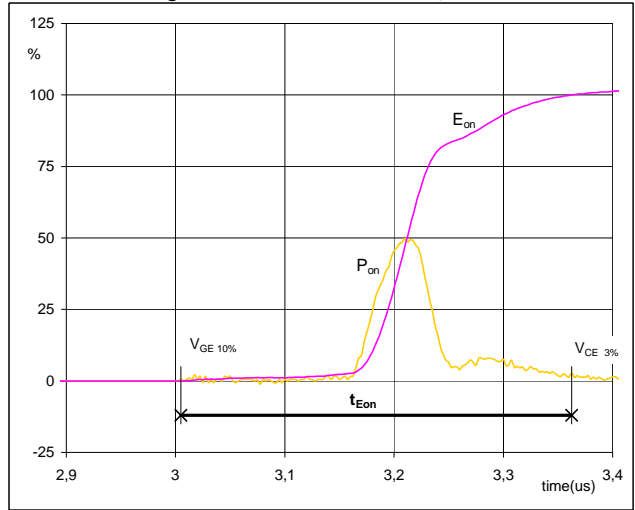
Switching Definitions BUCK IGBT

Figure 5 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}


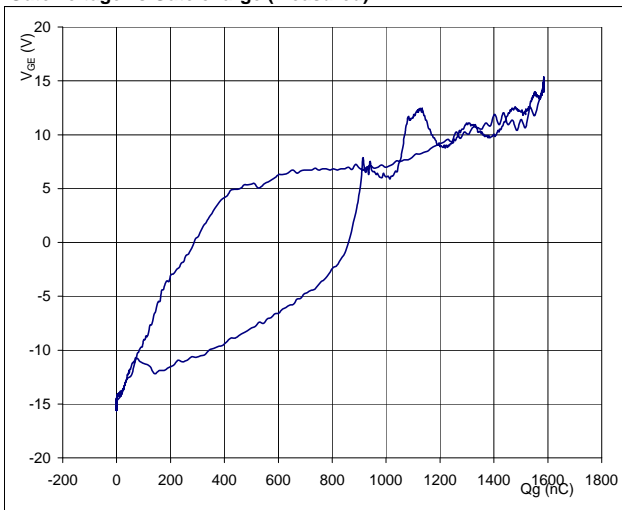
$P_{off}(100\%) =$	52,44	kW
$E_{off}(100\%) =$	5,92	mJ
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,63	μs

Figure 6 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}


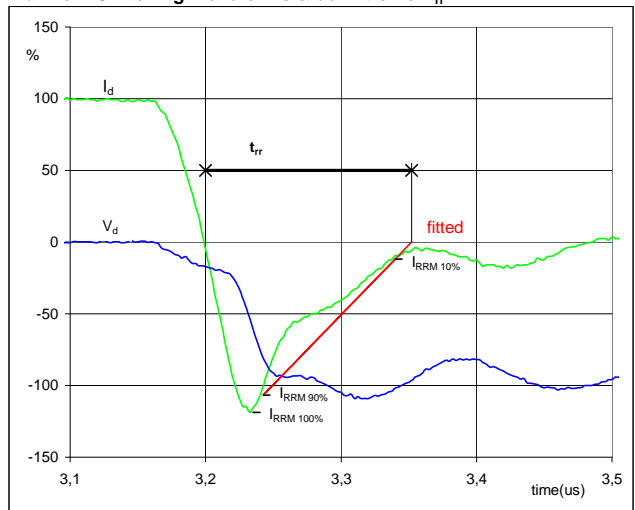
$P_{on}(100\%) =$	52,44	kW
$E_{on}(100\%) =$	1,75	mJ
$t_{Eon} =$	0,36	μs

Figure 7 Output inverter FRED

Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)


$V_{GEoff} =$	-15	V
$V_{GEon} =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$Q_g =$	1585,43	nC

Figure 8 Output inverter IGBT

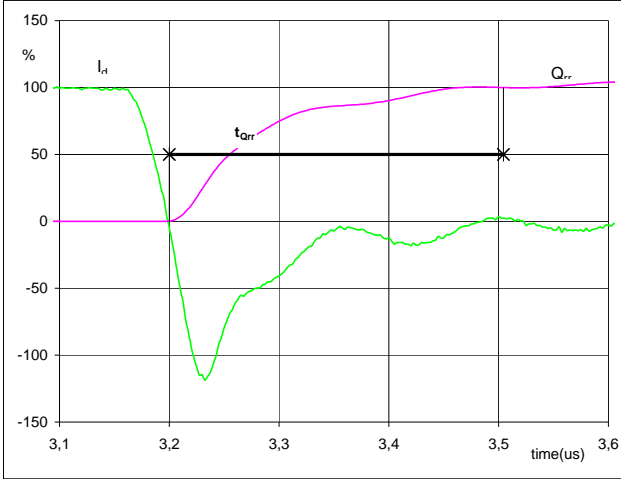
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}


$V_d(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_d(100\%) =$	150	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	-178	A
$t_{rr} =$	0,15	μs

Switching Definitions BUCK IGBT

Figure 9 Output inverter FRED

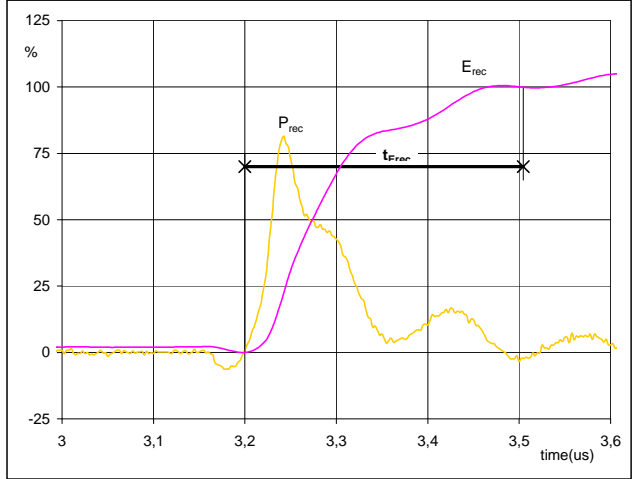
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) =	150	A
Q_{rr} (100%) =	13,73	μC
t_{Qrr} =	0,30	μs

Figure 10 Output inverter FRED

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

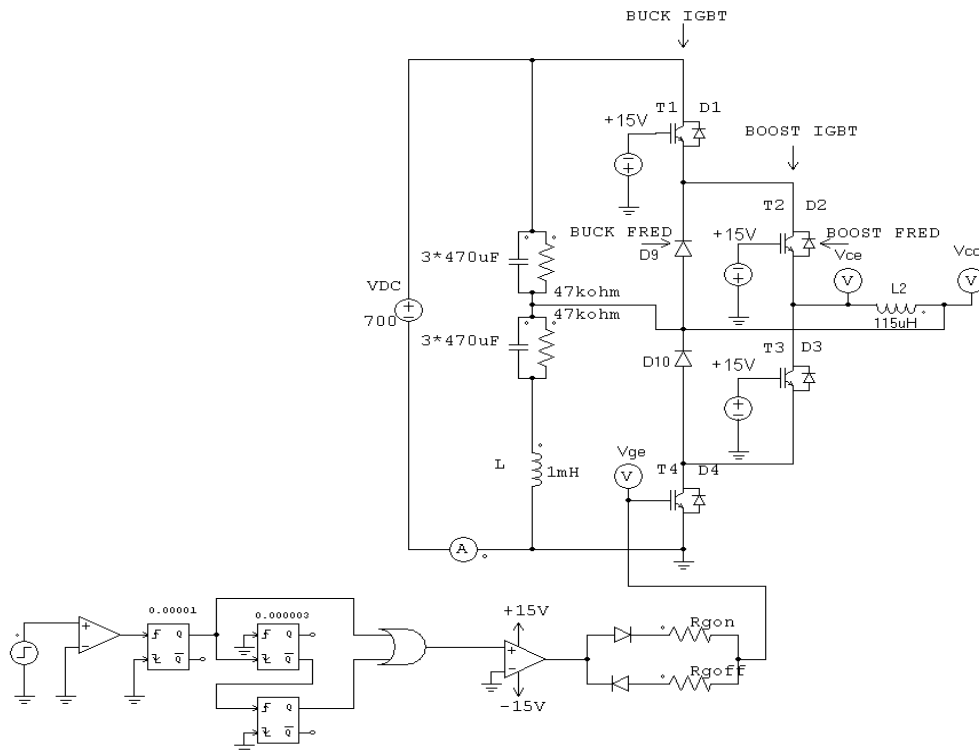


P_{rec} (100%) =	52,44	kW
E_{rec} (100%) =	3,63	mJ
t_{Erec} =	0,30	μs

Measurement circuit

Figure 11

BUCK stage switching measurement circuit

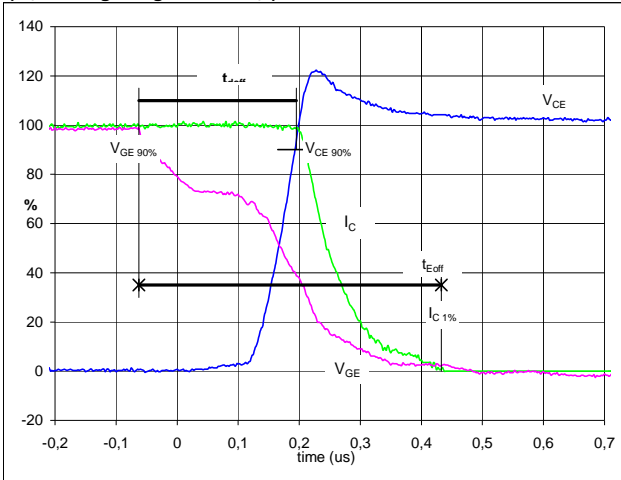


Switching Definitions BOOST IGBT

General conditions

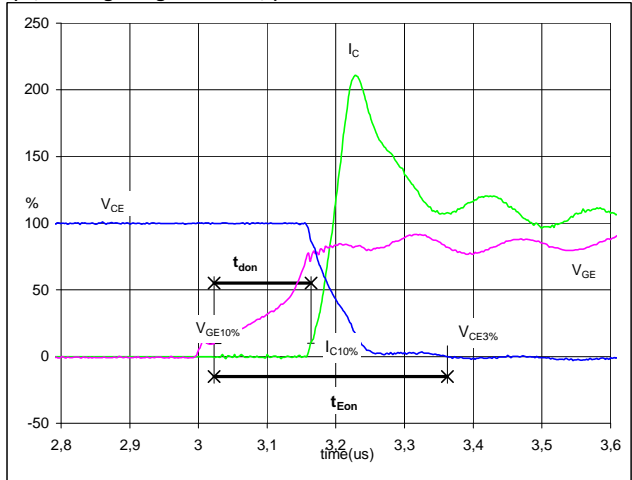
T_j	=	150 °C
R_{gon}	=	4 Ω
R_{goff}	=	4 Ω

Figure 1 10-F106NIA150SA-M136F Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{doff} , t_{Eoff}
 (t_{Eoff} = integrating time for E_{off})


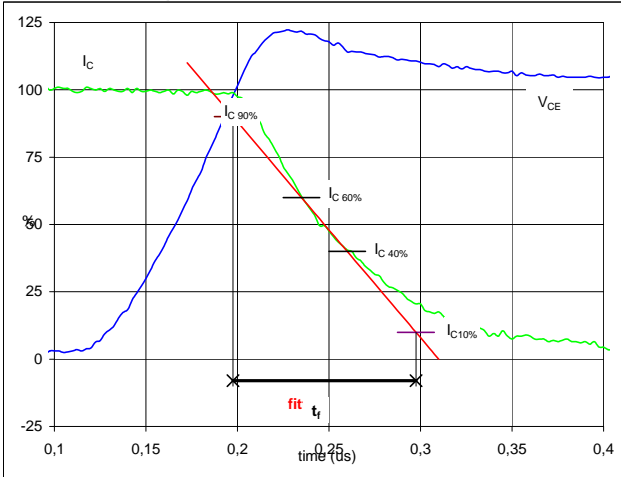
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_{doff} =$	0,25	μs
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,49	μs

Figure 2 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{don} , t_{Eon}
 (t_{Eon} = integrating time for E_{on})


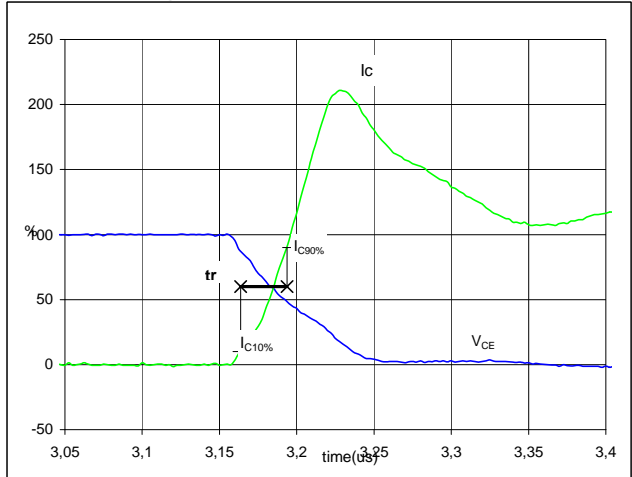
$V_{GE}(0\%) =$	-15	V
$V_{GE}(100\%) =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_{don} =$	0,16	μs
$t_{Eon} =$	0,34	μs

Figure 3 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_f


$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_f =$	0,10	μs

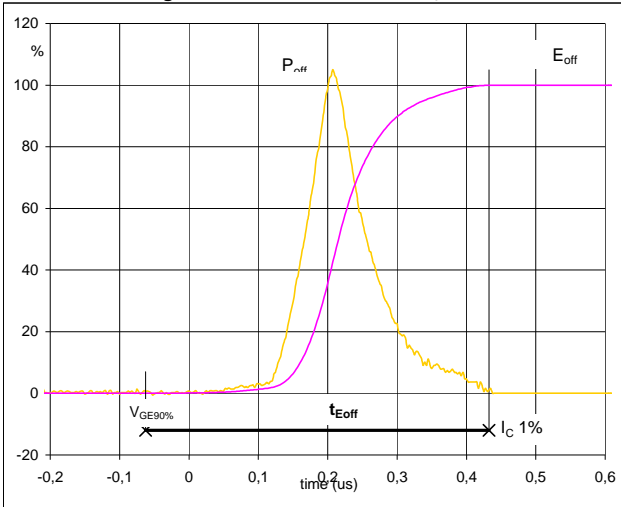
Figure 4 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_r


$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$t_r =$	0,03	μs

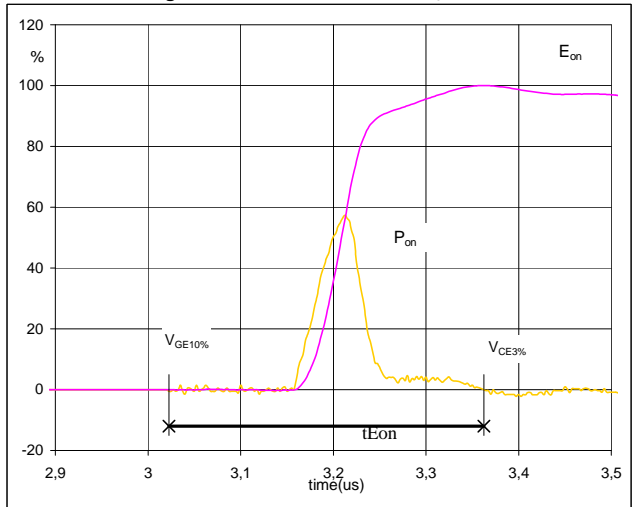
Switching Definitions BOOST IGBT

Figure 5 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eoff}


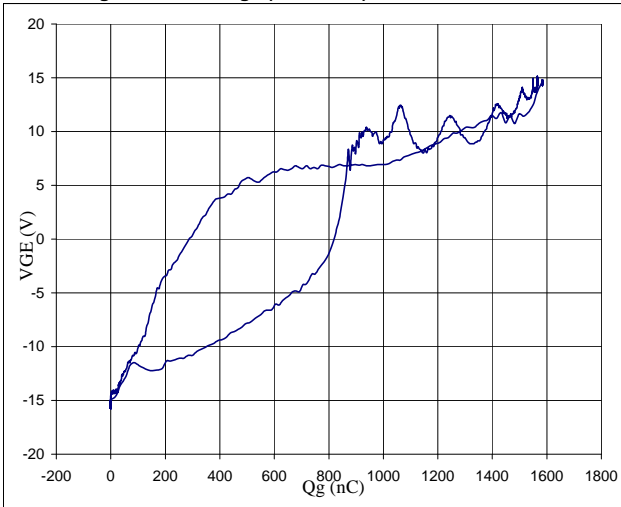
$P_{off}(100\%) =$	52,38	kW
$E_{off}(100\%) =$	5,94	mJ
$t_{Eoff} =$	0,49	μ s

Figure 6 Output inverter IGBT

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Eon}


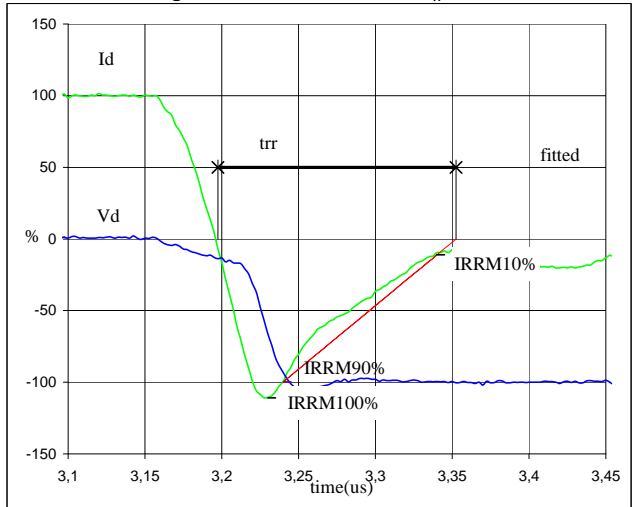
$P_{on}(100\%) =$	52,38	kW
$E_{on}(100\%) =$	1,68	mJ
$t_{Eon} =$	0,34	μ s

Figure 7 Output inverter FRED

Gate voltage vs Gate charge (measured)


$V_{GEoff} =$	-15	V
$V_{GEon} =$	15	V
$V_C(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_C(100\%) =$	150	A
$Q_g =$	1583,47	nC

Figure 8 Output inverter IGBT

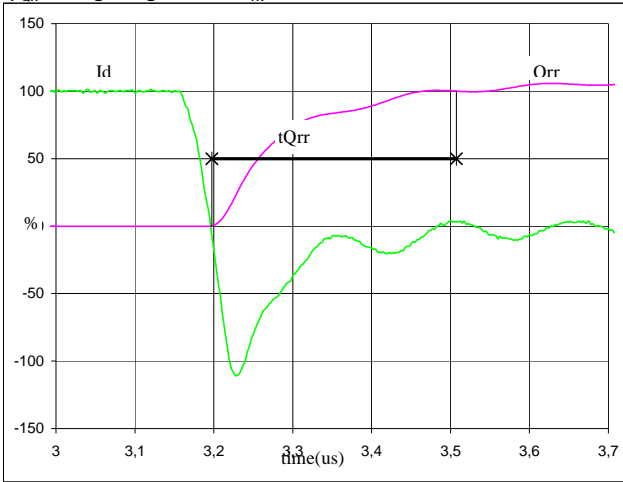
Turn-off Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{rr}


$V_d(100\%) =$	350	V
$I_d(100\%) =$	150	A
$I_{RRM}(100\%) =$	-166	A
$t_{rr} =$	0,15	μ s

Switching Definitions BOOST IGBT

Figure 9 Output inverter FRED

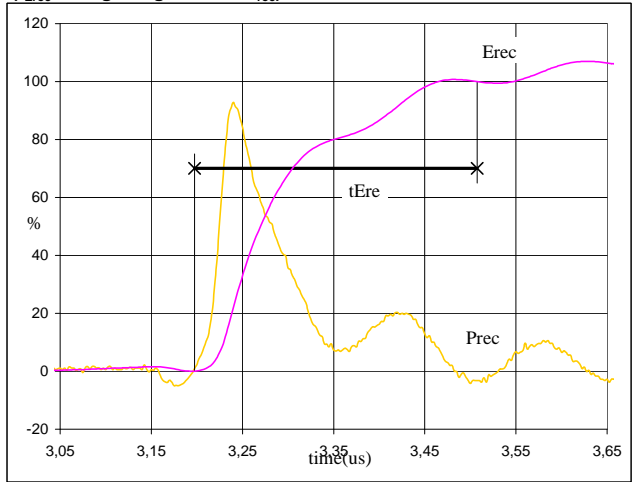
Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Qrr}
 (t_{Qrr} = integrating time for Q_{rr})



I_d (100%) =	150	A
Q_{rr} (100%) =	14,35	μC
t_{Qrr} =	0,31	μs

Figure 10 Output inverter FRED

Turn-on Switching Waveforms & definition of t_{Erec}
 (t_{Erec} = integrating time for E_{rec})

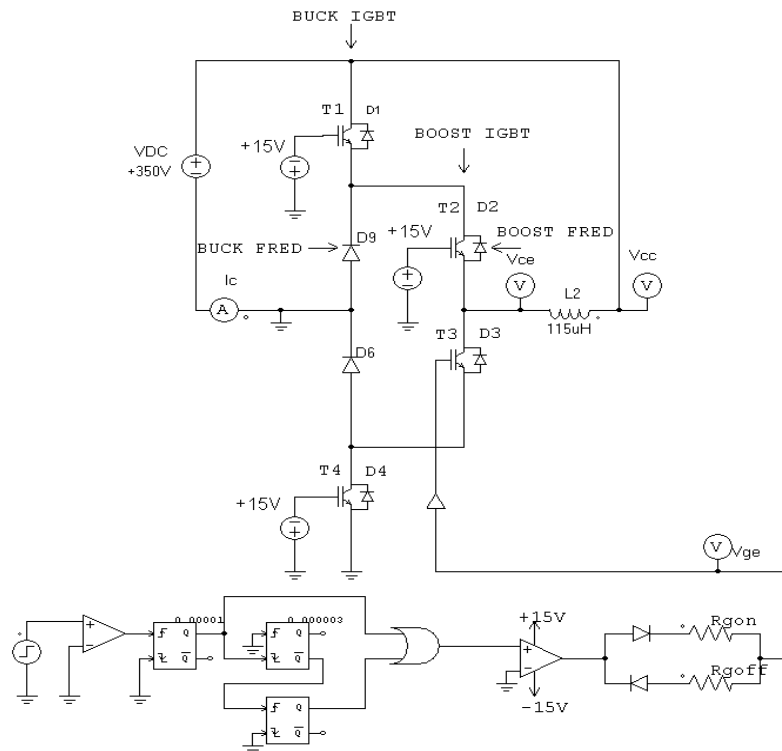


P_{rec} (100%) =	52,38	kW
E_{rec} (100%) =	4,14	mJ
t_{Erec} =	0,31	μs

Measurement circuit

Figure 11

BOOST stage switching measurement circuit

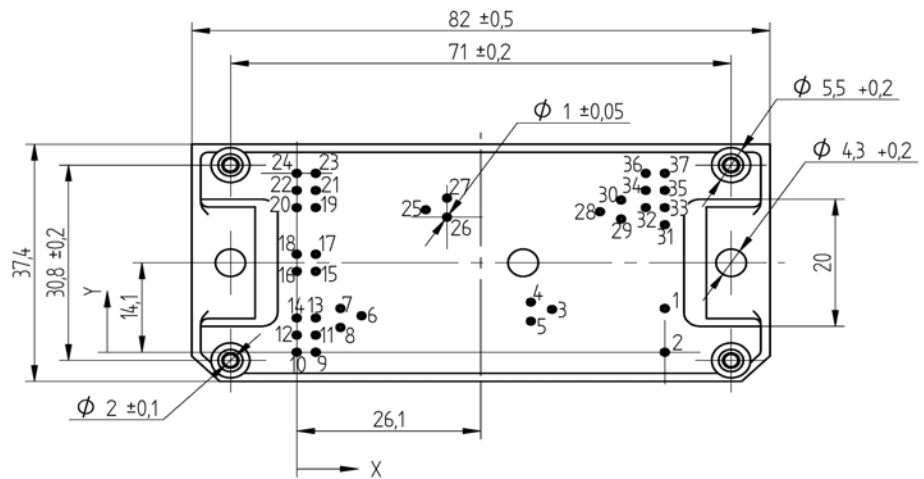
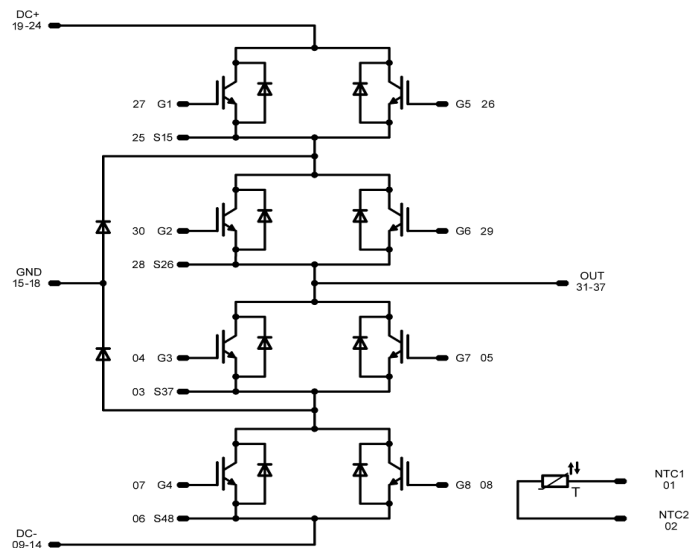


Ordering Code and Marking - Outline - Pinout
Ordering Code & Marking

Version	Ordering Code	in DataMatrix as	in packaging barcode as
without thermal paste 12mm housing	10-F106NIA150SA-M136F	M136F	M136F

Outline

Pin table			Pin table		
Pin	X	Y	Pin	X	Y
1	52.2	6.9	20	0	22.8
2	52.2	0	21	2.7	25.5
3	36.2	6.75	22	0	25.5
4	33.2	7.9	23	2.7	28.2
5	33.2	4.9	24	0	28.2
6	9.2	5.75	25	18.3	22.45
7	6.2	6.9	26	21.3	21.3
8	6.2	3.9	27	21.3	24.3
9	2.7	0	28	4.3	22.15
10	0	0	29	4.6	21
11	2.7	2.7	30	4.6	24
12	0	2.7	31	52.2	20.1
13	2.7	5.4	32	49.5	22.8
14	0	5.4	33	52.2	22.8
15	2.7	12.75	34	49.5	25.5
16	0	12.75	35	52.2	25.5
17	2.7	15.45	36	49.5	28.2
18	0	15.45	37	52.2	28.2
19	2.7	22.8			


Pinout


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