

FEATURES

- ▶ 2" x 1.6" x 0.4" Metal Package
- ▶ Wide 2:1 Input Range
- ▶ Operating Temp. Range -40°C to +80°C
- ▶ Short Circuit Protection
- ▶ I/O-isolation 1500 VDC
- ▶ Input Filter to meet EN55022, class A
- ▶ 3 Years Product Warranty



PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The MINMAX MPW1000 series is a range of isolated 30W DC/DC converter modules featuring fully regulated output voltages and wide 2:1 input voltage ranges. The product comes in a 2" x 1.6" x 0.4" metal package with industry standard pinout. An excellent efficiency allows an operating temperature range of -40° to +80°C (with derating).

Typical applications for these converters are battery operated equipment and instrumentation, distributed power systems, data communication and general industrial electronics.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage (Range) VDC	Output Voltage VDC	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current mA (typ.)	Over Voltage Protection VDC	Max. capacitive Load uF	Efficiency (typ.)
			Max. mA	Min. mA	@Max. Load mA(typ.)	@No Load mA(typ.)				@Max. Load %
MPW1021	12 (9 ~ 18)	3.3	5500	400	1867	40	100	3.9	470	81
MPW1022		5	5000	350	2480			6.8		84
MPW1023		12	2500	166	2841			15		88
MPW1024		15	2000	133	2841			18	88	
MPW1026		±12	±1250	±83	2841			±15	220#	88
MPW1027		±15	±1100	±65	2841			±18		88
MPW1031		24 (18 ~ 36)	3.3	5500	400			922	20	50
MPW1032	5		5000	350	1225	6.8	85			
MPW1033	12		2500	166	1404	15	89			
MPW1034	15		2000	133	1404	18	89			
MPW1036	±12		±1250	±83	1404	±15	220#	89		
MPW1037	±15		±1100	±65	1404	±18		89		
MPW1041	48 (36 ~ 75)		3.3	5500	400	461	10	25		
MPW1042		5	5000	350	613	6.8			85	
MPW1043		12	2500	166	702	15			89	
MPW1044		15	2000	133	702	18			89	
MPW1046		±12	±1250	±83	702	±15			220#	89
MPW1047		±15	±1100	±65	702	±18				89

For each output

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1 sec. max.)	12V Input Models	-0.7	---	25	VDC
	24V Input Models	-0.7	---	50	
	48V Input Models	-0.7	---	100	
Start-Up Voltage	12V Input Models	8.6	8.8	9	
	24V Input Models	17	17.5	18	
	48V Input Models	34	35	36	
Under Voltage Shutdown	12V Input Models	8.1	8.3	8.5	
	24V Input Models	16	16.5	17	
	48V Input Models	32	33	34	
Short Circuit Input Power	All Models	---	---	4500	mW
Internal Power Dissipation		---	---	5500	mW
Conducted EMI		Compliance to EN 55022,class A and FCC part 15,class A			

Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	±0.5	±1.0	%
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	±0.5	±2.0	%
Line Regulation	Vin=Min. to Max.	---	±0.1	±0.3	%
Load Regulation	Io=10% to 100%	---	±0.1	±0.5	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	55	80	mV _{P.P}
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	Over Line, Load % Temp.	---	---	100	mV _{P.P}
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	---	10	mV _{P.P}
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change	---	150	300	uS
Transient Response Deviation		---	±2	±4	%
Temperature Coefficient		---	±0.01	±0.02	%/°C
Over Load Protection		110	---	160	%
Short Circuit Protection	Continuous				

General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I/O Isolation Voltage (rated)	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance	500 VDC	1000	---	---	MΩ
I/O Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	1200	1500	pF
Switching Frequency		290	330	360	KHz
MTBF(calculated)	MIL-HDBK-217F@25°C, Ground Benign	1,000,000	---	---	Hours
Safety Approvals	UL/cUL 60950-1 recognition(CSA certificate), IEC/EN 60950-1(CB-scheme)				

Input Fuse

12V Input Models	24V Input Models	48V Input Models
6000mA Slow-Blow Type	3000mA Slow-Blow Type	1500mA Slow-Blow Type

Remote On/Off Control

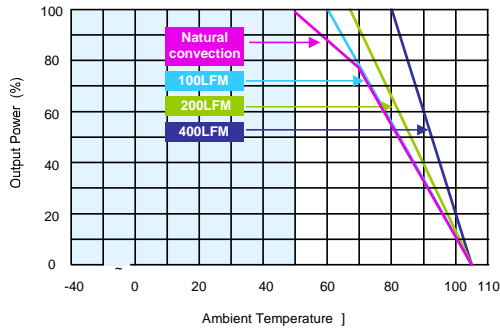
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Converter On	3.5V ~ 12V or Open Circuit				
Converter Off	0V ~ 1.2V or Short Circuit				
Control Input Current (on)	Vctrl = 5.0V	---	0.5	---	mA
Control Input Current (off)	Vctrl = 0V	---	-0.5	---	mA
Control Common	Referenced to Negative Input				
Standby Input Current	Nominal Vin	---	2.5	---	mA

Output Voltage Trim

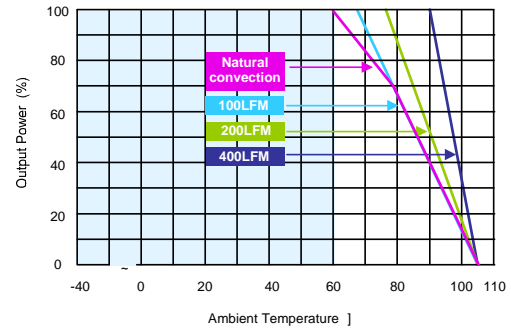
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Trim Up / Down Range	% of nominal output voltage	±9	±10	±11	%

Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature Range (with Derating)	Ambient	-40	+80	°C
Case Temperature		---	+105	°C
Storage Temperature Range		-50	+125	°C
Humidity (non condensing)		---	95	% rel. H
Cooling	Free-Air convection			
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10Sec.)		---	260	°C

Power Derating Curve


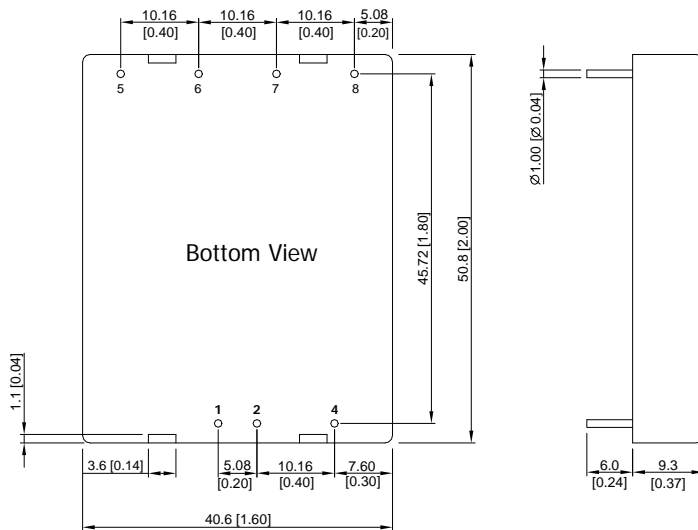
Derating Curve without Heatsink



Derating Curve with Heatsink

Notes

- 1 Specifications typical at $T_a = +25^\circ\text{C}$, resistive load, nominal input voltage and rated output current unless otherwise noted.
- 2 Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
- 3 Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz.
- 4 All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection.
- 5 Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
- 6 To order the converter with heatsink, please add a **suffix H** (e.g. MPW1021H) to order code.
- 7 That "natural convection" is about 20LFM but is not equal to still air (0 LFM).
- 8 Specifications subject to change without notice.

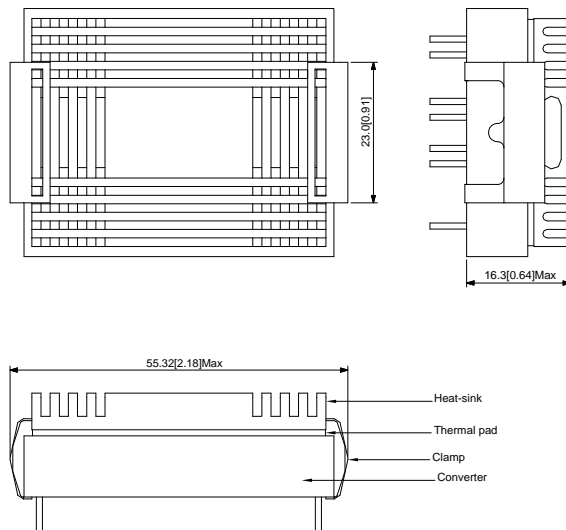
Package Specifications
Mechanical Dimensions

Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	+Vin	+Vin
2	-Vin	-Vin
4	Remote On/Off	Remote On/Off
5	No Pin	+Vout
6	+Vout	Common
7	-Vout	-Vout
8	Trim	Trim

- ▶ All dimensions in mm (inches)
- ▶ Tolerance: X.X±0.25 (X.XX±0.01)
X.XX±0.13 (X.XXX±0.005)
- ▶ Pin diameter $\varnothing 1.0 \pm 0.05$ (0.04±0.002)

Physical Characteristics

Case Size	: 50.8x40.6x9.3mm (2.0x1.6x0.37 Inches)
Case Material	: Metal With Non-Conductive Baseplate
Base Material	: FR4 PCB (flammability to UL 94V-0 rated)
Weight	: 48g

Heatsink (Option H)

Physical Characteristics

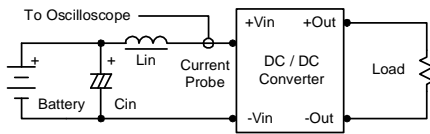
Heatsink Material	: Aluminum
Finish	: Black Anodized Coating
Weight	: 15g

- ▶ The advantages of adding a heatsink are:
 1. To help heat dissipation and increase the stability and reliability of DC/DC converters at high operating temperature atmosphere.
 2. To upgrade the operating temperature of DC/DC converters, please refer to Derating Curve.

Test Configurations

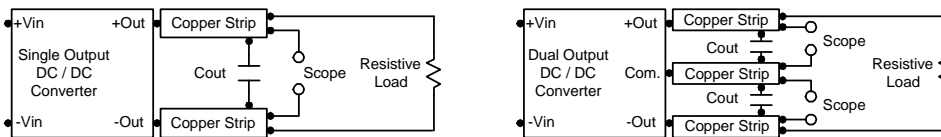
Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} (4.7uH) and C_{in} (220uF, ESR < 1.0Ω at 100 KHz) to simulate source impedance. Capacitor C_{in} , offsets possible battery impedance. Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0-500 KHz.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a 1uF ceramic capacitor and a 10uF tantalum capacitor. Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



Design & Feature Considerations

Remote On/Off

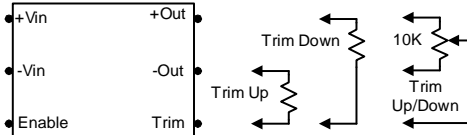
Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and off during a logic low. To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the -Vin terminal. The switch can be an open collector or equivalent.

A logic low is -1V to 1.0V. A logic high is 2.5V to 100V.

The maximum sink current at the on/off terminal (Pin 4) during a logic low is -100 uA. The maximum allowable leakage current of a switch connected to the on/off terminal (Pin 4) at logic high (2.5V to 100V) is 5uA.

Output Voltage Trim

Output voltage trim allows the user to increase or decrease the output voltage set point of a module. The output voltage can be adjusted by placing an external resistor (R_{adj}) between the Trim and +Vout or -Vout terminals. By adjusting R_{adj} , the output voltage can be change by {10% of the nominal output voltage.



A 10K, 1 or 10 Turn trimpot is usually specified for continuous trimming. Trim pin may be safely left floating if it is not used.

Connecting the external resistor (R_{adj-up}) between the Trim and -Vout pins increases the output voltage to set the point as defined in the following equation:

$$R_{adj-up} = \frac{(33 \times V_{out}) - (30 \times V_{adj})}{V_{adj} - V_{out}}$$

Connecting the external resistor ($R_{adj-down}$) between the Trim and +Vout pins decreases the output voltage set point as defined in the following equation:

$$R_{adj-down} = \frac{(36.667 \times V_{adj}) - (33 \times V_{out})}{V_{out} - V_{adj}}$$

V_{out} : Nominal Output Voltage

V_{adj} : Adjusted Output Voltage

Units: VDC/KΩ

Overcurrent Protection

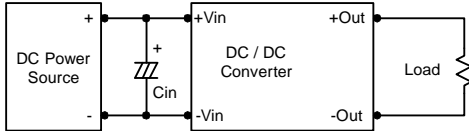
To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Overvoltage Protection

The output overvoltage clamp consists of control circuitry, which is independent of the primary regulation loop, that monitors the voltage on the output terminals. The control loop of the clamp has a higher voltage set point than the primary loop. This provides a redundant voltage control that reduces the risk of output overvoltage. The OVP level can be found in the output data.

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module. In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup. Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR <math>< 1.0\Omega</math> at 100 KHz) capacitor of a 33uF for the 12V input devices and a 10uF for the 24V and 48V devices.


Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance. To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 4.7uF capacitors at the output.


Maximum Capacitive Load

The MPW1000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output. The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time. The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 105°C. The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in a test setup.

