

## 2N4894 P-N PLANAR UNIJUNCTION SILICON TRANSISTORS

\*electrical characteristics at 25°C free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	2N4894		UNIT
		MIN	MAX	
$r_{bb}$ Static Interbase Resistance	$V_{B2-B1} = 3\text{ V}, I_E = 0$	4	12	k $\Omega$
$\alpha_{r,bb}$ Interbase Resistance Temperature Coefficient	$V_{B2-B1} = 3\text{ V}, I_E = 0,$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C to } 100^\circ\text{C},$ See Note 4	0.1	0.9	%/deg
$\eta$ Intrinsic Standoff Ratio	$V_{B2-B1} = 10\text{ V},$ See Figure 1	0.74	0.86	
$I_{B2(mod)}$ Modulated Interbase Current	$V_{B2-B1} = 10\text{ V}, I_E = 50\text{ mA},$ See Note 5	10		mA
$I_{EBO}$ Emitter Reverse Current	$V_{E02} = -30\text{ V}, I_{B1} = 0$	-10		nA
$I_P$ Peak-Point Emitter Current	$V_{B2-B1} = 25\text{ V}$	1		$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{E01(sat)}$ Emitter-Base-One Saturation Voltage	$V_{B2-B1} = 10\text{ V}, I_E = 50\text{ mA},$ See Note 5	4		V
$I_V$ Valley-Point Emitter Current	$V_{B2-B1} = 20\text{ V}$	2		mA
$V_{O11}$ Base-One Peak Pulse Voltage	See Figure 2	3		V

NOTES: 1. Temperature coefficient,  $\alpha_{r,bb}$ , is determined by the following formula:  $\alpha_{r,bb} = \left[ \frac{I_{r,bb} @ 100^\circ\text{C} - I_{r,bb} @ -55^\circ\text{C}}{I_{r,bb} @ 25^\circ\text{C}} \right] \frac{100\%}{155 \text{ deg}}$

To obtain  $r_{bb}$  for a given temperature  $T_{A(2)}$ , use the following formula:  $r_{bb(2)} = I_{r,bb} @ 25^\circ\text{C} [1 + (\alpha_{r,bb}/100) (T_{A(2)} - 25^\circ\text{C})]$

3. These parameters must be measured using pulse techniques.  $t_p = 300 \mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

\*Indicates JEDEC registered data.

