

# POSITION TRANSMITTER

DATA SHEET I

**FNR** 

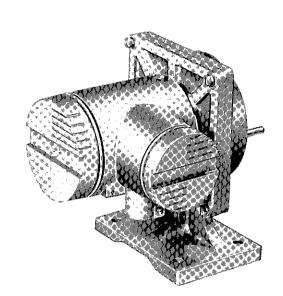
With its input shaft coupled with the shaft of the instrument to be measured, this position transmitter transfers the rotating angle of the input shaft to a non-contact induction potentiometer via a gear mechanism, and converts it by means of a transmitter into a current signal of 4 to 20mA DC proportional to the rotating angle so as to transmit the current signal to a receiver. This instrument is mainly used for transmitting valve and damper openings.

#### **FEATURES**

1. High reliability

Use of non-contact induction potentiometer assures a long life and high reliability.

 A variety of specifications can be satisfied Instruments designed for flame-proofing, intrinsically safe explosion-proofing, and provided with an arrester or applicable to various rotating angles are available.



#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

Input rotating angle:

0° to 60°, 0° to 90° or 0° to 120°

Rotating direction:

Clockwise or counterclockwise

Output signal: 4 to 20mA DC

Ripple content: 1.5% P-P (Approx. 25 kHz)

Allowable load resistance:

0 to 550Ω (at 24V DC)

Power supply:

13V to 33V DC

(26V DC or less in case of intrinsically

safe explosionproof type)

(27V DC or less when arrester equip-

ped)

100V/24V AC ±10%, 50/60 Hz

(see example of configuration on next

page)

Ambient temperature:

-30 to +80°C

(50°C max. for intrinsically safe ex-

plosionproof type)

(70°C max. for flameproof type) (60°C max. when arrester equipped)

Ambient humidity:

Less than 95% RH

Enclosure:

JIS C 0920 splash-proof type

Arrester: Built in transmitter case when specified Explosion-proof protection:

Intrinsically safe explosion proofing;

JIS i3nG5

Flameproofing

JIS d2G4

Mounting posture:

Horizontal

Conduit connection:

PF1/2 internal thread

Finish color: S

Silver

External dimensions (HxWxD):

210 x 183 x 257 mm

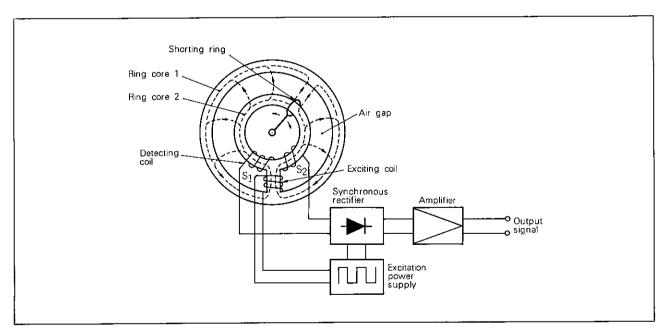
Mass: Allowance: Approx. 4.5 kg

Better than ±1% FS

## **CODE SYMBOLS**

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8						
FNR		•			1] [	Description
						Rotating angle, rotating direction
	1					0 to 60° Clockwise
	2					0 to 90° (opposite to the shaft)
	3		+-			to120°
	4					0 to 60° Counterclockwise
	5					O to 90° (opposite to the shaft)
	6					
						Explosion-proof protection
		1				General use (non-explosionproof)
		2				Intrinsically safe explosionproofing (i3nG5)
		3				Flameproofing (d2G4, flameproof conduit type connection)
		4				Flameproofing (d2G4, flameproof
		L				packing type connection)
						Arrester
			Υ			None
			A			Equipped (impossible when "2" is specified in 5th digit)
						Treatment
				Υ		General use
				В		Acid and alkali-proofing

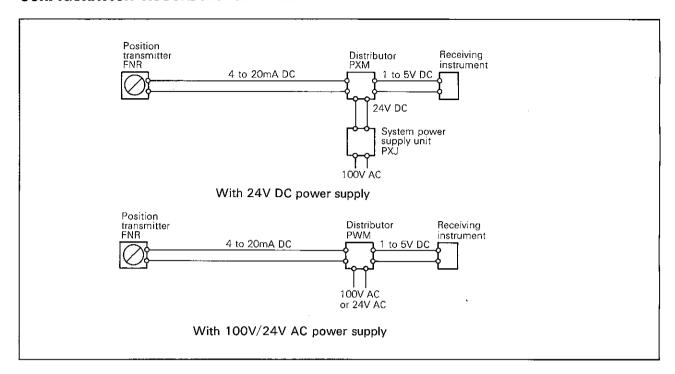
### PRINCIPLE of INDACTION POTENTIOMETER



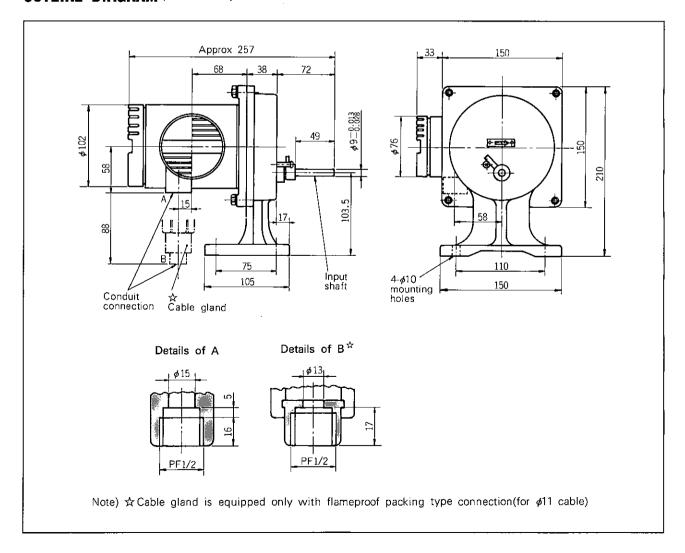
When the shorting ring is positioned at the center, the magnetic flux on left and right sides is equal, and the voltage generated at detecting coils  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  is also equal. But if the ring rotates to the right, then the magnetic flux

at  $S_1$  increases while that at  $S_2$  decreases. By utilizing this difference, an output voltage proportional to the ring displacement (or input rotating angle) is obtained.

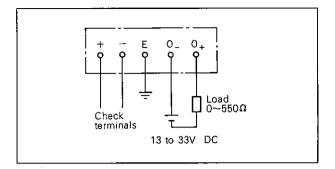
## CONFIGURATION ACCORDING to TYPE of POWER SUPPLY



#### **OUTLINE DIAGRAM** (Unit:mm)



### **CONNECTION DIAGRAMS**



## SCOPE of DELIVERY

Position transmitter

## ORDERING INFORMATION

- 1. Product name
- 2. Code symbols
- 3. Rotating angle
- 4. Whether, explosionproofing, arrester required
- 5. Other requirements

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