



LK202-25-USB
Technical Manual

Revision: 1.1

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1 Getting Started



The LK202-25-USB is an intelligent LCD display designed to decrease development time by providing an instant solution to any project. With the ability to communicate via USB protocol, the versatile LK202-25-USB can be easily interfaced to any PC or USB device. The ease of use is further enhanced by an intuitive command structure to allow display settings such as backlight brightness, contrast and baud rate to be software controlled. Additionally, up to thirty-two custom characters such as character sets for bar graphs, medium, and large numbers may be stored in the non-volatile memory to be easily recalled and displayed at any time.

1.1 Display Options Available

The LK202-25-USB comes in a wide variety of colors, and an extended temperature option is also available, to allow you to select the display which will best fit your project needs. These options can be found on our e-commerce website at <http://www.matrixorbital.com>. To contact a sales associate for more information on any of these options, see Section 14.6 on page 55 for contact information.

1.2 Accessories

NOTE Matrix Orbital provides all the interface accessories needed to get your display up and running. You will find these accessories and others on our e-commerce website at <http://www.matrixorbital.com>. To contact a sales associate see Section 14.6 on page 55 for contact information.



Figure 1: 3ft mini-B USB



Figure 2: Keypad Mountings



Figure 3: Mounting Kits



Figure 4: 4X4 Keypad

1.3 Features

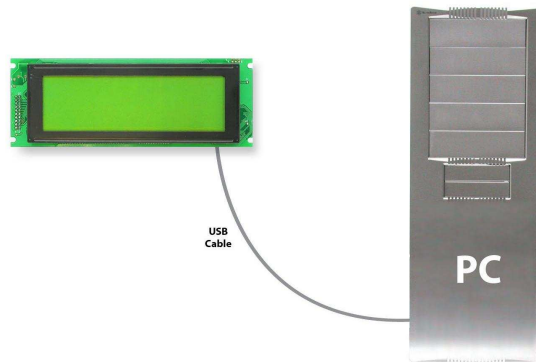
- 20 column by 2 line alphanumeric liquid crystal display
- USB communication protocol
- Six, 5V -20mA, general purpose outputs for a variety of applications
- Lightning fast communication speeds, up to 115.2 kbps
- Default 19.2 kbps serial communication speed
- Extended temperature option available for extreme environments of -20C to 70C
- Built in font with provision for up to 8 user defined characters
- Standard Dallas One-Wire bus that is capable of communicating with up to 32

- Fully buffered so that no delays in transmission are ever necessary
- Ability to add a customized splash / startup screen
- Software controlled contrast and brightness with configurable time-out setting up to 90 minutes
- Use of up to a 25 key keypad with a 10 key buffer
- Horizontal or vertical bar graphs
- Fits Matrix Orbital's mountings without any modifications

1.4 Connecting to a PC

The LK202-25-USB connects seamlessly to a PC and it is an excellent means of testing the functionality. To connect your display to a PC, you will require a USB cable such as the one pictured in *figure 1 on page 2*.

1. In order to connect your USB display to a personal computer simply plug the mini-B USB cable from the PC to the USB connector on the display.



NOTE The LK202-25-USB unit can also be powered via a standard PC power cable, shown in figure 5.

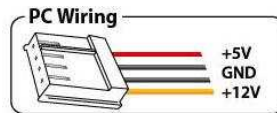


Figure 5: Alternate Display Power Cable

1.5 Installing the Software

1.5.1 Drivers

In order to communicate with any Matrix Orbital USB display, the proper drivers for the unit must first be correctly installed on the controlling PC or device. To preform this operation, follow the steps listed

below:

1. Go to the website location: <http://www.matrixorbital.ca/drivers/>
2. Download or copy the appropriate USB drivers into a directory.
3. Uncompress the files. They will be a self extracting ZIP file.
4. Connect the USB cable to the display and the computer.
5. Windows will give a prompt for drivers for a USB , Serial Device.
6. Select 'Specify location', and navigate to the directory the file was uncompressed to.
7. Test the display using a software tool such as uProject.

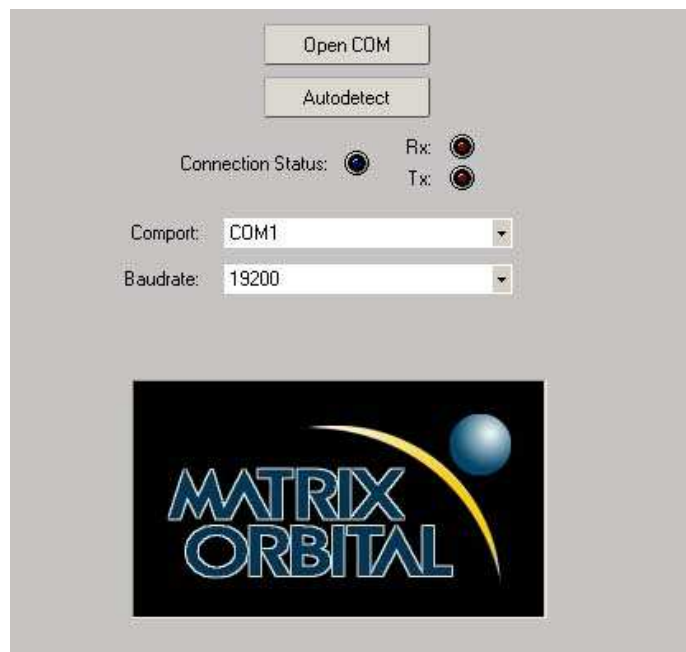
1.5.2 uProject

uProject was designed by Matrix Orbital to provide a simple and easy to use interface that will allow you to test all of the features of our alpha numeric displays.

To install uProject from the Matrix Orbital website, follow the following steps:

1. Go to the website location: http://www.matrixorbital.ca/software/software_alpha/uproject/
2. Click on "Download Here"
3. Locate the file uProject.exe on your desktop
4. Double click on "uProject.exe"

Be sure to check the information selected in the COM Setup the first time uProject is run. Although the display is connected via a USB Cable, it will create its own, virtual, Comport which will be displayed in the uProject environment. Once this information is entered correctly the program can be used to control all functions of the graphic display.



Comport

The virtual serial port the display has created.

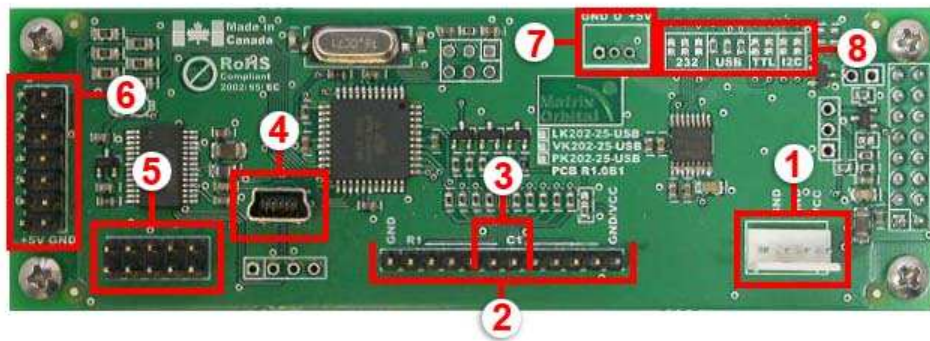
Baudrate

The communication speed the display module is set to. (Default 19,200)

Figure 6: uProject Settings

2 Hardware Information

Refer to the following diagram for this chapter:

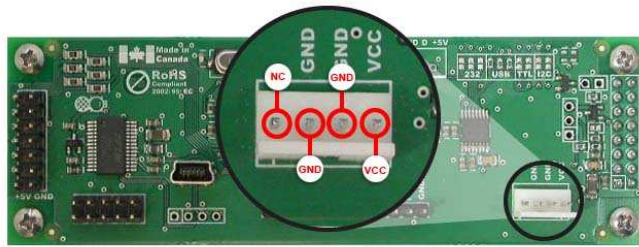


- | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1 Power Connector | 5 Optional Serial Header |
| 2 Keypad Header | 6 GPOs |
| 3 Manual Override | 7 Optional Dallas 1-Wire Bridge |
| 4 USB Header | 8 Protocol Select Jumpers |

Figure 7: LK202-25-USB

2.1 Power Connector

The LK202-25-USB provides a *Power Connector* to allow the device to be powered externally. This connector can be coupled to the standard 4-wire power connector available in most PC power supplies. In order to power the device externally, you must remove one of the USB protocol select jumpers. The jumper to remove is the leftmost USB jumper as seen in *figure 15*.



- Pin 1** NC
- Pin 2** GND
- Pin 3** GND
- Pin 4** +5V

Figure 8: Alternate Power Connector

2.2 Keypad Interface Connector

The LK202-25-USB provides a *Keypad Interface Connector* which allows for up to a five by five matrix style keypad to be directly connected to the display module. The leftmost pin is connected to the ground reference for the unit, and can be used as a grounding connection for an attached keypad. In addition, the rightmost pin is also a ground pin by default, but is selectable as either ground or 5v power. Key presses are generated when a short is detected between a row and a column. When a key press is generated a character, which is associated with the particular key press, is automatically sent on the Tx communication line. The character that is associated with each key press may be altered using the “Assign Key Codes” command, for more detailed information see the *Keypad Section, on page 32*.

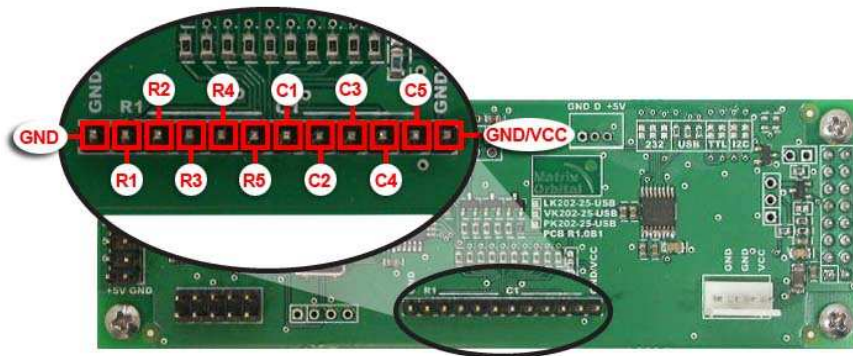


Figure 9: Keypad Interface Connector

2.3 Manual Override

The *Manual Override* is provided to allow the LK202-25-USB to be reset to factory defaults. This can be particularly helpful if the display module has been set to an unknown baud rate and you are no longer able to communicate with it. If you wish to return the module to its default settings you must:

1. Power off the display module.
2. Place a Jumper on the *Manual Override* pins.
3. Power up the display module.
4. The display module is now set to its default values listed below in *table 1*.
5. Edit and save settings.

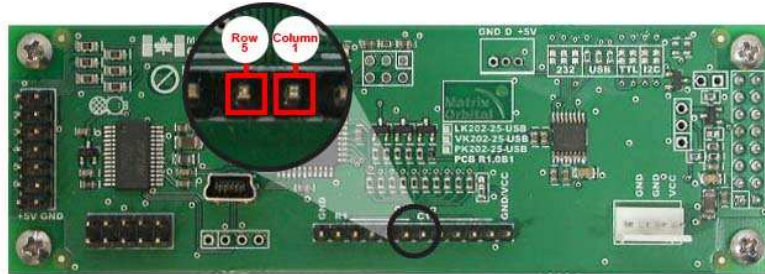


Figure 10: Manual Override Jumper

Table 1: Default Values

| | |
|-------------------|-----------|
| Brightness | 255 |
| Contrast | 128 |
| Baud Rate | 19.2 kbps |

NOTE The display module will revert back to the old settings once turned off, unless the settings are saved.

2.4 USB Header

The *USB Header* provides USB connector for communication and power of the display. An alternate power option for the display can be seen in *figure 8*

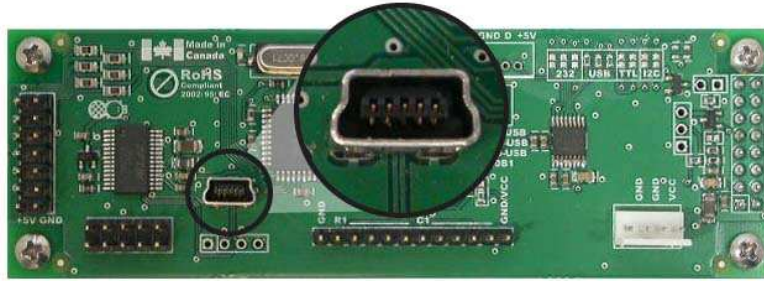


Figure 11: USB Header

Table 2: Power Requirements

| | Standard |
|--------------------------|----------------------|
| Supply Voltage | +5Vdc \pm 0.25V |
| Supply Current | 50mA (Backlight Off) |
| Backlight Current | 185mA (Backlight On) |



WARNINGS

- Do not apply any power with reversed polarization.
 - Do not apply any voltage other than the specified voltage.
-

2.5 Serial Header

The LK202-25-USB also offers an alternative, *Serial Header* option to permit serial communication with the device. Please note the the display normally does not come with the *Serial Header*, it will have to be ordered as a custom. Please talk to your sales representative if you would like this option.

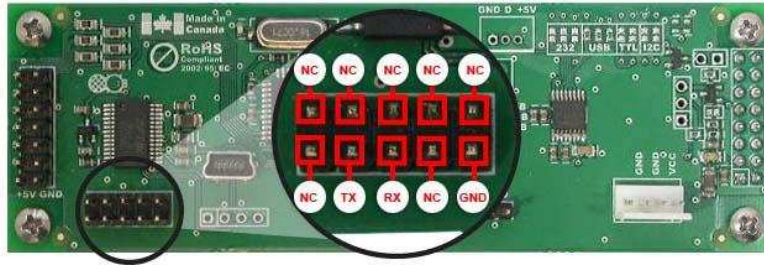
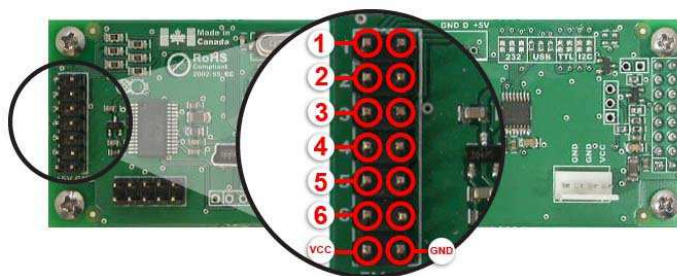


Figure 12: Serial Header

NOTE This component is optional and must be custom ordered

2.6 General Purpose Outputs

A unique feature of the LK202-25-USB is the ability to control relays and other external devices using a *General Purpose Output*, which can provide up to 20 mA of current and +5Vdc from the positive side of the GPO. This is limited by a 240 ohm resistor which is located to the above right of the GPOs as pictured below in *figure 13*. If the device, which is being driven by a GPO, requires a relatively high current (such as a relay) and has an internal resistance of its own greater than 250 ohms, then the 240 ohm resistor may be removed and replaced with a Jumper.



GND Ground (0VDC)
GPO +5VDC at 20 mA

Figure 13: General Purpose Output



WARNING If connecting a relay, be sure that it is fully clamped using a diode and capacitor in order to absorb any electro-motive force (EMF) which will be generated.

2.7 Dallas 1-Wire Bridge

In addition to the six general purpose outputs the LK202-25-USB offers a standard Dallas One-Wire bridge, to allow for an additional thirty two 1-wire devices to be connected to the display.

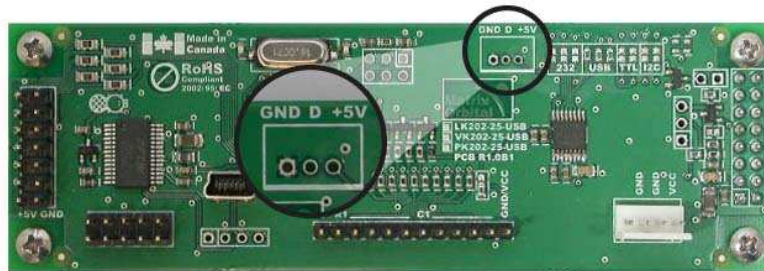


Figure 14: Dallas 1-Wire Bridge

NOTE This component is optional and must be custom ordered

2.8 Protocol Select Jumpers

The *Protocol Select Jumpers*, pictured below in *figure 15*, provide the means necessary to toggle the display module between USB power and external power. As a default, the jumpers are set to USB mode with solder jumps on the USB jumpers. In order to place the display module in external power mode you must first remove the leftmost solder jump from the USB jumpers, as shown in *figure 15*. The display cannot be used in RS232, TTL, or I2C mode.

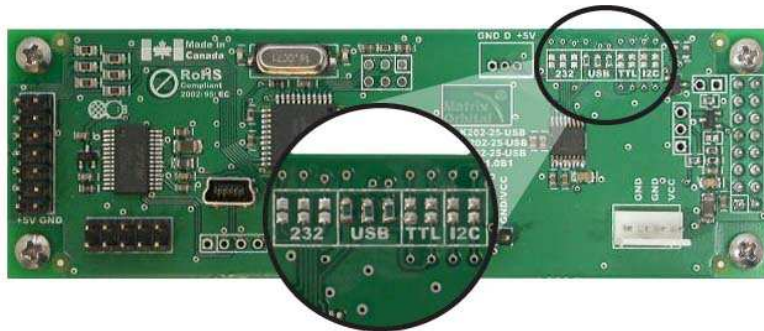


Figure 15: Protocol Select Jumpers

3 Troubleshooting

3.1 The display does not turn on when power is applied.

- First, check the *USB cable* which you are using for continuity. If you don't have an ohm meter, try using a different *USB cable*, if this does not help try using a different power supply.
- Second, ensure that the correct drivers are properly installed. For the latest drivers, visit the Matrix Orbital website at <http://www.matrixorbital.ca/drivers/>. If you require additional support to resolve this matter, please contact Matrix Orbital using one of the methods described in section **14.6 on page 55**.
- The last step will be to check the *USB Cable* on the LK202-25-USB. If the *USB Cable* has become loose, or you are unable to resolve the issue, please contact Matrix Orbital, see section **14.6 on page 55** for contact information.

3.2 The display module is not communicating.

- First, ensure that the host system and display module are both communicating on the same baud rate. The default baud rate for the display module is 19200 bps.
- Finally, you may reset the display to its default settings using the *Manual Override Jumper*, see **Section 2.3 on page 8**.

3.3 The display module is communicating, however text cannot be displayed.

- A common cause may be that the contrast settings have been set to low. The solution to this problem is to adjust the contrast settings. The default setting that will work in most environments is 128.

NOTE Optimal contrast settings may vary according to factors such as temperature, viewing angle and lighting conditions.
If you are unable to resolve any issue please contact Matrix Orbital. See *14.6 on page 55* for contact information.

4 Communications

4.1 Introduction

The commands listed in this chapter describe how to configure data flow on the LK202-25-USB.

4.1.1 I²C Communication Summary

The LK202-25-USB is capable of communicating at 100 KHz in I²C mode, with 127 units addressable on a single I²C communication line. However, in order to communicate via I²C you must first ensure that pull up resistors, with a nominal value of 1K to 10K, are placed on the SCL and SDA communication lines coming from pins two and three of the Data / Power Connector respectively. Data responses by the module are automatically output via RS232, in case the host will be querying the module, it is necessary for the host to inform the module that its responses are to be output via I²C. This can be done by sending command 254 /160 / 0 to turn off auto transmission of data in RS232. This will keep the data in the buffer until the master clocks a read of the slave. The I²C data lines operate at 5V normally or 3.3V for -1U style units. The LK202-25-USB uses 8-bit addressing, with the 8th or Least Significant Bit (LSB) bit designated as the read/write bit, a 0 designates a write address and a 1 designates a read address. The default read address of the display module will be 0x51, whereas the write address is 0x50 by default. This address may be changed by using cmd 254 / 51 / <address>. The LK202-25-USB should only be sent addresses that are even (LSB is 0). When the I²C master wishes to write to the display, the effective address is \$50 (0101 0000) , since the LSB has to be 0 for an I²C master write. When the I²C master wishes to read the LK202-25-USB, the effective address is \$51 (0101 0001), since the LSB has to be 1 for an I²C master read.

If we take a standard Phillips 7 bit address of \$45 (100 0101), Matrix Orbital's LK202-25-USB would describe this Phillips I²C address as \$8A (1000 1010). The read address would be \$8B (1000 1011).

The unit does not respond to general call address (\$00).

When communicating in I²C the LK202-25-USB will send an ACK on the 9th clock cycle when addressed. When writing to the display module, the display will respond with a ACK when the write has successfully been completed. However if the buffer has been filled, or the module is too busy processing data it will respond with a NAK. When performing a multiple byte read within one I²C transaction, each byte read from the slave should be followed by an ACK to indicate that the master still needs data, and a

NAK to indicate that the transmission is over.

The LK202-25-USB has some speed limitations, especially when run in I²C mode. Here are some considerations when writing I²C code:

- * to be able to read the replies of query commands (eg. cmds 54, 55) the following command must be sent (only needs to be sent once, so this can be done somewhere in init): 254 / 160 / 0 this command puts the reply data in the I²C output buffer instead of the RS232 output buffer. Please note that due to a 16 byte output buffer, query commands that reply with more than 16 bytes cannot be read (eg cmd Get FileSystem Directory)

- * 3ms delay between the read commands
- * 625us delay in between data bytes within a transaction is necessary
- * 375us between transactions is necessary

NOTE These delays are conservative, and may be decreased based on performance

4.1.2 I²C Transaction Example

The typical I²C transaction contains four parts: the start sequence, addressing, information, and stop sequence. To begin a transaction the data line, SDA, must toggle from high to low while the clock line, SCL, is high. Next, the display must be addressed using a one byte hexadecimal value, the default to write to the unit is 0x50, while read is 0x51. Then information can be sent to the unit; even when reading, a command must first be sent to let the unit know what type of information it is required to return. After each bit is sent, the display will issue an ACK or NACK as described above. Finally, when communication is complete, the transaction is ended by toggling the data line from low to high while the clock line is high. An example of the use of this algorithm to write a simple “HELLO” message can be seen in 3.

Table 3: I²C Transaction Algorithm

| | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|
| START | Toggle SDA high to low |
| Address | 0x50 |
| Information | 0x48 0x45 0x4C 0x4C 0x4F |
| STOP | Toggle SDA low to high |

4.1.3 Serial Communication

In addition to being able to communicate via I²C the LK202-25-USB communicates natively through the RS-232 protocol at a default baud rate of 19,200 bps and is capable of standard baud rates from 9600 to 115,200 bps. Furthermore the LK202-25-USB is also capable of reproducing any non-standard baud rate in between using values entered into our baud rate generation algorithm and set through command 164 (0xA4). The display module communicates at standard voltage levels of -30V to +30V or at TTL levels of 0 to +5V by setting the *Protocol Select Jumpers* to TTL.

4.1.4 USB Communication

The LK202-25-USB is a USB device that offers identical communication protocol as the serial com port. capable of communicating via a USB interface. The USB communications are identical to the serial communications. Communication is via a virtual com port, which is created in the operating system by the drivers necessary to install the USB display. The LK202-25-USB communicating via USB is capable of baud rates of 19,200 bps to 115,200 bps. Other baud rates are subject to the limitation of the virtual com port driver. For further information regarding supported operating systems, and driver limitations please contact technical support.

4.2 Changing the I²C Slave Address

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x33 [adr] | | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--------|-------------|-----|---|---|--|
| | Decimal | 254 51 [adr] | | | | | | |
| | ASCII | 254 "3" [adr] | | | | | | |
| Parameters | <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Parameter</th><th>Length</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>adr</td><td>1</td><td>The new I²C write address (0x00 - 0xFF).</td></tr></tbody></table> | Parameter | Length | Description | adr | 1 | The new I ² C write address (0x00 - 0xFF). | |
| Parameter | Length | Description | | | | | | |
| adr | 1 | The new I ² C write address (0x00 - 0xFF). | | | | | | |
| Description | This command sets the I ² C write address of the module between 0x00 and 0xFF. The I ² C write address must be an even number and the read address is automatically set to one higher. For example if the I ² C write address is set to 0x50, then the read address is 0x51. | | | | | | | |
| <hr/> NOTE The change in address is immediate. <hr/> | | | | | | | | |
| Remembered | Always | | | | | | | |
| Default | 0x50 | | | | | | | |

4.3 Changing the Baud Rate

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x39 [speed] | | | | | | |
|------------|---|---|--------|-------------|-------|---|---|--|
| | Decimal | 254 57 [speed] | | | | | | |
| | ASCII | 254 "9" [speed] | | | | | | |
| Parameters | <table border="1"><thead><tr><th>Parameter</th><th>Length</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>speed</td><td>1</td><td>Hex value corresponding to a baud rate.</td></tr></tbody></table> | Parameter | Length | Description | speed | 1 | Hex value corresponding to a baud rate. | |
| Parameter | Length | Description | | | | | | |
| speed | 1 | Hex value corresponding to a baud rate. | | | | | | |

Description This command sets the RS-232 port to the specified [speed]. The change takes place immediately. [speed] is a single byte specifying the desired port speed. Valid speeds are shown in the table below. The display module can be manually reset to 19,200 baud in the event of an error during transmission, including transmitting a value not listed below, by setting the manual override jumper during power up. However, it should be noted that this command will be ignored until the manual override jumper is removed again.

| Hex Value | Baud Rate |
|-----------|-----------|
| 53 | 1200 |
| 29 | 2400 |
| CF | 4800 |
| 67 | 9600 |
| 33 | 19200 |
| 22 | 28800 |
| 19 | 38400 |
| 10 | 57600 |
| 8 | 115200 |

Remembered Always
 Default 19,200 bps

4.4 Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xA4 [speed]
 Decimal 254 164 [speed]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
|-----------|--------|---|
| speed | 2 | Inputed LSB MSB from baud rate formula (12-2047). |

Description This command sets the RS-232 port to a non-standard baud rate. The command accepts a two byte parameter that goes directly into the modules baud generator. Use the formula, $speed = \frac{CrystalSpeed}{8 \times DesiredBaud} - 1$ to calculate the [speed] for any baud rate setting. The speed can be anywhere from 12 to 2047 which corresponds to a baud range of 977 to 153,800 baud. Setting the baud rate out of this range could cause the display to stop working properly and require the Manual Override jumper to be set.

Remembered Always

Examples

Crystal Speed 16 Mhz

Desired BAUD 13,500

$$speed = \frac{crystalspeed}{8 * DesiredBaud} - 1 \quad speed = \frac{16,000,000}{8 * 13,500} - 1$$

$$speed = 148.15 - 1$$

$$speed = 147.15$$

- **LSB** = 0x93 (rounded)
- **MSB** = 0x00
- Intended Baud Rate: 13,500 baud Actual Baud Rate:
 $\frac{16,000,000}{8(147+1)} = 13,514$ Percent Difference: 0.1%

NOTES

- Results from the formula are rounded down to the nearest whole number (i.e 73.07 = 73).
 - This formula becomes less accurate as baud rates increase, due to rounding.
 - Place the speed result backwards into the formula to receive the actual baud rate.
($Baud = \frac{CrystalSpeed}{8(speed+1)}$)
 - The actual baud rate must be within 3% of the intended baud rate for the device to communicate.
-

5 Text

5.1 Introduction

The LK202-25-USB is an intelligent display module, designed to reduce the amount of code necessary to begin displaying data. This means that it is able to display all ASCII formatted characters and strings that are sent to it, which are defined in the current character set. The display module will begin displaying text at the top left corner of the display area, known as home, and continue to print to the display as if it was a page on a typewriter. When the text reaches the bottom right row, it is able to automatically scroll all of the lines up and continue to display text, with the auto scroll option set to on.

5.1.1 Character Set

| | | Higher 4-bit (D4 to D7) of Character Code (Hexadecimal) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|---|--------|-----------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---------|---|---|---|
| | | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | A | B | C | D | E | F |
| Lower 4-bit (D0 to D3) of Character Code (Hexadecimal) | 0 | CG RAM (1) | ± | | 0EP | PGEá | | | | | | | | 0R0T | | | |
| | 1 | CG RAM (2) | ≡ | | 1A0a | q0a1 | | | | | | | | Utyo | | | |
| | 2 | CG RAM (3) | 7 | | 2ER | bréfE | | | | | | | | °w&öx | | | |
| | 3 | CG RAM (4) | 2 | | #30S | csa&ö | | | | | | | | PW&ç | | | |
| | 4 | CG RAM (5) | 4 | | #4DT | dtat&ç | | | | | | | | '<g> | | | |
| | 5 | CG RAM (6) | 2 | | z&E | u&u&ab&ç | | | | | | | | †<g> | | | |
| | 6 | CG RAM (7) | 2 | | z&F | U&U&v&ç | | | | | | | | †<g> | | | |
| | 7 | CG RAM (8) | 7 | | '7&W | au&g&U&R&X&A&L&# | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 8 | CG RAM (1) | 7 | | 'C&H | X&h&x&é&y&÷&ç&K&R | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 9 | CG RAM (2) | 7 | | '>9 | I&Y&i&v&é&ö&í&ç&T&T&X&# | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | A | CG RAM (3) | z | | #&U | Z&J&z&é&U&A&Z&7&Z&U&F | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | B | CG RAM (4) | 7 | | #&+ | K&K&C&I&A&Z&L&N&V&# | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | C | CG RAM (5) | ≡ | | ,< | L&\&I&I&I&N&O&°&U&P&Z&O | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | D | CG RAM (6) | z | | — | M&O&M&°&I&Z&ö&#&°&P&T&≡ | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | E | CG RAM (7) | ≡ | | . | >N&^&n&°&Z&ö&ç&T&O&O&ç&B | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | F | CG RAM (8) | ≡ | | / | ?&O&L&O&A&Z&ç&°&°&O&O&Z | | | | | | | | | | | |

Figure 16: Character Set

5.1.2 Control Characters

In addition to a full text set, the LK202-25-USB display supports the following ASCII Control characters:

0x08 Backspace

0x0C Clear screen / New page

0x0D Carriage return

0x0A Line feed / New line

5.2 Auto Scroll On

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x51 |
| | Decimal | 254 81 |
| | ASCII | 254 “Q” |
| Description | When auto scrolling is on, it causes the display to shift the entire display’s contents up to make room for a new line of text when the text reaches the end of the last row. | |
| Remembered | Yes | |
| Default | On | |

5.3 Auto Scroll Off

| | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x52 |
| | Decimal | 254 82 |
| | ASCII | 254 “R” |
| Description | When auto scrolling is disabled the text will wrap to the top left corner of the display area when the text reaches the end of last row. | |
| Remembered | Yes | |

5.4 Clear Screen

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x58 |
| | Decimal | 254 88 |
| | ASCII | 254 “X” |
| Description | This command will immediately clear all of the contents of the display. | |
| Remembered | No | |

5.5 Changing the Startup Screen

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x40 |
| | Decimal | 254 64 |
| | ASCII | 254 “@” |
| Description | In order to change the text that is displayed by the LK202-25-USB when it starts up simply send the command bytes 254 64 followed by the characters that you wish to display, starting from the top left. This command will automatically line wrap the characters that are sent to it. | |
| Remembered | Yes | |

5.6 Set Auto Line Wrap On

| | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x43 |
| | Decimal | 254 67 |
| | ASCII | 254 “C” |
| Description | Enabling Auto Line Wrap will allow the cursor to automatically wrap over to the next line when the current line is full. | |

NOTE Line wraps may occur in the middle of a word.

Remembered Yes

5.7 Set Auto Line Wrap Off

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x44 |
| | Decimal | 254 68 |
| | ASCII | 254 “D” |
| Description | Disabling Auto Line Wrap will allow you to change the line configuration. The normally sequential progression becomes an alternating pattern. Rather than moving from line 1 to 2 to 3, the display will write from line 1 to 3 to 2. For a two line display, this means that a row’s worth of characters written between the first and second lines or after the second will not be displayed on the screen or wrapped. The four line models will see only an alteration in line flow. | |

Remembered Yes

5.8 Set Cursor Position

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x47 [col] [row] | |
| | Decimal | 254 71 [col] [row] | |
| | ASCII | 254 “G” [col] [row] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | col | 1 | Column |
| | row | 1 | Row |

Description This command will allow you to manually set the cursor position, which controls the text insertion point, by specifying the [col] and [row] of the new proposed cursor position.

NOTE If the cursor position is set past the end of a line it will wrap to the beginning of the next line.

Remembered No

5.9 Go Home

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x48
Decimal 254 72
ASCII 254 "H"

Description This command will return the cursor to the top left corner of the display area, identified as row one, column one.

Remembered No

5.10 Move Cursor Back

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4C
Decimal 254 76
ASCII 254 "L"

Description This command will move the cursor back one space. If this command is sent when the cursor is at the home position the cursor will wrap to the last row / column position if line wrap is on. Sending this command will not effect the text displayed on the module, however any characters that are sent will over write the current characters that are being displayed.

Remembered No

5.11 Move Cursor Forward

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4D
Decimal 254 77
ASCII 254 "M"

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | This command will move the cursor forward one space. If this command is sent when the cursor is at the bottom right position the cursor will wrap back to the home position if line wrap is on. Sending this command will not effect the text displayed on the module, however any characters that are sent will over write the current characters that are being displayed. |
| Remembered | No |

5.12 Underline Cursor On

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4A Decimal 254 74 ASCII 254 “J” |
| Description | This command will cause the LK202-25-USB to display an underline cursor at the current text insertion point. |
| Remembered | Yes |

5.13 Underline Cursor Off

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x4B Decimal 254 75 ASCII 254 “K” |
| Description | This command will turn the the underline cursor off. |
| Remembered | Yes |

5.14 Blinking Block Cursor On

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x53 Decimal 254 83 ASCII 254 “S” |
| Description | This command will cause the LK202-25-USB to display a block cursor at the current text insertion point. |
| Remembered | Yes |

5.15 Blinking Block Cursor Off

| | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x54 |
| | Decimal | 254 84 |
| | ASCII | 254 “T” |
| Description | This command will turn the block cursor off. | |
| Remembered | Yes | |

6 Special Characters

6.1 Introduction

The LK202-25-USB has the ability to create four different sets of eight custom characters and save them to internal banks of memory. Each set of eight can be recalled from memory at any time, and selected characters can be written to the display screen. Characters and sets can be created at any time, saved for later use, and displayed to the screen through the intuitive command structure described below.

6.2 Creating a Custom Character

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4E [refID] [data] | |
| | Decimal | 254 78 [refID] [data] | |
| | ASCII | 254 “N” [refID] [data] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | refID | 1 | Character reference ID (0-7). |
| | data | 8 | Character data. |

Description The LK202-25-USB allows for up to eight custom defined characters to be added onto the the character set. A custom character is a five by eight pixel matrix with each row represented by a byte value. For example:

| Custom Character 'h' | | | | | Decimal | Hex |
|----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|------|
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0x10 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0x10 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0x10 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 16 | 0x10 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 22 | 0x16 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 25 | 0x19 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 0x11 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 0x11 |

Each bit value of one, in the table, represents an on pixel, whereas a value of zero represents a pixel that is turned off. Therefore in order to define custom character 'h' you would send the command byte prefix 254 followed by the command 78. Next, you will have to select the memory location in which you wish to save the character in. The available memory locations for this command are zero through to seven. After sending the memory location, or [refID], you may then send the eight byte custom character data in sequence from the top to the bottom.

Once you have defined a custom character you may display it by sending the display module the [refID]. For example if a custom character was saved in position one, the command to display the custom character, at the current cursor position, would be simply to send the number one to the display module without quotes.

Remembered No

6.3 Saving Custom Characters

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC1 [Bank] [ID] [Data] | |
| | Decimal | 254 193 [Bank] [ID] [Data] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | Bank | 1 | Memory bank to save to (0-4). |
| | ID | 1 | Character ID (0-7) |
| | Data | 8 | Character Definition |

Description New to the LK202-25-USB has added five non-volatile memory banks for custom character storage. This is intended to allow you to create your own custom bar graphs, medium/large numbers and startup screen. However, each memory bank may be used to store a set of any eight custom characters; with the only provision being that memory bank zero contains the characters that will be used in the startup screen. By default the memory banks will be loaded as follows:

| [Bank] | Description |
|--------|----------------------------|
| 0 | Startup screen characters. |
| 1 | Horizontal bars |
| 2 | Vertical bars |
| 3 | Medium numbers |

In order to save new custom characters into a memory bank, follow the same process as you would for creating a custom character, see Section 6.2 on page 23, only use 254 193 [Bank Number] before sending the [ID] and character [Data].

Remembered Yes

6.4 Loading Custom Characters

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC0 [Bank]
 Decimal 254 192 [Bank]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|
| Bank | 1 | Memory bank to save to (0-4). |

Description This command is used to load the custom characters into the volatile memory so that they may be used. If custom bar graph or number characters are stored in the memory banks, this command may be used instead of initializing the bar graph / number. To use this command send the command bytes followed by the [Bank] that contains the custom character data that you want to retrieve.

Remembered No

6.5 Save Startup Screen Custom Characters

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC2 [refID] [data]
 Decimal 254 194 [refID] [data]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|
| refID | 1 | Character reference ID (0-7). |
| data | 8 | Character data. |

Description Using this command you may create the custom characters. that will be stored in memory bank zero, which will be used in the startup screen. For more information about creating custom characters see *Section 6.2 on page 23*.

NOTES

- Changes only take place once the power has been cycled.
- This command is the same as sending CMD 254 / 193 / 0 / [ID] / [DATA]

Remembered Yes

6.6 Initialize Medium Number

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x6D
Decimal 254 109
ASCII 254 "m"

Description This command will load the default medium number characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom medium numbers, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command to load your custom character data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Medium Numbers' command.

Remembered No

6.7 Place Medium Numbers

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x6F [Row] [Col] [Digit]
Decimal 254 111 [Row] [Col] [Digit]
ASCII 254 "o" [Row] [Col] [Digit]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|
| Row | 1 | The row number. |
| Col | 1 | The column number. |
| Digit | 1 | Medium number to place (0-9). |

Description This command will place a medium number (two columns high) at the [row] and [col] specified.

NOTE Medium Numbers must be initialized before this command is executed.

Remembered No

6.8 Initialize Horizontal Bar

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x68 |
| | Decimal | 254 104 |
| | ASCII | 254 "h" |
| Description | This command will load the default horizontal bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom horizontal bar data, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Horizontal Bar' command. | |
| Remembered | No | |

6.9 Place Horizontal Bar Graph

| | | | |
|-------------|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x7C [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] | |
| | Decimal | 254 124 [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] | |
| | ASCII | 254 "[" [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | Col | 1 | The column number. |
| | Row | 1 | The row number. |
| | Dir | 1 | The direction of the bar data (0 or 1). |
| | Length | 1 | The length of the bar data. |
| Description | This command will place a bar graph at [row], [column]. A [Dir] value of zero will cause the bar to go right, and one will cause the bar to go left. The [Length] is the size in pixels of the bar graph. | | |

NOTES

- Horizontal Bars must be initialized before this command is executed.
- Bar graphs may be one directional only.

Remembered No

6.10 Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar

| | | |
|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x73 |
| | Decimal | 254 115 |
| | ASCII | 254 "s" |

Description This command will load the narrow vertical bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom vertical bar data, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Vertical Bar' command.

NOTE Narrow bars have a width of two pixels.

Remembered No

6.11 Initialize Wide Vertical Bar

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x76
Decimal 254 118
ASCII 254 "v"

Description This command will load the wide vertical bar characters into the volatile memory. If you have stored your own custom vertical bar data, use the 'Load Custom Characters' command instead to load your custom bar data into the volatile memory. This command will allow you to use the 'Place Vertical Bar' command.

NOTE Wide bars have a width of five pixels.

Remembered No

6.12 Place Vertical Bar

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x3D [Column] [Length]
Decimal 254 61 [Column] [Length]
ASCII 254 "= " [Column] [Length]

| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
|------------|-----------|--------|-----------------------------|
| | Column | 1 | The column number. |
| | Length | 1 | The length of the bar data. |

Description This command will place a bar graph at the specified [Column] with the specified [Length]. The [Length] is the size in pixels of the bar graph.

NOTES

- A Vertical Bar style must be initialized before this command is executed.
- Bar graphs may be one directional only.

Remembered No

7 General Purpose Output

7.1 Introduction

General purpose outputs allow you to connect devices, such as LEDs, to the LK202-25-USB and supply them with up to 20mA of current at 5V. The LK202-25-USB has 6 GPOs which are software controlled, with functions to turn them on/off and set the power state for the next startup.

7.2 General Purpose Output Off

| | | | |
|-------------|--|-----------------|-------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x56 [Num] | |
| | Decimal | 254 86 [Num] | |
| | ASCII | 254 "V" [Num] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | Num | 1 | GPO number. |
| Description | This command turns OFF general purpose output [num]. | | |

NOTE OFF means that the output is pulled LOW.

Remembered Yes

7.3 General Purpose Output On

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|-------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x57 [Num] | |
| | Decimal | 254 87 [Num] | |
| | ASCII | 254 "W" [Num] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | Num | 1 | GPO number. |

Description This command turns ON general purpose output [num]. The standard GPO's on the LK202-25-USB output 20mA of current at 5V.

NOTE ON means the output is pulled HIGH.

Remembered Yes

7.4 Set Startup GPO state

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC3 [Num] [state]
Decimal 254 195 [Num] [state]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
|-----------|--------|-------------------------------|
| Num | 1 | GPO number. |
| state | 1 | Startup state (0: Off, 1: On) |

Description This command will set the startup state for the GPO on the next power up. A value of one will cause the GPO to be off on the next startup while a value of one will cause the GPO to be on.

NOTE This command does not affect the current state of the GPO.

Remembered Always

8 Dallas 1-Wire

8.1 Introduction

Another convenient feature of the LK202-25-USB is that it provides a Dallas 1-wire interface in order to readily communicate with up to thirty two 1-wire devices on a single bus. 1-wire communication is begun by discovering the address of the device that you wish to communicate with. To do this you must send the "Search for a 1-Wire Device" command. After you have established the address of the device that you wish to communicate with, you may begin a transaction with the device

8.2 Search for a 1-Wire Device

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC8 0x2
Decimal 254 200 2

Description This command will allow you to begin communicating with the devices on the 1-wire bus by returning a packet containing device information for each 1-wire device on the bus in the form of:

Search Return Packet

| Offset (Bytes) | Offset (Bytes) | Description |
|----------------|----------------|---|
| 0 | 2 | 0x232A Preamble |
| 2 | 1 | 0x8A Packet is 10 bytes long, another address will follow 0x0A Packet is 10 bytes long, this is the last address |
| 3 | 1 | 0x31 - 1-Wire Packet Type |
| 4 | 1 | Error Code (0x00 for success) |
| 5 | 8 | 1-Wire Address |
| 13 | 1 | CRC8 0x00 means the last address was valid |

Remembered No

8.3 Dallas 1-Wire Transaction

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xC8 0x1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data]
 Decimal 254 200 1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data]

| Parameter | Length | Description |
|-----------|----------|--|
| flags | 1 | Flags to control optional components of the transaction. |
| SndBits | 1 | The number of bits you will be transmitting on the bus. |
| RcvBits | 1 | The number of bits you will be reading on the bus. |
| Data | variable | Data to be transmitted, LSB to MSB. |

Description This command will perform a single transaction on the 1-wire bus in this order:

1. Bus Reset.
2. Transmit data onto the bus.
3. Receive data from the bus.

The number of bits to be transmitted and read must be specified for this command to be successful.

NOTE To determine what functions the device will respond to, consult the devices' data sheet.

1-Wire Flags

| Bit | Description |
|-----|---|
| 7 | |
| 6 | Unused |
| 5 | (0 for future compatibility) |
| 4 | |
| 3 | Add a CRC8 to the end of the transmitted data |
| 2 | (0 for future compatibility) |
| 1 | Assume last received byte is a CRC8 and validate it |
| 0 | Reset bus before transaction |

1-Wire Error Codes

| Code | Description |
|------|------------------------|
| 0x00 | Success |
| 0x01 | Unknown 1-Wire Command |
| 0x02 | No devices on the bus |
| 0x03 | Fatal search error |

Remembered No

9 Keypad

9.1 Introduction

The LK202-25-USB supports up to a 25 key, matrix style, keypad and may be configured to allow key presses to be automatically transmitted via USB. The LK202-25-USB also allows for auto-repeating key presses, and remapping of all keypad character codes.

The connector is not keyed so the keypad will probably plug in either of two ways. The display will not be damaged by reversing the connector. However, the keypad will generate a different ASCII character mapping for each position. If the connector has fewer than 10 pins it should be centered on the display

connector. The keypad is scanned whenever a key is pressed; there is no continuous key scan. This means that key presses are dealt with immediately without any appreciable latency. This also prevents electrical noise which is often caused by continuous key scans.

9.2 Auto Transmit Key Presses On

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x41 |
| | Decimal | 254 65 |
| | ASCII | 254 "A" |
| Description | In this mode, all key presses are sent immediately to the host system without the use of the poll keypad command. This is the default mode on power up. | |
| Remembered | Yes | |
| Default | On | |

9.3 Auto Transmit Key Presses Off

| | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4F |
| | Decimal | 254 79 |
| | ASCII | 254 "O" |
| Description | In this mode, up to 10 key presses are buffered until the unit is polled by the host system, via the poll keypad command 254 38. Issuing this command places the unit in polled mode. | |
| Remembered | Yes | |

9.4 Poll Key Press

| | | |
|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x26 |
| | Decimal | 254 38 |
| | ASCII | 254 "&" |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | This command returns any buffered key presses via the serial interface. The host system must be set up to receive key codes. When the display receives this command, it will immediately return any buffered key presses which may have not been read already. If there is more than one key press buffered, then the high order bit (MSB) of the returned key code will be set (1). If this is the only buffered key press, then the MSB will be cleared (0). If there are no buffered key presses, then the returned code will be 0x00. Please note that to make use of this command, the “Auto Transmit Key Presses” mode should be off. |
| Remembered | No |

9.5 Clear Key Buffer

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x45 Decimal 254 69 ASCII 254 “E” |
| Description | This command clears any unread key presses. In a menu application, if the user presses a key which changes the menu context, any following key presses may be inaccurate and can be cleared out of the buffer between menu changes to prevent jumping around the menu tree. It may also be used, in effect, to reset the keypad in case the host application resets for whatever reason. |
| Remembered | No |

9.6 Set Debounce Time

| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x55 [time] Decimal 254 85 [time] ASCII 254 “U” [time] | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|---|--------|-------------|------|---|---|
| Parameters | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter</th> <th>Length</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>time</td> <td>1</td> <td>Debounce time in increments of 6.554ms (0 - 255).</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Parameter | Length | Description | time | 1 | Debounce time in increments of 6.554ms (0 - 255). |
| Parameter | Length | Description | | | | | |
| time | 1 | Debounce time in increments of 6.554ms (0 - 255). | | | | | |
| Description | This command sets the time between key press and key read. All key types with the exception of latched piezo switches will ‘bounce’ for a varying time, depending on their physical characteristics. The [time] value is in increments of 6.554ms. The default debounce time for the module is 8 (about 52ms), which is adequate for most membrane keypads. | | | | | | |
| Remembered | Yes | | | | | | |
| Default | 8 | | | | | | |

9.7 Set Auto Repeat Mode

| | | | |
|-------------|---|------------------|---|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x7E [mode] | |
| | Decimal | 254 126 [mode] | |
| | ASCII | 254 “~” [mode] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | mode | 1 | Auto Repeat Mode (0: Resend Key , 1: Key Up/Down) |
| Description | Two auto repeat modes are available and are set via the same command: | | |

- **Resend Key Mode:** 0x00
- **Key Up/Down Mode:** 0x01

Resend Key Mode This mode is similar to the action of a keyboard on a PC. In this mode, when a key is held down, the key code is transmitted immediately followed by a 1/2 second delay. After this delay, key codes will be sent via the RS-232 interface at a rate of about 5 codes per second. This mode has no effect if polling or if using the I²C interface.

Key Up/Down Mode This mode may be used when the typematic parameters of the “Resend Key Code” mode are unacceptable or if the unit is being operated in polled mode. The host system detects the press of a key and simulates an auto repeat inside the host system until the key release is detected. In this mode, when a key is held down, the key code is transmitted immediately and no other codes will be sent until the key is released. On the release of the key, the key release code transmitted will be a value equal to the key down code plus 20 hex.

| | |
|------------|--|
| Remembered | Yes |
| Examples | When the key code associated with key 'P' (0x50) is pressed, the release code is 'p' (0x70). In RS-232 polled mode or via the I ² C, the “Key Down / Key Up” codes are used; however, the user should be careful of timing details. If the poll rate is slower than the simulated auto-repeat it is possible that polling for a key up code will be delayed long enough for an unwanted key repeat to be generated. |

9.8 Auto Repeat Mode Off

| | | |
|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x60 |
| | Decimal | 254 96 |
| | ASCII | 254 “” |

| | |
|-------------|--|
| Description | This command turns auto repeat mode off. See Set Auto Repeat Mode. |
| Remembered | No |

9.9 Assign Keypad Codes

| | | | |
|-------------|---|-------------------------|----------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xD5 [KDown] [KUp] | |
| | Decimal | 254 213 [KDown] [KUp] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | KDown | 25 | Key down codes |
| | KUp | 25 | Key up codes |
| Description | This command will allow you to reassign the key codes that correspond to the key presses on the matrix style key pad. The first 25 bytes that are transmitted will be used for the key down codes and the next 25 bytes that are transmitted will be used for the key up codes. | | |

| Key Down | | | | | | Key Up | | | | | |
|----------|---|---|---|---|---|--------|---|---|---|---|---|
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| 1 | A | B | C | D | E | 1 | a | b | c | d | e |
| 2 | F | G | H | I | J | 2 | f | g | h | i | j |
| 3 | K | L | M | N | O | 3 | k | l | m | n | o |
| 4 | P | Q | R | S | T | 4 | p | q | r | s | t |
| 5 | U | V | W | X | Y | 5 | u | v | w | x | y |

| | |
|------------|--------|
| Remembered | Always |
|------------|--------|

10 Display Functions

10.1 Introduction

The LK202-25-USB employs software controlled display settings, which allow for control over, clearing the screen, changing the brightness and contrast or setting timers for turning it on or off. The combination of these allow you complete software control over your display's appearance.

10.2 Display On

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x42 [min] | |
| | Decimal | 254 66 [min] | |
| | ASCII | 254 "B" [min] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | min | 1 | Minutes before turning the display on (0 to 90). |

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Description | This command turns the backlight on after the [minutes] timer has expired, with a ninety minute maximum timer. A time of 0 specifies that the backlight should turn on immediately and stay on. When this command is sent while the remember function is on, the timer will reset and begin after power up. |
| Remembered | Yes |
| Default | 0 |

10.3 Display Off

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x46 Decimal 254 70 ASCII 254 "F" |
| Description | This command turns the backlight off immediately. The backlight will remain off until a 'Display On' command has been received. |
| Remembered | Yes |

10.4 Set Brightness

| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x99 [brightness] Decimal 254 153 [brightness] | | | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--------|-------------|------------|---|--|
| Parameters | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter</th> <th>Length</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>brightness</td> <td>1</td> <td>Display brightness setting (0 to 255).</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Parameter | Length | Description | brightness | 1 | Display brightness setting (0 to 255). |
| Parameter | Length | Description | | | | | |
| brightness | 1 | Display brightness setting (0 to 255). | | | | | |
| Description | This command sets the display [brightness]. If the remember function is on, this command acts the same as 'Set and Save Brightness'. | | | | | | |
| Remembered | Yes | | | | | | |
| Default | 255 | | | | | | |

10.5 Set and Save Brightness

| Syntax | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x98 [brightness] Decimal 254 152 [brightness] | | | | | | |
|-------------|---|-------------------------------|--------|-------------|------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Parameters | <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Parameter</th> <th>Length</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>brightness</td> <td>1</td> <td>Backlight setting (0 to 255).</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Parameter | Length | Description | brightness | 1 | Backlight setting (0 to 255). |
| Parameter | Length | Description | | | | | |
| brightness | 1 | Backlight setting (0 to 255). | | | | | |
| Description | This command sets and saves the display [brightness] as default. | | | | | | |
| Remembered | Always | | | | | | |

10.6 Set Contrast

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x50 [contrast] | | | | | |
|-------------|--|----------------------------|--------|-------------|----------|---|----------------------------|
| | Decimal | 254 80 [contrast] | | | | | |
| | ASCII | 254 "P" [contrast] | | | | | |
| Parameters | <table><thead><tr><th>Parameter</th><th>Length</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>contrast</td><td>1</td><td>Contrast value (0 to 255).</td></tr></tbody></table> | Parameter | Length | Description | contrast | 1 | Contrast value (0 to 255). |
| Parameter | Length | Description | | | | | |
| contrast | 1 | Contrast value (0 to 255). | | | | | |
| Description | <p>This command sets the display's contrast to [contrast], where [contrast] is a value between 0x00 and 0xFF (between 0 to 255). Lower values cause 'on' elements in the display area to appear lighter, while higher values cause 'on' elements to appear darker. Lighting and temperature conditions will affect the actual value used for optimal viewing. Individual display modules will also differ slightly from each other in appearance. In addition, values for optimal viewing while the display backlight is on may differ from values used when backlight is off. This command does not save the [contrast] value, and is lost after power down; but this command has the option of remembering the settings when issued with the Remember function 'on'. When this is the case, this command is the same as the Set and Save Contrast command.</p> | | | | | | |

NOTE This command has only 32 levels for X-Board based displays, meaning eight contrast settings will have the same single effect. Effectively, values 0 through 7, 8 through 15, and so on will result in the same setting.

| | |
|------------|-----|
| Remembered | Yes |
| Default | 128 |

10.7 Set and Save Contrast

| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x91 [contrast] | | | | | |
|------------|--|----------------------------|--------|-------------|----------|---|----------------------------|
| | Decimal | 254 145 [contrast] | | | | | |
| Parameters | <table><thead><tr><th>Parameter</th><th>Length</th><th>Description</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>contrast</td><td>1</td><td>Contrast value (0 to 255).</td></tr></tbody></table> | Parameter | Length | Description | contrast | 1 | Contrast value (0 to 255). |
| Parameter | Length | Description | | | | | |
| contrast | 1 | Contrast value (0 to 255). | | | | | |

Description This command sets the display's contrast to [contrast], where [contrast] is a value between 0x00 and 0xFF (between 0 to 255). Lower values cause 'on' elements in the display area to appear lighter, while higher values cause 'on' elements to appear darker. Lighting conditions will affect the actual value used for optimal viewing. Individual display modules will also differ slightly from each other in appearance. In addition, values for optimal viewing while the display backlight is on may differ from values used when backlight is off.

NOTE This command saves the [contrast] value so that it is not lost after power down.

Remembered Yes
 Default 128

11 Data Security

11.1 Introduction

Ensuring that your LK202-25-USB display's exactly what you want it to can be the difference between a projects success and failure. This is why we incorporate features such as Data Lock into the LK202-25-USB. With this new feature you now are in control over of how and when settings will be changed so there is no need to worry about the module acting exactly like you expected it to because all the settings may be locked and remembered for the next power up.

11.2 Set Remember

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x93 [switch] | |
| | Decimal | 254 147 [switch] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | switch | 1 | 0: Do not remember, 1: Remember |

Description This command allows you to switch the remember function on and off. To use the remember function, set remember to on, then set all of the settings that you wish to save, settings that are listed as 'Remember: Yes' support being saved into the non-volatile memory. After you have set all of the commands that you wish to save, you may then cycle the power and check the display settings to ensure that all the settings have been saved. If you wish to use remember again after cycling the power, you must set it to on again.

NOTES

- Writing to non-volatile memory is time consuming and slows down the operation of the display.
 - Non-volatile memory has a 'write limit' and may only be changed approximately 100,000 times.
-

Remembered No
 Default Do not remember

11.3 Data Lock

| | | | |
|------------|-------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xCA 0xF5 0xA0 [level] | |
| | Decimal | 254 202 245 160 [level] | |
| Parameters | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | level | 1 | Sets the data lock level |

Description

Paranoia allows you to lock the module from displaying information, as well as enables the protection of the filesystem and module settings.

Each bit corresponds corresponds to a different lock level, while sending a zero will unlock your display as the following tables explains:

| Bit | Data Lock Level | Description |
|-----|--------------------------|--|
| 0-2 | Reserved | Should be left 0 |
| 3 | Communication Speed Lock | When this bit is set (1) the Baud Rate and I ² C Slave address are locked |
| 4 | Setting Lock | When this bit is set (1) the display settings such as backlight, contrast and GPO settings are locked. (Internal EEPROM) |
| 5 | Reserved | Should be left 0 |
| 6 | Command Lock | When this bit is set (1) all commands but commands 202/203 are locked. (cmd lock) |
| 7 | Display Lock | When this bit is set (1) the module is locked from displaying any new information. (text lock) |

NOTES

- Sending a new data lock level will override the previous data lock level.
 - Data lock levels may be combined.
-

Remembered Always
Default 0
Examples

| Hex | Dec | Binary | Description |
|------|-----|----------|--------------------------|
| 0x00 | 0 | 0 | Unlock |
| 0x50 | 80 | 01010000 | Setting and Command Lock |

11.4 Set and Save Data Lock

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xCB 0xF5 0xA0 [level]
 Decimal 254 203 245 160 [level]

| | | | | |
|-------------|---|-----------|--------|--------------------------|
| Parameters | <hr/> <hr/> | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | | level | 1 | Sets the data lock level |
| Description | This command will set and save the data lock level. See the Data Lock section for more information. | | | |
| Remembered | Always | | | |
| Default | 0 | | | |

11.5 Write Customer Data

| | | | | |
|-------------|---|------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x34 [data] | | |
| | Decimal | 254 52 [data] | | |
| | ASCII | 254 “4” [data] | | |
| Parameters | <hr/> <hr/> | Parameter | Length | Description |
| | | data | 16 | Writes the customer data |
| Description | Writes the customer Data. 16 Bytes of data can be saved in non-volatile memory. | | | |
| Remembered | No | | | |

11.6 Read Customer Data

| | | |
|-------------|--|-----------|
| Syntax | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x35 |
| | Decimal | 254 53 |
| | ASCII | 254 “5” |
| Description | Reads whatever was written by Write Customer Data. | |
| Remembered | No | |

12 Miscellaneous

12.1 Introduction

This chapter covers the 'Report Version Number' and 'Read Module Type' commands. These commands can be particularly useful to find out more information about the display module before contacting technical support.

12.2 Read Version Number

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x36
 Decimal 254 54
 ASCII 254 “6”

Description This command will return a byte representing the version of the module, see the following table as an example:

| Hex Value | Version Number |
|-----------|----------------|
| 0x19 | Version 1.9 |
| 0x57 | Version 5.7 |

Remembered No

12.3 Read Module Type

Syntax Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x37
 Decimal 254 55
 ASCII 254 “7”

Description

This command will return a hex value corresponding to the the model number of the module see the following table:

| Hex | Product ID | Hex | Product ID |
|-----|--------------------|-----|-----------------|
| 1 | LCD0821 | 2 | LCD2021 |
| 5 | LCD2041 | 6 | LCD4021 |
| 7 | LCD4041 | 8 | LK202-25 |
| 9 | LK204-25 | A | LK404-55 |
| B | VFD2021 | C | VFD2041 |
| D | VFD4021 | E | VK202-25 |
| F | VK204-25 | 10 | GLC12232 |
| 13 | GLC24064 | 14 | Unused |
| 15 | GLK24064-25 | 16 | Unused |
| 21 | Unused | 22 | GLK12232-25 |
| 23 | Unused | 24 | GLK12232-25-SM |
| 25 | GLK24064-16-1U-USB | 26 | GLK24064-16-1U |
| 27 | GLK19264-7T-1U-USB | 28 | GLK12232-16 |
| 29 | GLK12232-16-SM | 2A | GLK19264-7T-1U |
| 2B | LK204-7T-1U | 2C | LK204-7T-1U-USB |
| 31 | LK404-AT | 32 | MOS-AV-162A |
| 33 | LK402-12 | 34 | LK162-12 |
| 35 | LK204-25PC | 36 | LK202-24-USB |
| 37 | VK202-24-USB | 38 | LK204-24-USB |
| 39 | VK204-24-USB | 3A | PK162-12 |
| 3B | VK162-12 | 3C | MOS-AP-162A |
| 3D | PK202-25 | 3E | MOS-AL-162A |
| 3F | MOS-AL-202A | 40 | MOS-AV-202A |
| 41 | MOS-AP-202A | 42 | PK202-24-USB |
| 43 | MOS-AL-082 | 44 | MOS-AL-204 |
| 45 | MOS-AV-204 | 46 | MOS-AL-402 |
| 47 | MOS-AV-402 | 48 | LK082-12 |
| 49 | VK402-12 | 4A | VK404-55 |
| 4B | LK402-25 | 4C | VK402-25 |
| 4D | PK204-25 | 4E | Unused |
| 4F | MOS | 50 | MOI |
| 51 | XBoard-S | 52 | XBoard-I |
| 53 | MOU | 54 | XBoard-U |
| 55 | LK202-25-USB | 56 | VK202-25-USB |
| 57 | LK204-25-USB | 58 | VK204-25-USB |
| 5B | LK162-12-TC | 5C | Unused |
| 71 | Unused | 72 | GLK240128-25 |
| 73 | LK404-25 | 74 | VK404-25 |
| 77 | Unused | 78 | GLT320240 |
| 79 | GLT480282 | 7A | GLT240128 |

Remembered

No

13 Command Summary

13.1 Communications

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|---|-------------|-------------------|
| Changing the I ² C Slave Address | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x33 [adr] |
| | Decimal | 254 51 [adr] |
| | ASCII | 254 “3” [adr] |
| Changing the Baud Rate | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x39 [speed] |
| | Decimal | 254 57 [speed] |
| | ASCII | 254 “9” [speed] |
| Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xA4 [speed] |
| | Decimal | 254 164 [speed] |

13.2 Text

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|-----------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Auto Scroll On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x51 |
| | Decimal | 254 81 |
| | ASCII | 254 “Q” |
| Auto Scroll Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x52 |
| | Decimal | 254 82 |
| | ASCII | 254 “R” |
| Clear Screen | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x58 |
| | Decimal | 254 88 |
| | ASCII | 254 “X” |
| Changing the Startup Screen | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x40 |
| | Decimal | 254 64 |
| | ASCII | 254 “@” |
| Set Auto Line Wrap On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x43 |
| | Decimal | 254 67 |
| | ASCII | 254 “C” |
| Set Auto Line Wrap Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x44 |
| | Decimal | 254 68 |
| | ASCII | 254 “D” |
| Set Cursor Position | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x47 [col] [row] |
| | Decimal | 254 71 [col] [row] |
| | ASCII | 254 “G” [col] [row] |
| Go Home | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x48 |
| | Decimal | 254 72 |
| | ASCII | 254 “H” |

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|---------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Move Cursor Back | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4C |
| | Decimal | 254 76 |
| | ASCII | 254 “L” |
| Move Cursor Forward | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4D |
| | Decimal | 254 77 |
| | ASCII | 254 “M” |
| Underline Cursor On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4A |
| | Decimal | 254 74 |
| | ASCII | 254 “J” |
| Underline Cursor Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4B |
| | Decimal | 254 75 |
| | ASCII | 254 “K” |
| Blinking Block Cursor On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x53 |
| | Decimal | 254 83 |
| | ASCII | 254 “S” |
| Blinking Block Cursor Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x54 |
| | Decimal | 254 84 |
| | ASCII | 254 “T” |

13.3 Special Characters

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Creating a Custom Character | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4E [refID] [data] |
| | Decimal | 254 78 [refID] [data] |
| | ASCII | 254 “N” [refID] [data] |
| Saving Custom Characters | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC1 [Bank] [ID] [Data] |
| | Decimal | 254 193 [Bank] [ID] [Data] |
| Loading Custom Characters | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC0 [Bank] |
| | Decimal | 254 192 [Bank] |
| Save Startup Screen Custom Characters | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC2 [refID] [data] |
| | Decimal | 254 194 [refID] [data] |
| Initialize Medium Number | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x6D |
| | Decimal | 254 109 |
| | ASCII | 254 “m” |
| Place Medium Numbers | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x6F [Row] [Col] [Digit] |
| | Decimal | 254 111 [Row] [Col] [Digit] |
| | ASCII | 254 “o” [Row] [Col] [Digit] |
| Initialize Horizontal Bar | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x68 |
| | Decimal | 254 104 |
| | ASCII | 254 “h” |
| Place Horizontal Bar Graph | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x7C [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] |
| | Decimal | 254 124 [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] |
| | ASCII | 254 “i” [Col] [Row] [Dir] [Length] |

| Description | Syntax | | Page |
|--------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------|------|
| Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x73 | 27 |
| | Decimal | 254 115 | |
| | ASCII | 254 “s” | |
| Initialize Wide Vertical Bar | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x76 | 28 |
| | Decimal | 254 118 | |
| | ASCII | 254 “v” | |
| Place Vertical Bar | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x3D [Column] [Length] | 28 |
| | Decimal | 254 61 [Column] [Length] | |
| | ASCII | 254 “=” [Column] [Length] | |

13.4 General Purpose Output

| Description | Syntax | | Page |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------------------------|------|
| General Purpose Output Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x56 [Num] | 29 |
| | Decimal | 254 86 [Num] | |
| | ASCII | 254 “V” [Num] | |
| General Purpose Output On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x57 [Num] | 29 |
| | Decimal | 254 87 [Num] | |
| | ASCII | 254 “W” [Num] | |
| Set Startup GPO state | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC3 [Num] [state] | 30 |
| | Decimal | 254 195 [Num] [state] | |

13.5 Dallas 1-Wire

| Description | Syntax | | Page |
|----------------------------|-------------|--|------|
| Search for a 1-Wire Device | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC8 0x2 | 30 |
| | Decimal | 254 200 2 | |
| Dallas 1-Wire Transaction | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xC8 0x1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data] | 30 |
| | Decimal | 254 200 1 [flags] [SndBits] [RcvBits] [Data] | |

13.6 Keypad

| Description | Syntax | | Page |
|-------------------------------|-------------|-----------|------|
| Auto Transmit Key Presses On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x41 | 33 |
| | Decimal | 254 65 | |
| | ASCII | 254 “A” | |
| Auto Transmit Key Presses Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x4F | 33 |
| | Decimal | 254 79 | |
| | ASCII | 254 “O” | |

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|
| Poll Key Press | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x26 |
| | Decimal | 254 38 |
| | ASCII | 254 “&” |
| Clear Key Buffer | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x45 |
| | Decimal | 254 69 |
| | ASCII | 254 “E” |
| Set Debounce Time | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x55 [time] |
| | Decimal | 254 85 [time] |
| | ASCII | 254 “U” [time] |
| Set Auto Repeat Mode | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x7E [mode] |
| | Decimal | 254 126 [mode] |
| | ASCII | 254 “~” [mode] |
| Auto Repeat Mode Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x60 |
| | Decimal | 254 96 |
| | ASCII | 254 “” |
| Assign Keypad Codes | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0xD5 [KDown] [KUp] |
| | Decimal | 254 213 [KDown] [KUp] |

13.7 Display Functions

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|-------------------------|-------------|------------------------|
| Display On | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x42 [min] |
| | Decimal | 254 66 [min] |
| | ASCII | 254 “B” [min] |
| Display Off | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x46 |
| | Decimal | 254 70 |
| | ASCII | 254 “F” |
| Set Brightness | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x99 [brightness] |
| | Decimal | 254 153 [brightness] |
| Set and Save Brightness | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x98 [brightness] |
| | Decimal | 254 152 [brightness] |
| Set Contrast | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x50 [contrast] |
| | Decimal | 254 80 [contrast] |
| | ASCII | 254 “P” [contrast] |
| Set and Save Contrast | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x91 [contrast] |
| | Decimal | 254 145 [contrast] |

13.8 Data Security

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|--------------|-------------|--------------------|
| Set Remember | Hexadecimal | 0xFE 0x93 [switch] |
| | Decimal | 254 147 [switch] |

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|------------------------|---|------|
| Data Lock | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xCA 0xF5 0xA0 [level] | 40 |
| | Decimal 254 202 245 160 [level] | |
| Set and Save Data Lock | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0xCB 0xF5 0xA0 [level] | 41 |
| | Decimal 254 203 245 160 [level] | |
| Write Customer Data | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x34 [data] | 42 |
| | Decimal 254 52 [data] | |
| | ASCII 254 "4" [data] | |
| Read Customer Data | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x35 | 42 |
| | Decimal 254 53 | |
| | ASCII 254 "5" | |

13.9 Miscellaneous

| Description | Syntax | Page |
|---------------------|-----------------------|------|
| Read Version Number | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x36 | 42 |
| | Decimal 254 54 | |
| | ASCII 254 "6" | |
| Read Module Type | Hexadecimal 0xFE 0x37 | 43 |
| | Decimal 254 55 | |
| | ASCII 254 "7" | |

13.10 Command By Number

| Command | Description | Page | | |
|---------|-------------|-------|---|----|
| Hex | Dec | ASCII | | |
| 0x26 | 38 | "&" | Poll Key Press | 33 |
| 0x33 | 51 | "3" | Changing the I ² C Slave Address | 15 |
| 0x34 | 52 | "4" | Write Customer Data | 42 |
| 0x35 | 53 | "5" | Read Customer Data | 42 |
| 0x36 | 54 | "6" | Read Version Number | 42 |
| 0x37 | 55 | "7" | Read Module Type | 43 |
| 0x39 | 57 | "9" | Changing the Baud Rate | 15 |
| 0x3D | 61 | "=" | Place Vertical Bar | 28 |
| 0x40 | 64 | "@" | Changing the Startup Screen | 19 |
| 0x41 | 65 | "A" | Auto Transmit Key Presses On | 33 |
| 0x42 | 66 | "B" | Display On | 36 |
| 0x43 | 67 | "C" | Set Auto Line Wrap On | 20 |
| 0x44 | 68 | "D" | Set Auto Line Wrap Off | 20 |
| 0x45 | 69 | "E" | Clear Key Buffer | 34 |
| 0x46 | 70 | "F" | Display Off | 37 |
| 0x47 | 71 | "G" | Set Cursor Position | 20 |
| 0x48 | 72 | "H" | Go Home | 21 |

| Command | Description | Page | | |
|---------|-------------|-------|---------------------------------------|----|
| Hex | Dec | ASCII | | |
| 0x4A | 74 | “J” | Underline Cursor On | 22 |
| 0x4B | 75 | “K” | Underline Cursor Off | 22 |
| 0x4C | 76 | “L” | Move Cursor Back | 21 |
| 0x4D | 77 | “M” | Move Cursor Forward | 21 |
| 0x4E | 78 | “N” | Creating a Custom Character | 23 |
| 0x4F | 79 | “O” | Auto Transmit Key Presses Off | 33 |
| 0x50 | 80 | “P” | Set Contrast | 38 |
| 0x51 | 81 | “Q” | Auto Scroll On | 18 |
| 0x52 | 82 | “R” | Auto Scroll Off | 19 |
| 0x53 | 83 | “S” | Blinking Block Cursor On | 22 |
| 0x54 | 84 | “T” | Blinking Block Cursor Off | 22 |
| 0x55 | 85 | “U” | Set Debounce Time | 34 |
| 0x56 | 86 | “V” | General Purpose Output Off | 29 |
| 0x57 | 87 | “W” | General Purpose Output On | 29 |
| 0x58 | 88 | “X” | Clear Screen | 19 |
| 0x60 | 96 | “” | Auto Repeat Mode Off | 35 |
| 0x68 | 104 | “h” | Initialize Horizontal Bar | 27 |
| 0x6D | 109 | “m” | Initialize Medium Number | 26 |
| 0x6F | 111 | “o” | Place Medium Numbers | 26 |
| 0x73 | 115 | “s” | Initialize Narrow Vertical Bar | 27 |
| 0x76 | 118 | “v” | Initialize Wide Vertical Bar | 28 |
| 0x7C | 124 | “ ” | Place Horizontal Bar Graph | 27 |
| 0x7E | 126 | “~” | Set Auto Repeat Mode | 35 |
| 0x91 | 145 | | Set and Save Contrast | 38 |
| 0x93 | 147 | | Set Remember | 39 |
| 0x98 | 152 | | Set and Save Brightness | 37 |
| 0x99 | 153 | | Set Brightness | 37 |
| 0xA4 | 164 | | Setting a Non-Standard Baud Rate | 16 |
| 0xC0 | 192 | | Loading Custom Characters | 25 |
| 0xC1 | 193 | | Saving Custom Characters | 24 |
| 0xC2 | 194 | | Save Startup Screen Custom Characters | 25 |
| 0xC3 | 195 | | Set Startup GPO state | 30 |
| 0xC8 | 200 | | Dallas 1-Wire Transaction | 31 |
| 0xCA | 202 | | Data Lock | 40 |

14 Appendix

14.1 Specifications

14.1.1 Environmental

Table 68: Environmental Specifications

| | Standard Temperature | Extended Temperature |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Operating Temperature | 0°C to +50°C | -20°C to +70°C |
| Storage Temperature | -20°C to +70°C | -30°C to +80°C |
| Operating Relative Humidity | 90% max non-condensing | |
| Vibration (Operating) | 4.9 m/s ² XYZ directions | |
| Vibration (Non-Operating) | 19.6 m/s ² XYZ directions | |
| Shock (Operating) | 29.4 m/s ² XYZ directions | |
| Shock (Non-Operating) | 490 m/s ² XYZ directions | |

14.1.2 Electrical

Table 69: Electrical Specifications

| | |
|---|----------------------------|
| Supply Voltage | +5Vdc ±0.25V |
| Minimum Current | 45mA typical |
| Backlight On (YG, IY & FY) | add 130mA (175 mA) typical |
| Backlight On (R, FG & FA) | add 150mA (195 mA) typical |
| Backlight On (GW, WB, FW & FB) | add 60mA (105 mA) typical |

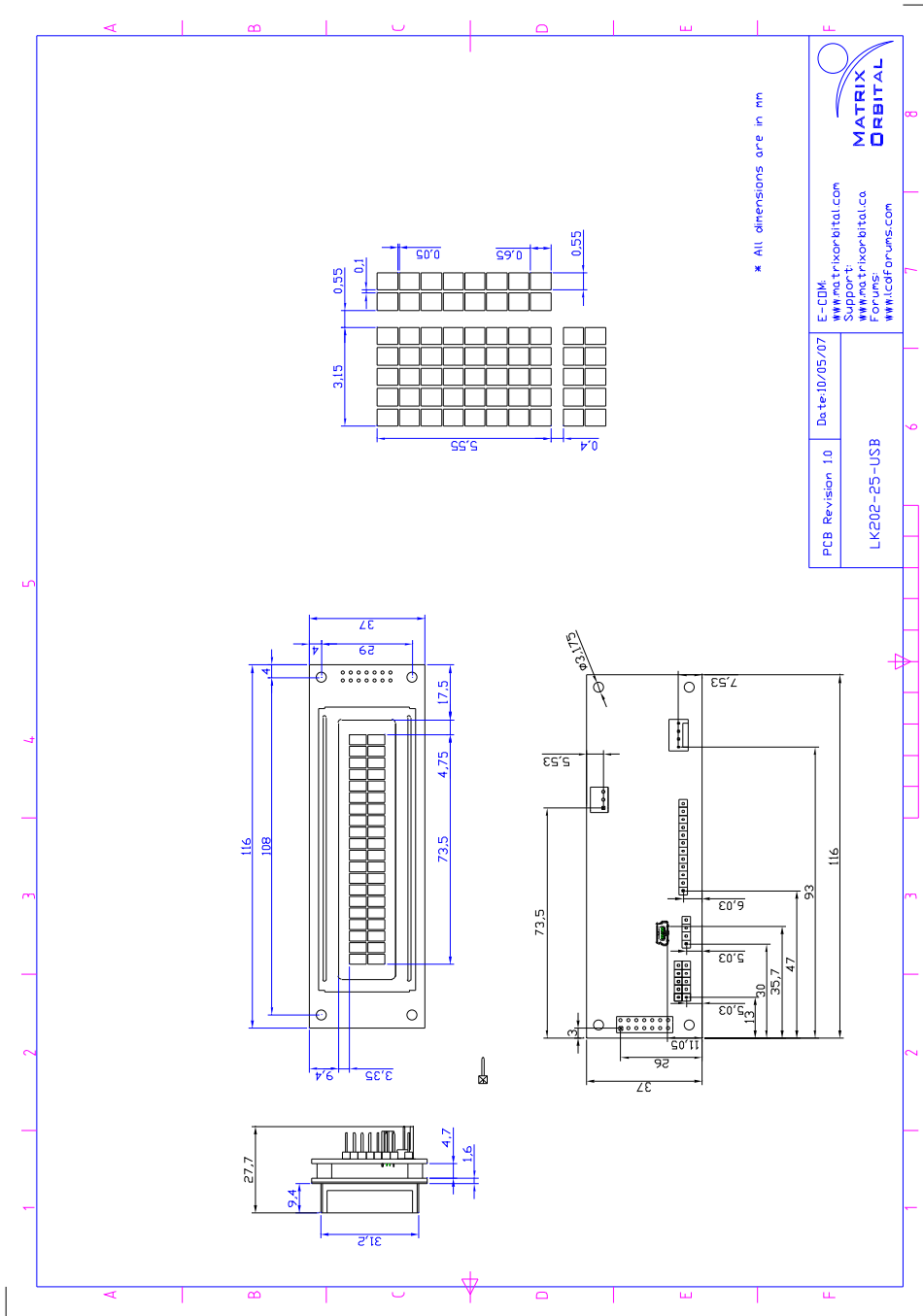
14.2 Optical Characteristics

Table 70: Optical Characteristics

| | |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Character x Lines | 20 columns x 2 rows |
| Module Size | 116.00 mm x 37.00 mm x 27.7 mm |
| Character Size | 3.20 mm x 5.55 mm |
| Active Area | 75.50 mm x 11.50 mm |
| LED Backlight Half-Life (YG, IY & FY) | 50,000 hours typical |
| LED Backlight Half-Life(R, FG & FA) | 20,000 hours typical |
| LED Backlight Half-Life (GW, WB, FW & FB) | 10,000 hours typical |

NOTE To prolong life, it is recommended that the backlight be turned off when the display is not in use.

14.3 Physical Layout



14.4 Ordering Information

| | | | | | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------|----------|------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| L | K | 20 | 2 | -25 | -USB | -FW | -E |
| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 |

Table 71: Part Numbering Scheme

| # | Description | Options |
|----------|-------------------------|--|
| 1 | Screen Type | L: Liquid Crystal Display* |
| 2 | Input Type | K: External Keypad |
| 3 | Width | 20: Twenty Character Columns |
| 4 | Height | 2: Two Character Rows |
| 5 | Keypad Buttons | -25: Twenty-Five Key Input Maximum |
| 6 | Protocol | -USB: Universal Serial Bus Only |
| 7 | Color (Text/Background) | NP: Standard Grey/Yellow-Green -GW: Grey/White -WB: White/Blue -R: Red/Black -IY: Yellow/Black (STN) -FA: Amber/Black -FB: Blue/Black -FG: Green/Black -FW: White/Black -FY: Yellow/Black (FFSTN) |
| 8 | Temperature | NP: Standard (0°C to +50°C) -E: Extended Temperature (-20°C to +70°C) |

Table 72: Part Options

NOTE * Also available with a Vacuum Florescent Display in the VK202-25-USB model

14.5 Definitions

E Extended Temperature (-20C to 70C)

GW Grey Text / White Background

WB White Text / Blue Background

R Inverse Red

IY Inverse Yellow

FA FFSTN Inverse Amber

FB FFSTN Inverse Blue

FG FFSTN Inverse Green

FW FFSTN Inverse White

FY FFSTN Inverse Yellow

MSB Most Significant Byte

LSB Least Significant Byte

14.6 Contacting Matrix Orbital

Telephone

Sales: 1(403)229-2737

Support: 1(403)204-3750

On The Web

Sales: <http://www.MatrixOrbital.com>

Support: <http://www.MatrixOrbital.ca>

Forums: <http://www.lcdforums.com>

14.7 Revision History

Table 73: Revision History

| Revision | Description | Author |
|-----------------|------------------------|---------------|
| 1.0 | Initial Manual | Clark |
| 1.1 | Updated Backlight Life | Clark |