

STRUCTURE Silicon Monolithic Integrated Circuit  
 NAME OF PRODUCT DC-AC Inverter Control IC  
 TYPE **BD9217F /BD9217FV**  
 FUNCTION

- 20V High voltage process
- 1ch control with Full-Bridge
- Lamp current and voltage sense feed back control
- Sequencing easily achieved with Soft Start Control
- Short circuit protection with Timer Latch
- Under Voltage Lock Out
- Mode-selectable the operating or stand-by mode by stand-by pin
- Automatic Judge function for External synchronization of lamp oscillation
- BURST mode controlled by PWM and DC input

○Absolute Maximum Ratings (T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply Voltage	VCC	20	V
REG PIN	VREG	15	V
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~+85	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55~+150	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	T <sub>jmax</sub>	+150	°C
Power Dissipation	Pd	※ <sup>1</sup> 1024 (BD9217FV)	mW
		※ <sup>2</sup> 688 (BD9217F)	

\*<sup>1</sup>Pd derate at 8.2mW/°C for temperature above T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C (When mounted on a PCB 70.0mm × 70.0mm × 1.6mm)

\*<sup>2</sup>Pd derate at 5.5mW/°C for temperature above T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C (When mounted on a PCB 70.0mm × 70.0mm × 1.6mm)

○Operating condition

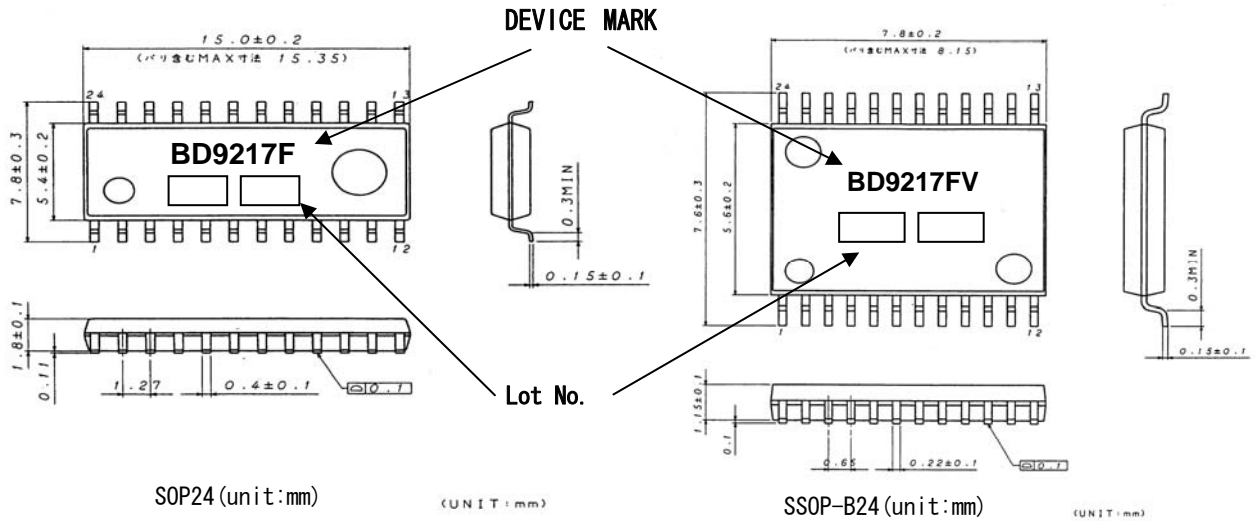
Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Supply voltage	VCC	7.5 ~ 19.5	V
oscillation frequency	FOUT	30 ~ 90	kHz
BCT oscillation frequency	FBCT	0.05 ~ 1.00	kHz

○ Electric Characteristics (Ta=25°C, VCC=12V)

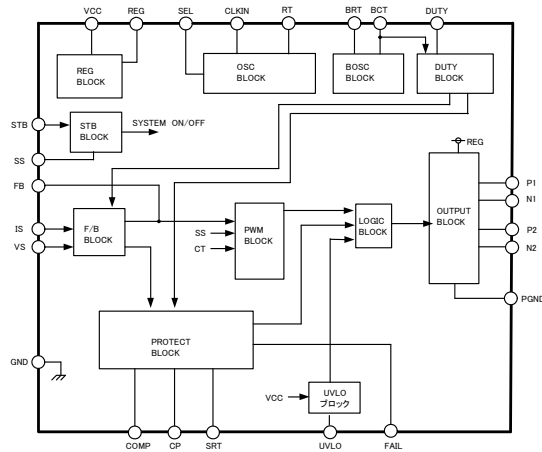
Parameter	Symbol	Limits			Unit	Conditions
		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.		
<b>((WHOLE DEVICE))</b>						
Operating current	Icc1	—	8.0	16	mA	FOUT=60kHz, FB=GND
Stand-by current	Icc2	—	10	30	μA	
<b>((STAND BY CONTROL))</b>						
Stand-by voltage H	VstH	2.0	—	VCC	V	System ON
Stand-by voltage L	VstL	-0.3	—	0.8	V	System OFF
<b>((UVLO BLOCK))</b>						
Operating voltage (VCC)	Vuvlo	6.65	7.00	7.35	V	
Hysteresis width (VCC)	$\Delta V_{uvlo}$	0.37	0.50	0.63	V	
Operating voltage (UVLO)	Vvlo u	2.4	2.5	2.6	V	
Hysteresis width (UVLO)	$\Delta V_{vlo u}$	0.075	0.100	0.125	V	
<b>((REG BLOCK))</b>						
REG output voltage	VREG	7.35	7.50	7.65	V	VCC > 8.5V
REG source current	IREG	20	—	—	mA	Source current
<b>((SOFT START BLOCK))</b>						
Soft start current	Iss	1.5	2.0	2.5	μA	
SS COMP detect voltage	VSS	2.3	2.5	2.7	V	
<b>((OSG BLOCK))</b>						
RT Output Voltage	VRT	1.05	1.50	1.95	V	
STR ON Resistor value	RSRT	—	100	200	Ω	
<b>((BOSC BLOCK))</b>						
BOSC Max voltage	VBCTH	1.94	2.00	2.06	V	fBCT=0.3kHz
BOSC Min voltage	VBCTL	0.40	0.50	0.60	V	fBCT=0.3kHz
BOSC constant current	IBCT	135/BRT	1.50/BRT	165/BRT	A	
BOSC frequency	FBCT	291	300	309	Hz	(BRT=36.2KΩ, BCT=0.047μF)
<b>((FEED BACK BLOCK))</b>						
IS threshold voltage	Vis	1.225	1.250	1.275	V	
VS threshold voltage	Vvs	1.220	1.250	1.280	V	
IS source current 1	Iis1	—	—	0.9	μA	DUTY=2.0V
IS source current 2	Iis2	40	50	60	μA	DUTY=0V, IS=1.0V
VS source current	Ivs	—	—	0.9	μA	
IS COMP detect voltage	VISCOMP	0.64	0.66	0.68	V	
<b>((OUTPUT BLOCK))</b>						
N output sink resistance	Rsink N	1.8	3.5	7.0	Ω	
N output source resistance	RsourceN	4.5	9.0	18.0	Ω	
P output sink resistance	Rsink P	1.8	3.5	7.0	Ω	
P output source resistance	RsourceP	4.5	9.0	18.0	Ω	
Drive output frequency	Fout	57.9	60.0	62.1	kHz	RT=28.5kΩ, FB=0V
MAX DUTY	MAXDUTY	—	48.0	—	%	FOUT=60kHz
OFF period	TOFF	100	200	400	ns	
<b>(( CT SYNCHRONOUS BLOCK ))</b>						
Input High voltage range	VCT_CLKIN H	2.5	—	5.0	V	
Input Low voltage range	VCT_CLKIN L	-0.3	—	0.5	V	
<b>((FAIL BLOCK))</b>						
FAIL High voltage	VFAIL H	2.95	3.1	3.25	V	
FAIL Low voltage	VFAIL L	-0.3	—	0.3	V	
<b>((SEL BLOCK))</b>						
Input High voltage range	VSEL H	5.0	—	15	V	
Input Low voltage range	VSEL L	-0.3	—	0.3	V	
<b>((TIMER LATCH BLOCK))</b>						
CP timer latch detect voltage	VCP	1.91	2.00	2.09	V	
CP timer latch charge current	ICP	0.85	1.05	1.25	μA	
<b>((COMP BLOCK))</b>						
COMP over voltage detect voltage	VCOMP	3.88	4.00	4.12	V	VSS > 2.4V
Hysteresis width (COMP)	$\Delta V_{comp}$	0.138	0.185	0.232	V	

(This product is not designed to be radiation-resistant.)

○Package Dimensions



○Block Diagram



○Pin Description

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION
1	PGND	Power Ground for FET drivers	13	CP	External capacitor between CP and GND for timer latch
2	N2	NMOS FET driver (Channel 2 side)	14	FAIL	Error Indication output pin Normal : H, Error : L
3	P2	PMOS FET driver (Channel 2 side)	15	SEL	Selector pin for external syncro-mode frequency REG(Pin 20) : Pull-up $f_{in}=F_{out}(DUTY=50\%)$ , Gnd-short : $f_{in}=F_{out} \times 2$
4	UVLO	Input of Under Voltage Lock Out	16	VS	Error amplifier input 1
5	CLKIN	CT Synchronous signal input	17	IS	Error amplifier input 2
6	RT	External resistor between RT and GND for adjustment frequency of saw tooth wave.	18	FB	Error amplifier output
7	SRT	External resistor between SRT and RT for adjustment frequency of kick-off	19	SS	External capacitor between SS and GND for Soft Start Control and detect the time of Soft Start
8	GND	Ground	20	REG	regulator output
9	BCT	External capacitor between BCT and GND for adjusting the BURST triangle oscillator	21	COMP	Input of over voltage detector
10	BRT	External resistor between BRT and GND for adjustment frequency of Burst dimming	22	VCC	Power supply input with UVLO Protection
11	DUTY	Control Burst-dimming by PWM signal or DC	23	P1	PMOS FET driver (Channel 1 side)
12	STB	Stand-by switch	24	N1	NMOS FET driver (Channel 1 side)

ONOTE FOR USE

1. When designing the external circuit, including adequate margins for variation between external devices and IC. Use adequate margins for steady state and transient characteristics.
2. The circuit functionality is guaranteed within of ambient temperature operation range as long as it is within recommended operating range. The standard electrical characteristic values cannot be guaranteed at other voltages in the operating ranges, however the variation will be small.
3. Mounting failures, such as misdirection or miscounts, may harm the device.
4. A strong electromagnetic field may cause the IC to malfunction.
5. The GND pin should be the location within  $\pm 0.3V$  compared with the PGND pin.
6. If the voltage between VCC and I/O pins or GND and I/O pins is in opposite from the normal potential difference, unusual current flow into pins may occur which can destroy the IC. To avoid such occurrence it is recommended to place protection diodes for prevention against backward current flow.
7. BD9217F/BD9217FV incorporate a built-in thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit). The thermal shutdown circuit (TSD circuit) is designed only to shut the IC off to prevent runaway thermal operation. It is not designed to protect the IC or guarantee its operation of the thermal shutdown circuit is assumed.
8. Absolute maximum ratings are those values that, if exceeded, may cause the life of a device to become significantly shortened. Moreover, the exact failure mode caused by short or open is not defined. Physical countermeasures, such as a fuse, need to be considered when using a device beyond its maximum ratings.
9. About the external FET, the parasitic Capacitor may cause the gate voltage to change, when the drain voltage is switching. Make sure to leave adequate margin for this IC variation.
10. By STB voltage, BD9217FV are changed to 2 states. Therefore, do not input STB pin voltage between one state and the other state (0.8~2.0V).
11. The pin connected a connector need to connect to the resistor for electrical surge destruction.

12. This IC is a monolithic IC which (as shown is Fig.1)has P<sup>+</sup> substrate and between the various pins. A P-N junction is formed from this P layer of each pin. For example, the relation between each potential is as follows,

- (When GND > PinB and GND > PinA, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic diode.)
- (When PinB > GND > PinA, the P-N junction operates as a parasitic transistor.)

Parasitic diodes can occur inevitably in the structure of the IC. The operation of parasitic diodes can result in mutual interference among circuits as well as operation faults and physical damage. Accordingly you must not use methods by which parasitic diodes operate, such as applying a voltage that is lower than the GND (P substrate) voltage to an input pin.

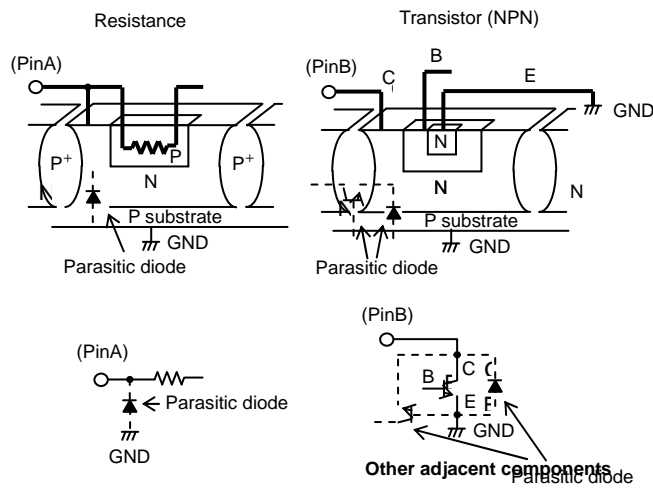


Fig.1 Simplified structure of a Bipolar IC

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