

LOW DROPOUT VOLTAGE REGULATOR

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2870 is low dropout voltage regulator designed for cellular phone application.

Advanced Bipolar technology achieves low noise, high ripple rejection and low quiescent current.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE

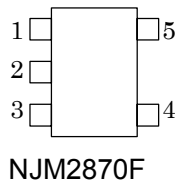


NJM2870F

■ FEATURES

- High Ripple Rejection $56\text{dB} \leq \text{RR} \text{ (DC} < f < 60\text{kHz)}$
66dB typ. (f=100Hz)
60dB typ. (f=1kHz)
- Output Noise Voltage $V_{no}=30\mu\text{V} \text{ (Cp}=0.01\mu\text{F)}$
- Output Current $I_o(\text{max.})=150\text{mA}$
- High Precision Output $V_o \pm 2\%$
- Low Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_{I-O}=0.12\text{V typ. (I}_o=60\text{mA, } V_o \geq 1.8\text{V)}$
- Input Voltage range +2~+14V ($V_o=1.5\text{V}$ Version)
- ON/OFF Control (Active High)
- Output capacitor with 4.7uF ceramic capacitor
- Internal Short Circuit Current Limit
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Bipolar Technology
- Package Outline MTP5 (MTP5: 2.8×2.9×1.1mm)

■ PIN CONFIGURATION

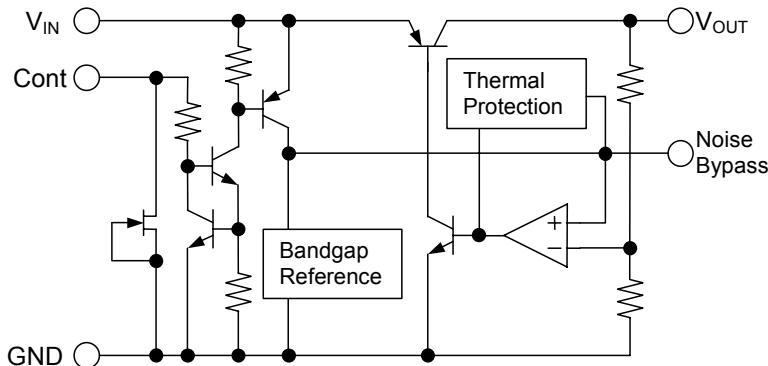


NJM2870F

PIN FUNCTION

1. CONTROL (Active High)
2. GND
3. NOISE BYPASS
4. V_{OUT}
5. V_{IN}

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta=25°C)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | RATINGS | UNIT |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------|------|
| Input Voltage | V_{IN} | +14 | V |
| Control Voltage | V_{CONT} | +14(note 1) | V |
| Power Dissipation | P_D | 200 | mW |
| Operating Temperature | T_{opr} | -40 ~ +85 | °C |
| Storage Temperature | T_{stg} | -40 ~ +125 | °C |

(note 1) When input voltage is less than +14V, the absolute maximum control voltage is equal to the input voltage.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{IN}=V_o+1V$, $C_{IN}=0.1\mu F$, $C_o=4.7\mu F$, $C_p=0.01\mu F$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---|----------------------------|--|------|------|------|---------------|
| Output Voltage | V_o | $I_o=30mA$ | -2% | - | +2% | V |
| Quiescent Current | I_Q | $I_o=0mA$, expect I_{cont} | - | 200 | 300 | μA |
| Quiescent Current at Control OFF | $I_{Q(OFF)}$ | $V_{CONT}=0V$ | - | - | 100 | nA |
| Output Current | I_o | $V_o-0.3V$ | 150 | 200 | - | mA |
| Line Regulation | $\Delta V_o/\Delta V_{IN}$ | $V_{IN}=V_o+1V \sim V_o+6V$, $I_o=30mA$ | - | - | 0.10 | %/V |
| Load Regulation | $\Delta V_o/\Delta I_o$ | $I_o=0 \sim 100mA$ | - | - | 0.03 | %/mA |
| Dropout Voltage | ΔV_{I-O} | $I_o=60mA$ | - | 0.12 | 0.2 | V |
| Ripple Rejection | RR | $e_{in}=200mV_{rms}$, $f=1kHz$, $I_o=10mA$ $V_{IN}=V_o+2V$, $V_o=3V$ Version | - | 60 | - | dB |
| Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage | $\Delta V_o/\Delta T_a$ | $T_a=0-85^\circ C$, $I_o=10mA$, $V_o=3V$ Version | - | 0.2 | - | mV/°C |
| Output Noise Voltage | V_{NO} | $f=10Hz-80kHz$, $I_o=10mA$, $V_o=3V$ Version | - | 30 | - | μV_{rms} |
| Control Voltage for ON-state | $V_{CONT(ON)}$ | | 1.6 | - | - | V |
| Control Voltage for OFF-state | $V_{CONT(OFF)}$ | | - | - | 0.6 | V |

(note 2) The above specification is a common specification for all output voltages.

Therefore, it may be different from the individual specification for a specific output voltage.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_o=1.5V$ Version, $V_{IN}=2.4V$, $C_{IN}=0.1\mu F$, $C_o=4.7\mu F$, $C_p=0.01\mu F$, $T_a=25^\circ C$)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|---|----------------------------|---|------|------|------|---------------|
| Output Voltage | V_o | $I_o=30mA$ | -2% | - | +2% | V |
| Quiescent Current | I_Q | $I_o=0mA$, expect I_{cont} | - | 200 | 300 | μA |
| Quiescent Current at Control OFF | $I_{Q(OFF)}$ | $V_{CONT}=0V$ | - | - | 100 | nA |
| Output Current | I_o | $V_o-0.3V$ | 150 | 200 | - | mA |
| Line Regulation | $\Delta V_o/\Delta V_{IN}$ | $V_{IN}=V_o+1V \sim V_o+6V$, $I_o=30mA$ | - | - | 0.10 | %/V |
| Load Regulation | $\Delta V_o/\Delta I_o$ | $I_o=0 \sim 100mA$ | - | - | 0.03 | %/mA |
| Ripple Rejection | RR | $e_{in}=200mV_{rms}$, $f=1kHz$, $I_o=10mA$ $V_{IN}=V_o+2V$ | - | 64 | - | dB |
| Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage | $\Delta V_o/\Delta T_a$ | $T_a=0-85^\circ C$, $I_o=10mA$ | - | 0.13 | - | mV/°C |
| Output Noise Voltage | V_{NO} | $f=10Hz-80kHz$, $I_o=10mA$, | - | 15 | - | μV_{rms} |
| Control Voltage for ON-state | $V_{CONT(ON)}$ | | 1.6 | - | - | V |
| Control Voltage for OFF-state | $V_{CONT(OFF)}$ | | - | - | 0.6 | V |

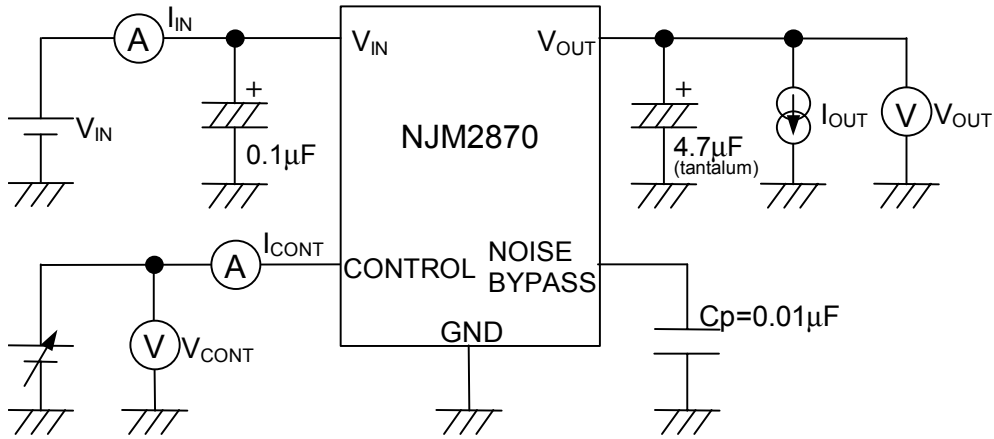
■ OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANK LIST

| Device Name | V _{OUT} |
|-------------|------------------|
| NJM2870F15 | 1.5V |
| NJM2870F18 | 1.8V |
| NJM2870F19 | 1.9V |
| NJM2870F02 | 2.0V |
| NJM2870F21 | 2.1V |
| NJM2870F23 | 2.3V |
| NJM2870F24 | 2.4V |
| NJM2870F25 | 2.5V |
| NJM2870F26 | 2.6V |

| Device Name | V _{OUT} |
|-------------|------------------|
| NJM2870F27 | 2.7V |
| NJM2870F28 | 2.8V |
| NJM2870F285 | 2.85V |
| NJM2870F29 | 2.9V |
| NJM2870F03 | 3.0V |
| NJM2870F31 | 3.1V |
| NJM2870F32 | 3.2V |
| NJM2870F33 | 3.3V |
| NJM2870F34 | 3.4V |

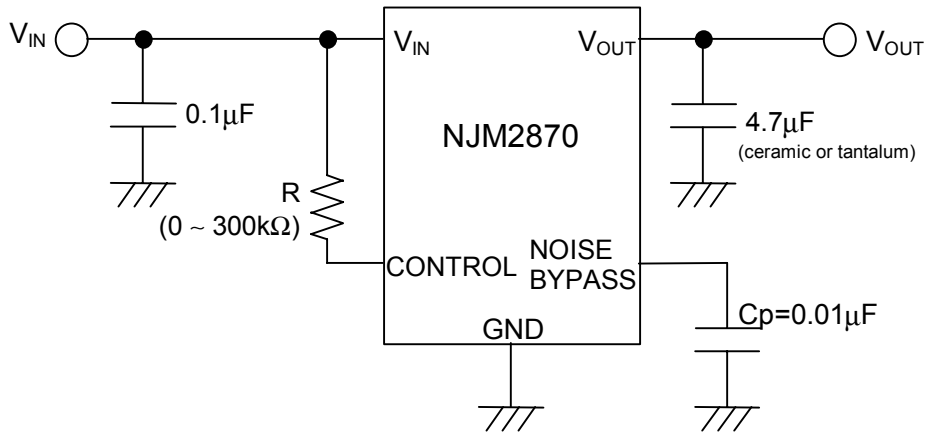
| Device Name | V _{OUT} |
|-------------|------------------|
| NJM2870F35 | 3.5V |
| NJM2870F36 | 3.6V |
| NJM2870F38 | 3.8V |
| NJM2870F04 | 4.0V |
| NJM2870F45 | 4.5V |
| NJM2870F46 | 4.6V |
| NJM2870F47 | 4.7V |
| NJM2870F48 | 4.8V |
| NJM2870F05 | 5.0V |

■ TEST CIRCUIT



■ TYPICAL APPLICATION

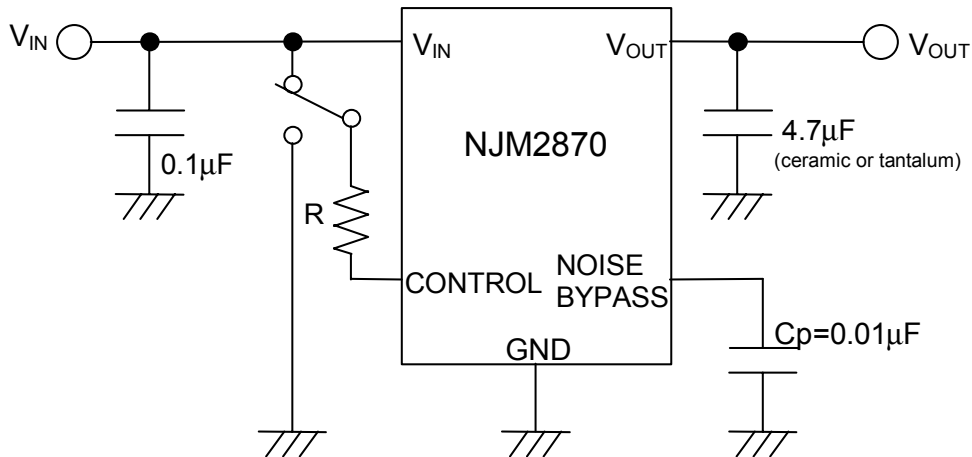
① In case that ON/OFF Control is not required:



Connect control terminal to V_{IN} terminal

The quiescent current can be reduced by using a resistance “R”. Instead, it increases the minimum operating voltage. For further information, please refer to Figure “Output Voltage vs. Control Voltage”.

② In use of ON/OFF CONTROL:



State of control terminal:

- “H” → output is enabled.
- “L” or “open” → output is disabled.

*Noise bypass Capacitance C_p

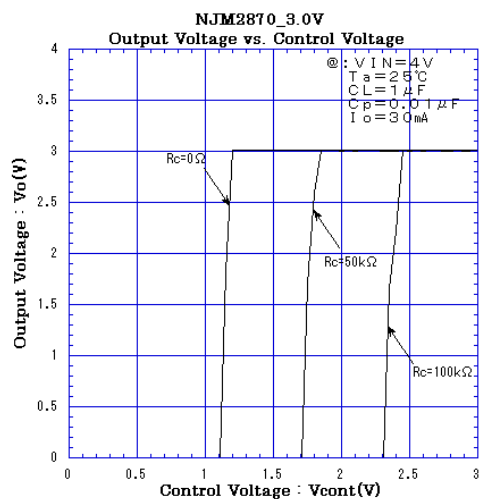
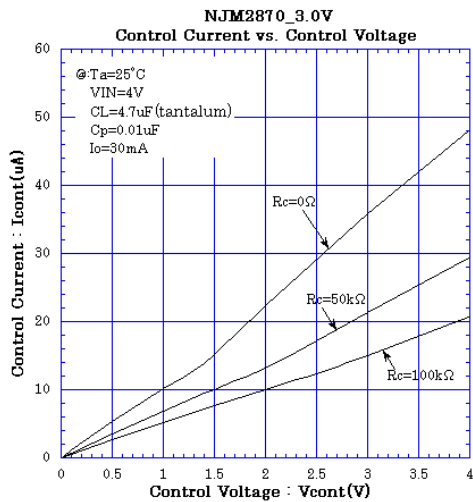
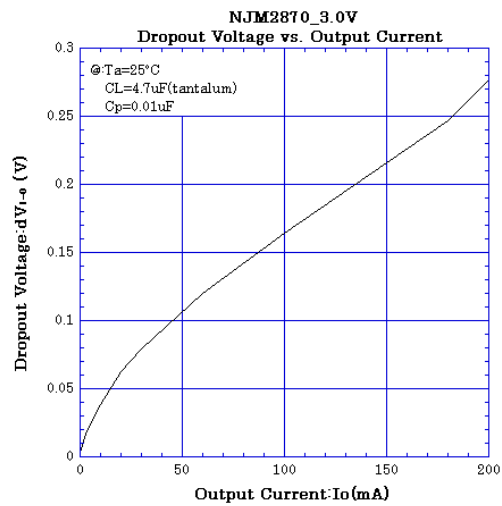
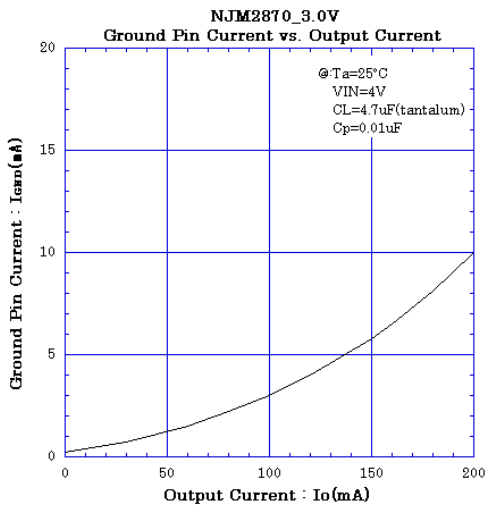
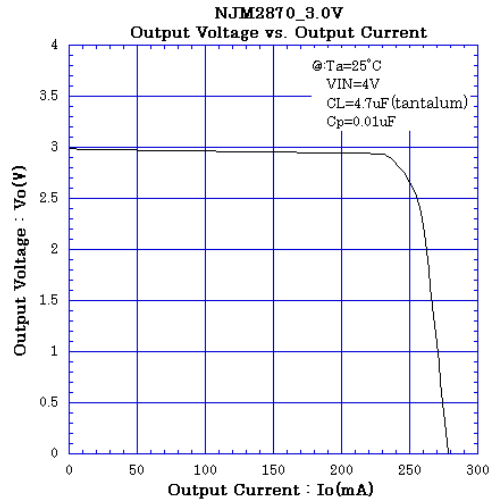
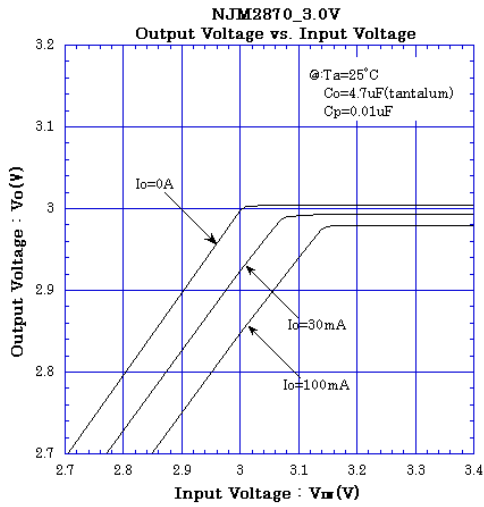
Noise bypass capacitance C_p reduces noise generated by band-gap reference circuit.

Noise level and ripple rejection will be improved when larger C_p is used.

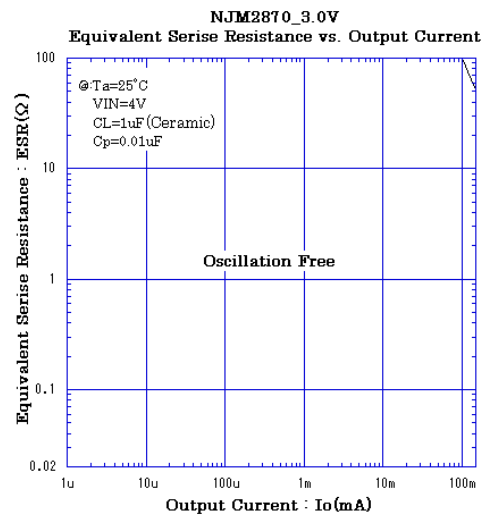
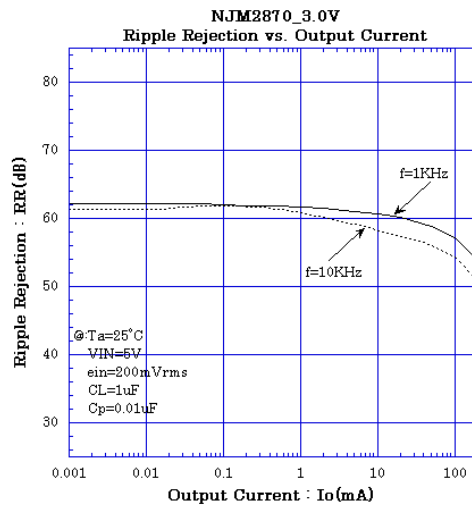
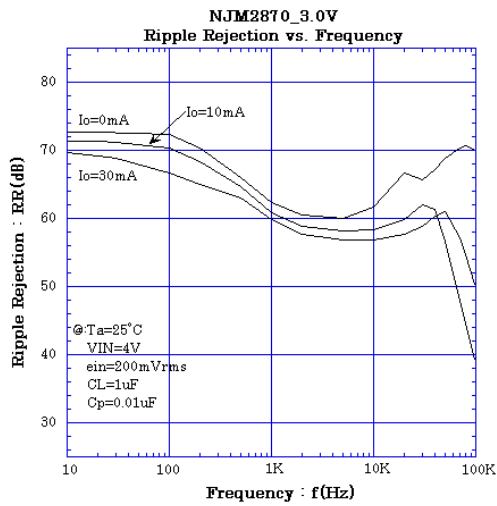
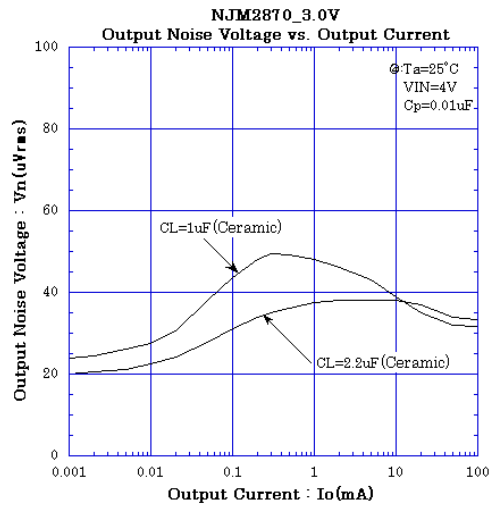
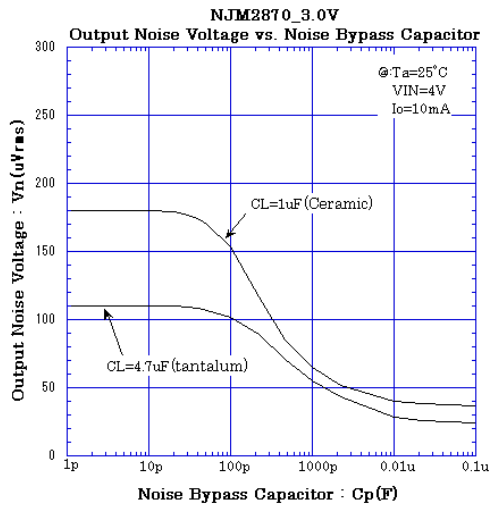
Use of smaller C_p value may cause oscillation.

Use the C_p value of 0.01µF greater to avoid the problem.

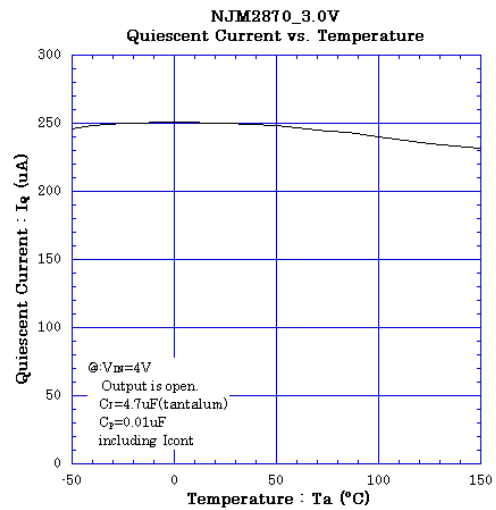
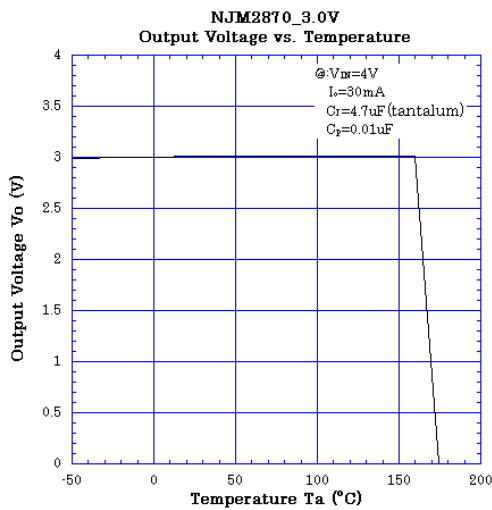
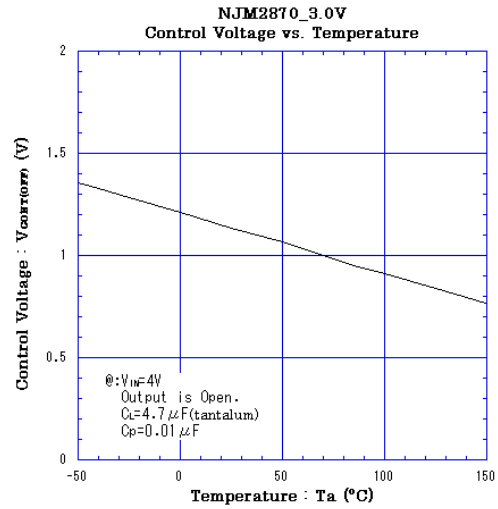
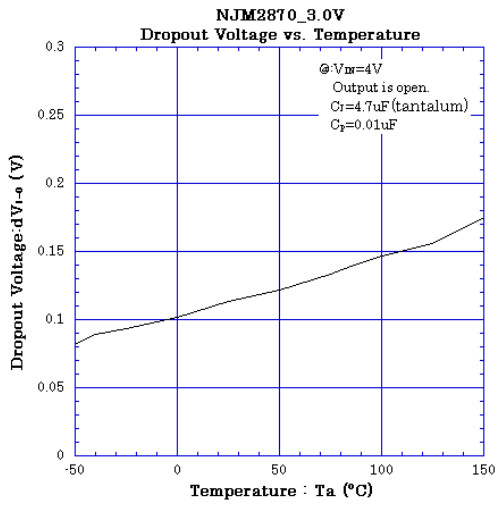
■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



[CAUTION]

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