

TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

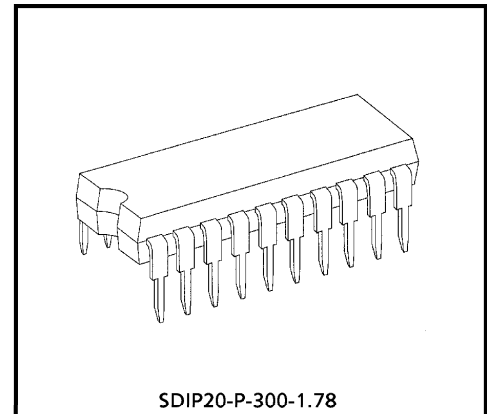
TA8700AN**PIF / SIF IC FOR TV / VTR****FEATURES**

PIF section

- RF-Pre Amp. less by high input sensitivity
- 3-Stage IF amplifier with variable gain
- High-Speed response AGC with dual time constants
- Single end AFT output with defeat function
- Delayed RF AGC output (Reverse AGC)
- Output with white / black noise inverter
- Output without white / black noise inverter
- Video mute switch

SIF section

- 3-stage limiter amplifier
- Quadrature-type detection circuit
- Use of a ceramic discriminator device makes the SIF circuit adjustment-free
- Sound mute switch



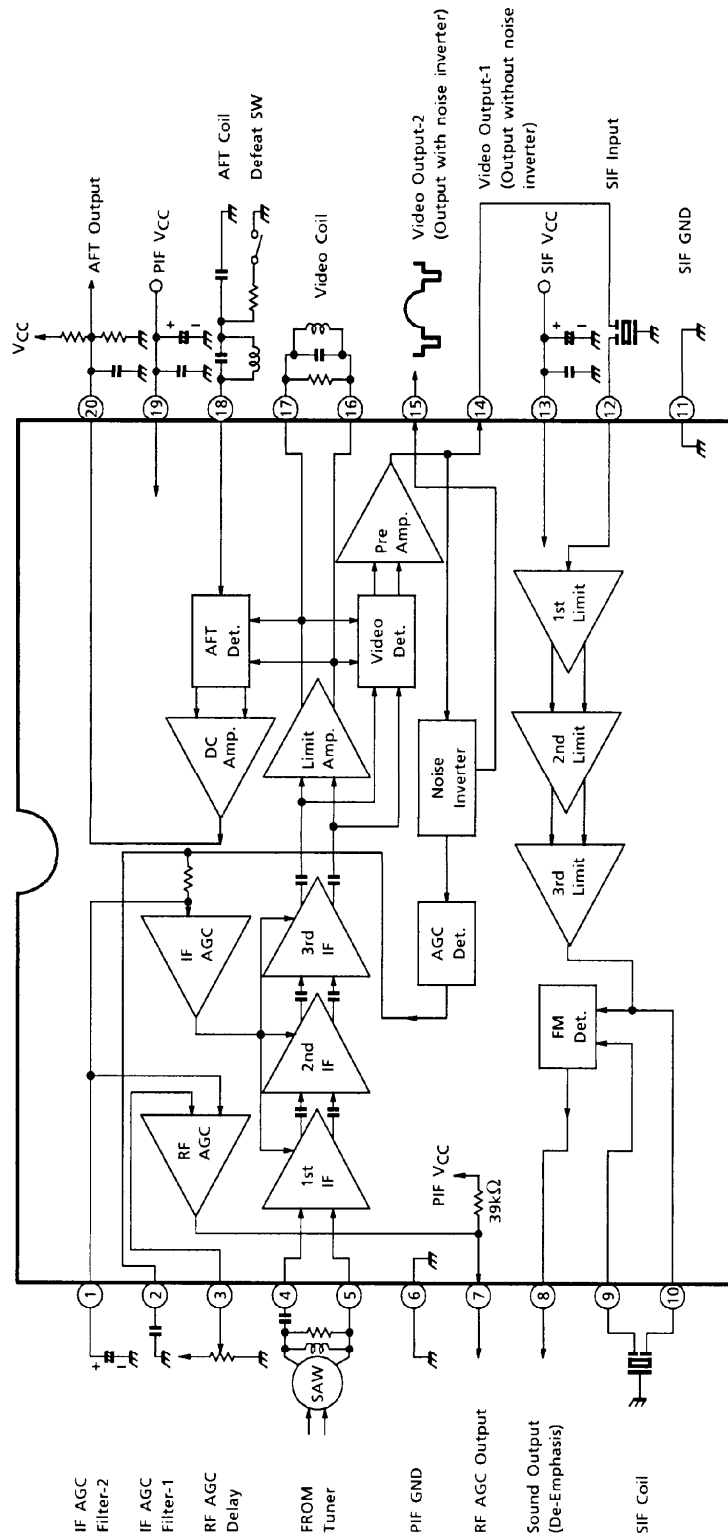
SDIP20-P-300-1.78

Weight : 1.02g (Typ.)

961001EBA2

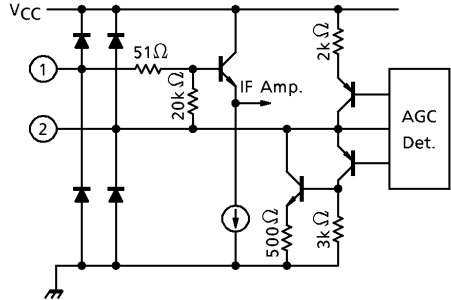
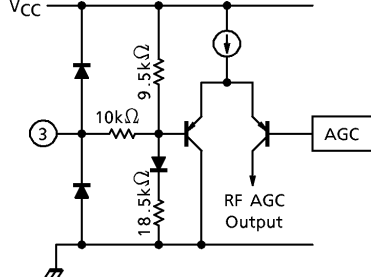
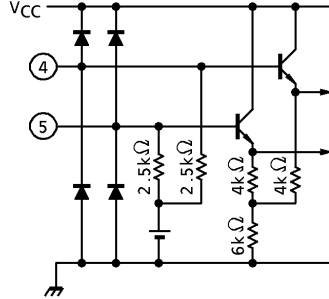
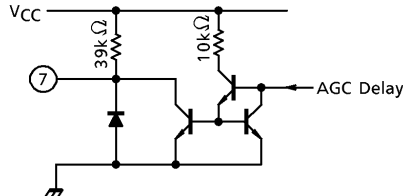
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BLOCK DIAGRAM

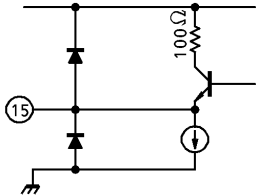
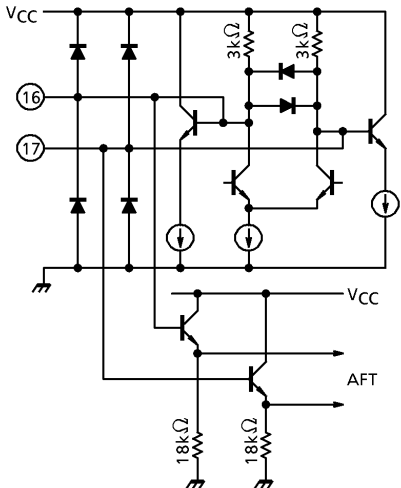
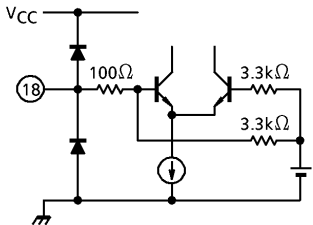
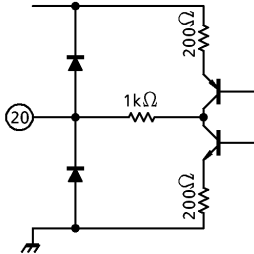


TA8700AN-2(B4)

TERMINAL FUNCTION

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
1 2	AGC Filter	This filter is a dual time constant system to speed up AGC. By connecting the primary filter terminal of pin 2 to GND, the picture muting is executed.	
3	AGC Delay	This terminal adjusts the delay point of RF AGC by varying the reference voltage of comparator.	
4 5	PIF Input	This is an input terminal of PIF signal using an emitter follower. The input impedance is typical 2.5kΩ, 4pF.	
6	PIF GND	GND pin for the PIF amplifier. Connect a capacitor between pins 19 and 6.	-
7	RF AGC Output	Output pin for RF-AGC supplied to the tuner. (A 39kΩ resistor is connected internally between pin 7 and the internal power supply pin.)	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
8	FM Det Output (De-emphasis)	This is an output terminal of FM detector circuit. (Supply this signal to the de-emphasis circuit.)	
9 10	SIF Coil	This terminal connects FM detector Coil. Use of a ceramic discriminator device makes the SIF circuit adjustment-free. By connecting pin 9 to GND, the Audio muting is executed.	
11	SIF GND	GND pin for the SIF amplifier. Connect a capacitor between pins 13 and 11.	—
12	SIF Input	Limiter amplifier input terminal.	
13	SIF VCC	VCC pin for the SIF amplifier. Connect a capacitor between pins 11 and 13.	—
14	Video signal Output-1 (N.I. OFF)	This is an output terminal of Video output. By Connecting Pin 2 to GND, a muting is executed. Output signal supplied to the sound IF (SIF) circuit. (Example for diversity antenna circuit.)	

PIN No.	PIN NAME	FUNCTION	INTERFACE CIRCUIT
15	Video signal Output-2 (N.I. ON)	This is an output terminal of video output. By connecting pin 2 to GND, a muting is executed.	
16 17	Video Coil	This terminal connects video detector Coil.	
18	AFT Coil	Supply a control signal by signal end. This method is that the phase difference is treated as current and voltage is converted by an external resistor. There-fore, this can be connected to AFT using only one pin. By connecting a resistor of 5.1kΩ to GND, an AFT defeat can be executed.	
19	PIF VCC	VCC pin for the PIF amplifier. Connect a capacitor between pins 6 and 19.	—
20	AFT Output	This is an output terminal of AFT.	

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	15	V
Power Dissipation	P _D (Note)	1.2	W
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	- 20~65	°C
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	- 55~150	°C

(Note) When using the device at above Ta = 25°C, decrease the power dissipation by 9.6mW for each increase of 1°C.

RECOMMENDED SUPPLY VOLTAGE

PIN No.	PIN NAME	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
13	PIF V _{CC}	8.1	9.0	9.9	V
19	SIF V _{CC}	8.1	9.0	9.9	V

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, V_{CC} = 9V, Ta = 25°C)

CHARACTERISTIC		SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply Current		I _{CC}	1	—	28	38	48	mA
Terminal Voltage	Pin 3	V ₃	1	SW ₂ : b	5.7	6.2	6.7	V
	Pin 4	V ₄		—	3.5	4.0	4.5	
	Pin 5	V ₅		—	3.5	4.0	4.5	
	Pin 7	V ₇ (1)		SW ₁ : a, SW ₂ : c	8.8	—	—	
		V ₇ (2)		SW ₁ : b, SW ₂ : a	—	—	0.5	
	Pin 8	V ₈		SW ₃ : b	3.3	3.9	4.5	
	Pin 9	V ₉		SW ₃ : a	2.2	2.7	3.2	
	Pin 10	V ₁₀		—	3.2	3.7	4.2	
	Pin 12	V ₁₂		—	2.5	3.0	3.5	
	Pin 14	V ₁₄		—	4.2	4.7	5.2	
	Pin 15	V ₁₅		—	4.2	4.7	5.2	
	Pin 16	V ₁₆		—	5.8	6.3	6.8	
	Pin 17	V ₁₇		—	5.8	6.3	6.8	
	Pin 18	V ₁₈		SW ₄ : a	2.3	2.8	3.3	
Pin 20	V ₂₀	SW ₄ : b	2.5	4.0	5.5			

AC CHARACTERISTICS (Unless otherwise specified, $V_{CC} = 9V$, $T_a = 25^\circ C$)
PIF section (When using the specified video coil)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Sensitivity	V_{in} MIN	2	(Note 1)	36	41	46	$dB_{\mu V}$
Maximum Input Level	V_{in} MAX	2	(Note 2)	100	110	—	$dB_{\mu V}$
IF AGC Range	ΔA	2	—	50	62	—	dB
Differential Gain	DG	3	(Note 3)	—	—	8	%
Differential Phase	DP			—	—	6	°
No-signal Output Level	V_{14}, V_{15}	2	(Note 4)	4.0	4.6	5.2	V
Sync. Tip Level	V_{SYNC}	2	(Note 5)	2.0	2.3	2.6	V
Video Output Amplitude	V_{OUT}	2	(Note 6)	1.7	2.0	2.3	V_{p-p}
White Noise Inverter Level	V_{WTH}	2	(Note 7)	—	5.0	—	V
White Noise Clamp Level	V_{WCL}			—	3.8	—	
Black Noise Inverter Level	V_{BTH}			0.9	1.2	1.5	
Black Noise Clamp Level	V_{BCL}			3.2	3.5	3.8	
Carrier Wave Rejection Ratio	C_L	4	(Note 8)	40	—	—	dB
Harmonic Rejection Ratio	I_{2nd}	4	(Note 9)	40	—	—	dB
AFT Sensitivity	$\Delta F / \Delta V$	2	(Note 10)	—	20	30	kHz / V
AFT Output Voltage	Min.	2	—	—	0.1	0.5	V
	Max.			V_L	V_U	8.4	
Intermodulation	I_{920}	4	(Note 11)	30	38	—	dB

SIF section (When using the specified SIF coil)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR-CUIT	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
FM Detector Output Level	V_{OD}	5	(Note 12)	350	550	750	mV_{rms}
Limiting Sensitivity	V_{INLIM}	5	(Note 13)	—	40	50	$dB_{\mu V}$
AM Suppression Ratio	AMR	5	(Note 14)	40	—	—	dB
–3dB Bandwidth	$\pm \Delta f_G$	5	(Note 15)	60	80	—	kHz
Distortion Bandwidth	$\pm \Delta f_D$	5	(Note 16)	50	70	—	kHz

TEST CONDITIONS

(Note 1) Input sensitivity

PIF input (Pin 4) : $f_o = 58.75\text{MHz}$, $f_m = 15.75\text{kHz}$, 30% AM, $84\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$.
 Gradually reduce the input level. Measure the input level when the detection output at video output (Pin 15-a) will be -3dB .

(Note 2) Maximum input level

PIF input (Pin 4) : Input same as Note 1.
 Gradually raise the input level. Measure the input level when the detection output at video output (Pin 15-a) is at the noise inverter threshold.

(Note 3) Differential gain / Differential phase

PIF input (Pin 4) : $f_o = 58.75\text{MHz}$, Standard television signal ($V/S = 10 : 4$ ramp waveform),
 87.5% AM, $84\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$.
 IF AGC = Free.

Measure the differential gain and differential phase with a vector scope. (Pin 15-b)

(Note 4) No-signal output level

PIF input (Pin 4) : No input. 2nd AGC terminal (Pin 1) : GND, Measure DC voltage at video output (Pin 15-a).

(Note 5) Sync. Tip level

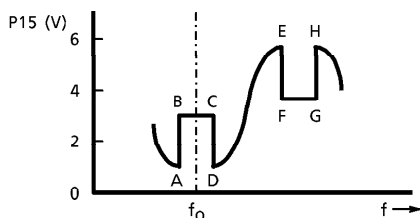
PIF input (Pin 4) : Input same as Note 3. Measure Sync. Tip DC voltage at video output (Pin 15-b).

(Note 6) Video output amplitude

PIF input (Pin 4) : Input same as Note 3. Measure amplitude level at video output (Pin 15-b).

(Note 7) Noise inverter

PIF input (Pin 4) : $f_o = 57\sim 65\text{MHz}$ (Sweep Signal), $84\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$.
 Connect monitor scope to video output (Pin 15-b).
 Measure the 2nd AGC terminal (Pin 1) voltage and fix the terminal to that voltage using the external power supply.
 Then, 2nd AGC Voltage variable when a waveform like that in the accompanying diagram is output.



- AP : Black Noise Inverter Level.
- BC : Black Noise Clamp Level.
- EH : White Noise Inverter Level.
- FG : White Noise Clamp Level.

(Note 8) Carrier wave rejection ratio

PIF input (Pin 4) : $f_o = 58.75\text{MHz}$, $f_m = 15.75\text{kHz}$, 78% AM, $84\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$.

Add the voltage 2nd AGC terminal (Pin 1), So that the video output (Pin 15-b) can be $2V_{p-p}$.

Calculate the following equation by setting the modulation to 「0」 and measuring the output carrier level.

$$C_L = 20 \log \frac{2.0}{V_{MOD} \text{「0」} (V_{p-p})} \text{ [dB]}$$

(Note 9) Harmonic rejection ratio

Measure as is Note 8, above, and calculate the secondary harmonic level (117.5MHz component) at video output (Pin 15-b).

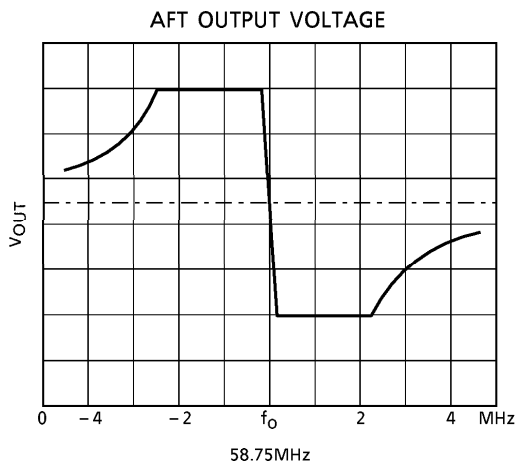
(Note 10) AFT sensitivity

PIF input (Pin 4) : $f_o = 58.75\text{MHz}$, $84\text{dB}\mu\text{V}$, CW.

Input the above signal and adjust the AFT coil so that the AFT output pin (Pin 20) voltage is 4.5V.

Measure the output voltage differential (ΔV) of the AFT output pin when the frequency is raised by 20kHz. Then, calculate the ratio using the following formula.

$$\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta V} = \frac{20}{\Delta V} \text{ [kHz/V]}$$



(Note 11) Intermodulation

PIF input (Pin 4) : Input the following composite signals to the PIF input.

- (1) SG1 : 58.75MHz (P) 84dB μ V
- (2) SG2 : 54.25MHz (S) 74dB μ V
- (3) SG3 : 55.17MHz (C) 74dB μ V

Monitor the video output (Pin 15-b) detection output waveform. Apply external voltage to the 2nd AGC terminal (Pin 1) So that the waveform's lowest level matches the sync. Tip level.

Using a spectrum analyzer, measure the difference between the level of the chroma signal component and 920kHz signal component.

(Note 12) FM detection output level

SIF input (Pin 12) : $f_o = 4.5\text{MHz}$, $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$, 25kHz / devi, 100dB μ V.

Measure the sound detection output of the sound output terminal (Pin 8).

(Note 13) Limiting sensitivity

SIF input (Pin 12) : Input same as Note 12. Gradually reduce the input signal. Measure the input level when the sound detection output of the sound output terminal (Pin 8) will be -3dB.

(Note 14) AM Suppression ratio

SIF input (Pin 12) : $f_o = 4.5\text{MHz}$, 84dB μ V.

Measure the sound detection output level of the sound output terminal (Pin 8) when the above signals are modulated as follows. Calculate The ratio.

- (1) AM modulation : $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$, 30%
- (2) FM modulation : $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$, 25kHz / devi

$$\text{AMR} = 20 \log \left(\frac{\text{with FM modulation (mV}_{\text{rms}})}{\text{with AM modulation (mV}_{\text{rms}})} \right) [\text{dB}]$$

(Note 15) -3dB bandwidth

SIF input (Pin 12) : $f_o = 4.5\text{MHz}$, $f_m = 400\text{Hz}$, 7.5kHz / devi, 100dB μ V.

- (1) f_{AFh} : Gradually raise the frequency. Measure the input frequency when the sound detection output of the sound output terminal will be -3dB.
- (2) f_{AFl} : Gradually lower the frequency. Measure the input frequency when the sound detection output of the sound output terminal will be -3dB.

$$\text{-3dB bandwidth} = (f_{\text{AFh}} - f_{\text{AFl}}) [\text{kHz}]$$

(Note 16) Distortion bandwidth (1.5%)

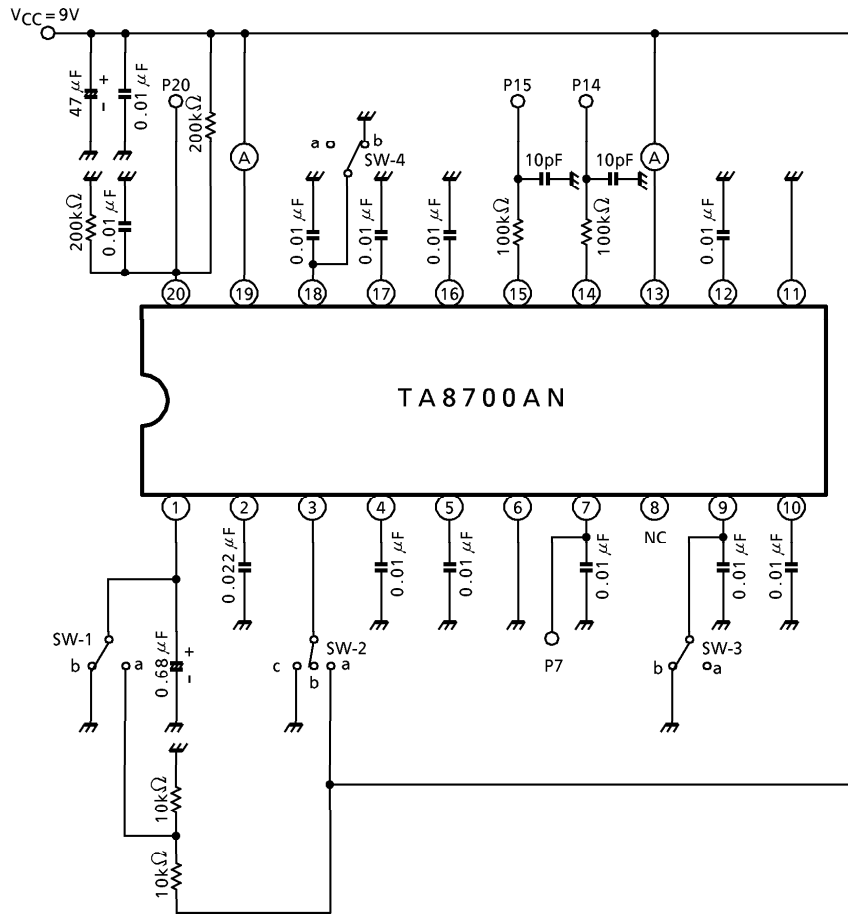
SIF input (Pin 12) : Input same as Note 15.

- (1) f_{DAFh} : Gradually raise the frequency. Measure the Input frequency when the sound distortion ratio of the sound output terminal will be 1.5%.
- (2) f_{DAFl} : Gradually lower the frequency. Measure the input frequency when the sound distortion ratio of the sound output terminal will be 1.5%.

$$\text{Distortion bandwidth} = (f_{\text{DAFh}} - f_{\text{DAFl}}) [\text{kHz}]$$

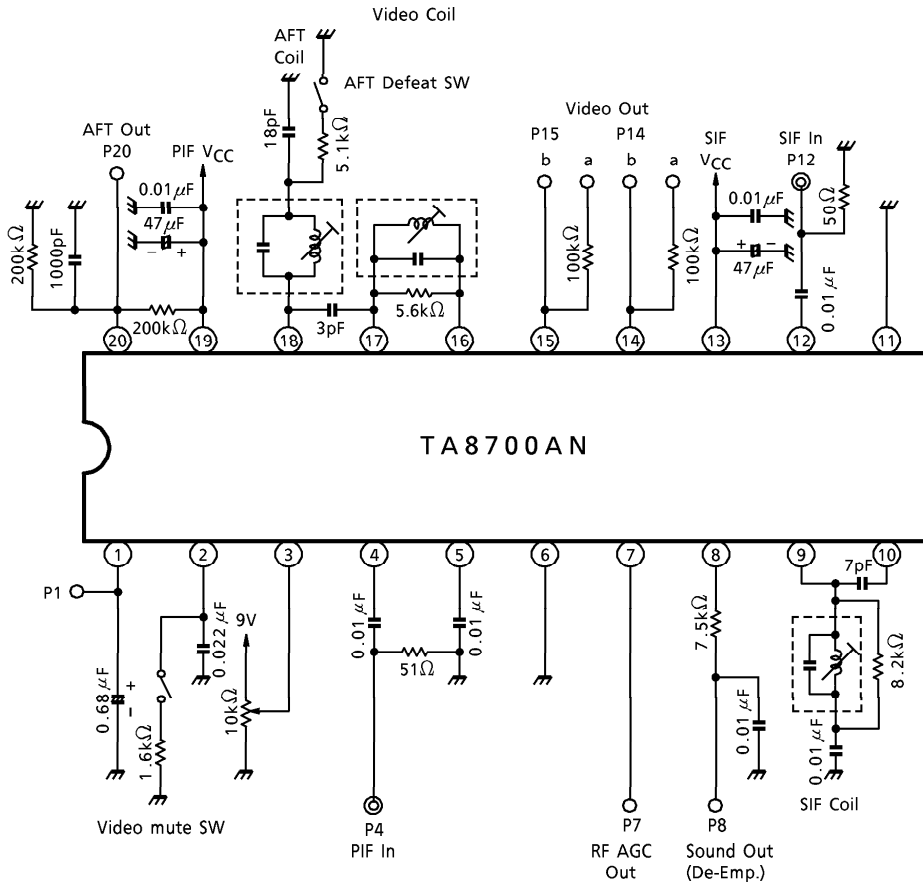
TEST CIRCUIT 1

DC characteristic



TEST CIRCUIT 2

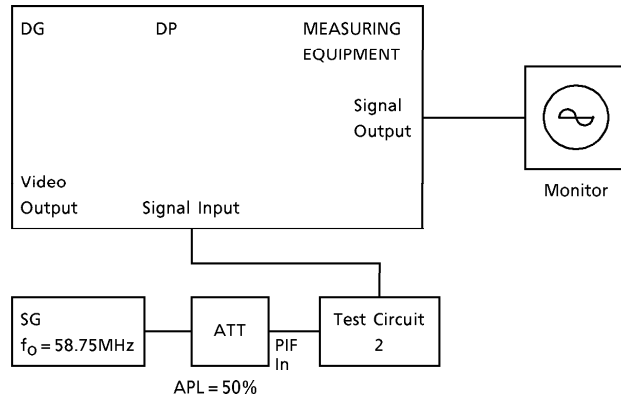
AC characteristic



COIL	JAPAN	USA
VIDEO	TRF1060D	TRF1066
AFT	TRF1059D	TRF1066
SIF	TRF6010D	TRF6010D

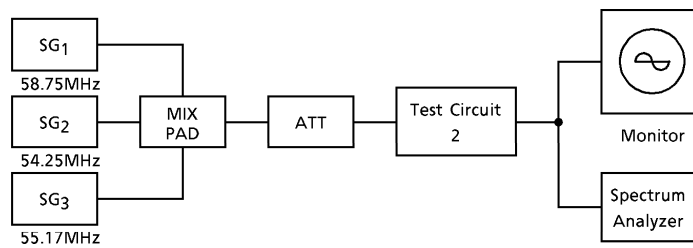
TEST CIRCUIT 3

DG / DP



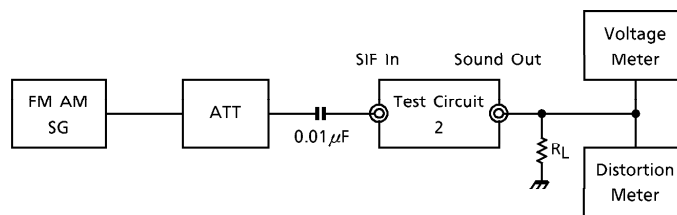
TEST CIRCUIT 4

Carrier wave rejection ratio, harmonic rejection ratio and intermodulation

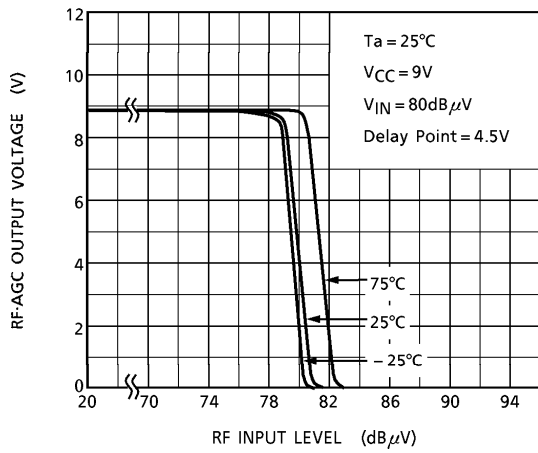


TEST CIRCUIT 5

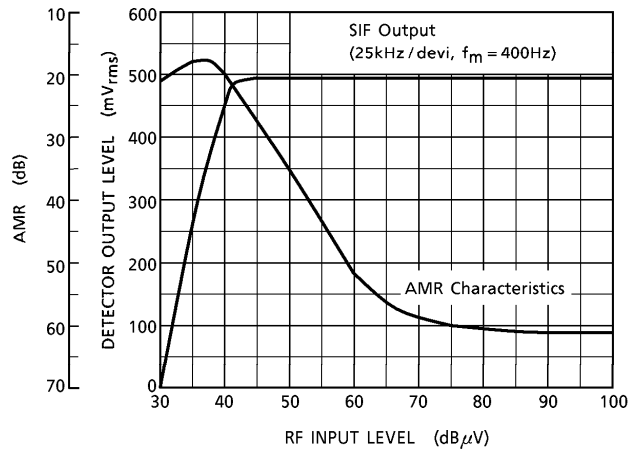
V_{IN} (LIM), AMR, V_{OD} , Δf_G , Δf_D



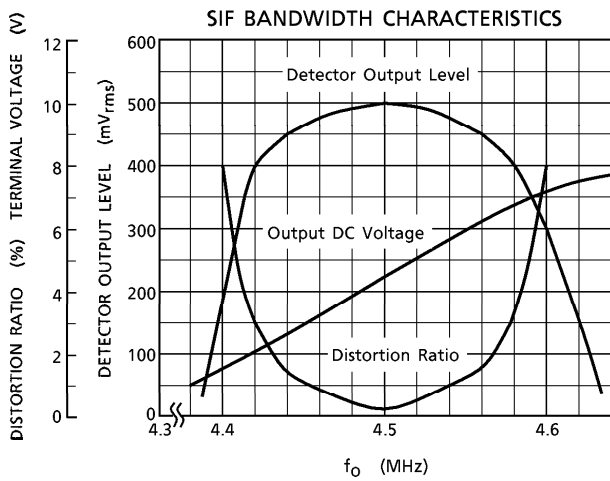
RF-AGC DELAY POINT TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS



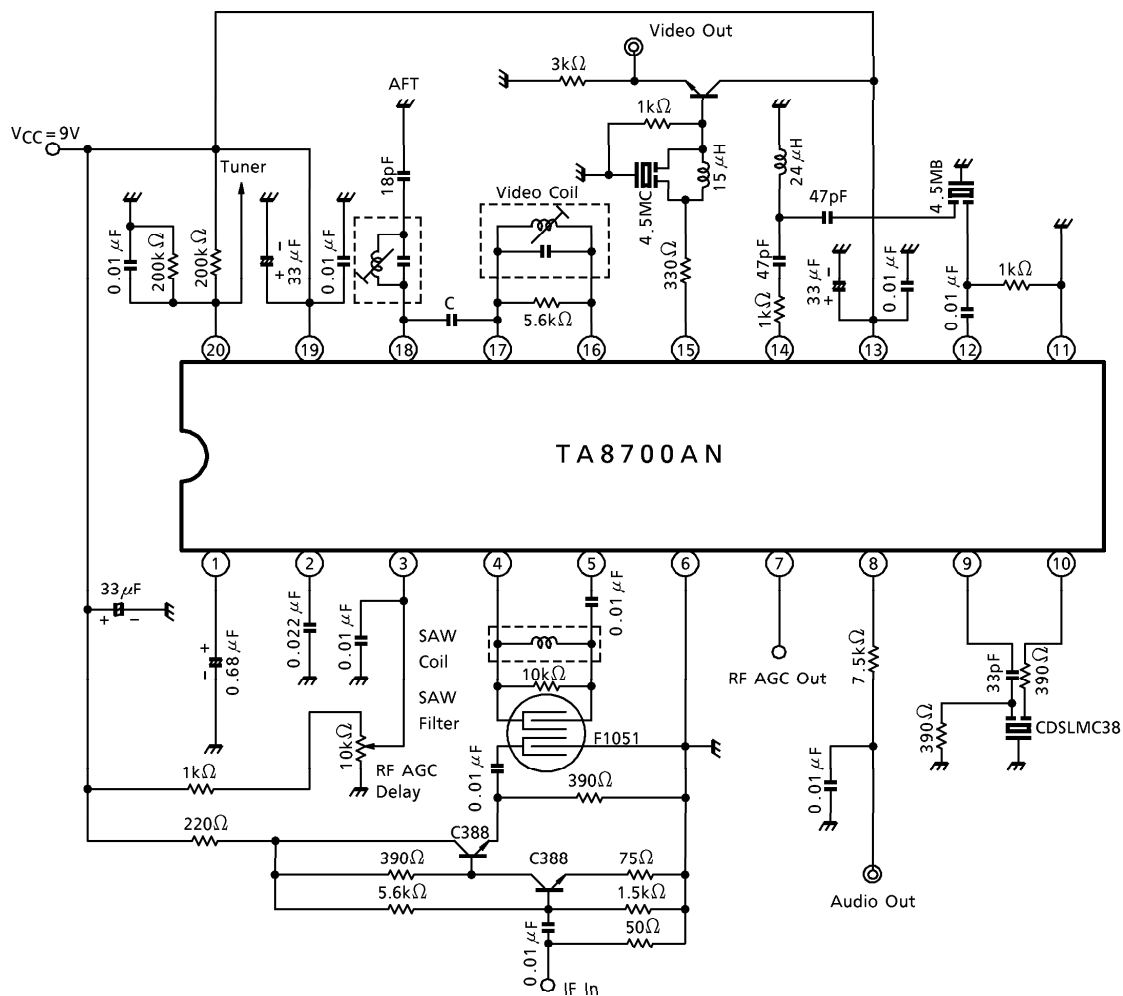
SIF / AMR CHARACTERISTICS



SIF BANDWIDTH CHARACTERISTICS



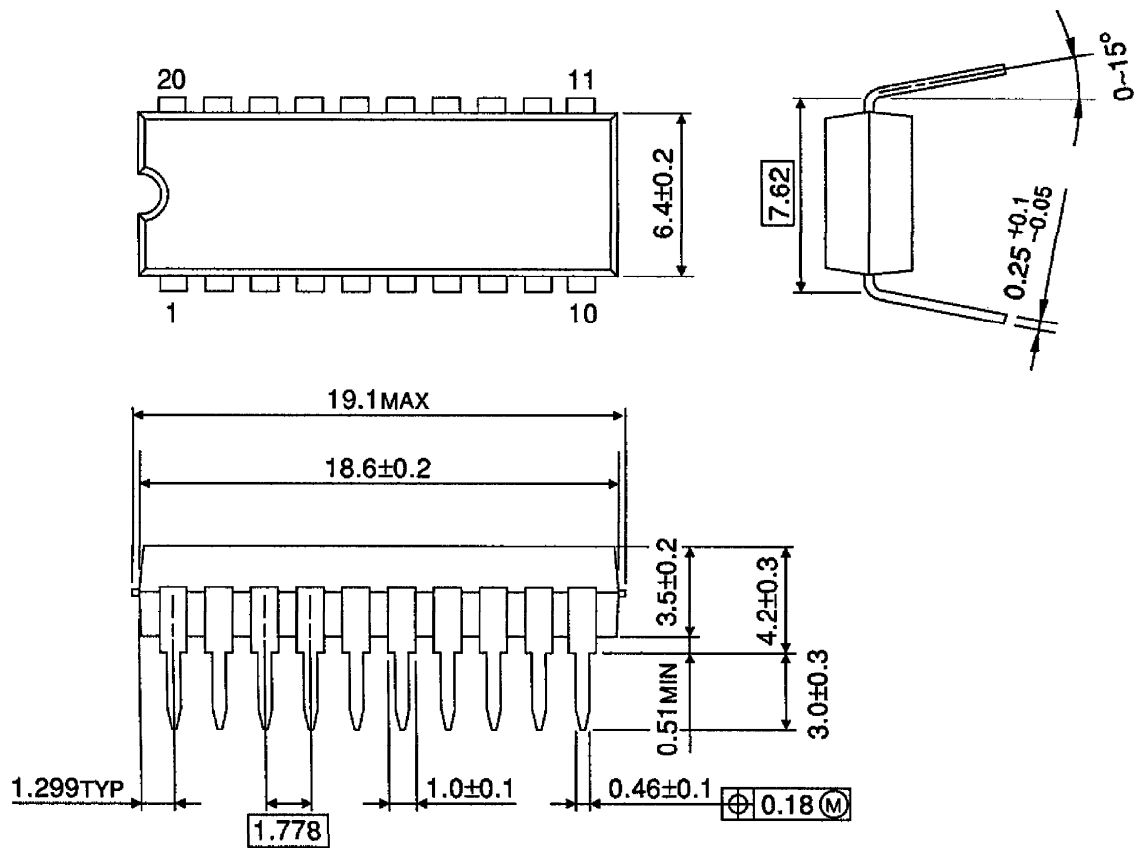
APPLICATION CIRCUIT



COIL	USA	JAPAN
SAW	TRF1070	TRF1058
VIDEO	TRF1066	TRF1060D
AFT	TRF1066	TRF1059D
SIF	TRF6010D	TRF6010D

OUTLINE DRAWING
SDIP20-P-300-1.78

Unit : mm



Weight : 1.02g (Typ.)